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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIII NO. 124 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1935 EIGHTEEN PAGES

Mussolini Says 'No' For Fourth Time!

Abyssinian Crisis Defies Solution

'IL DUCE' ON WAR PATH

Better To Be Lion For Five Days Than Be Sheep For Thirty He Declares

MUSSOLINI REJECTS PEACE PROPOSALS

(Special Cable)

GENEVA May. 24.

An unsatisfactory reply has been received from Sgr. Mussolini to the latest attempt to end the Italo Abyssinian deadlock. The proposal was the fourth submitted to him drawn up by Capt. Anthoy Eden, M. Laval and Baron Aloisi.

Sgr. Mussolini still objects to certain points. It is feared that negotiations will now extend over the week-end. M. Laval goes to paris to-morrow, but probably will return on Monday.

WHAT THE 'DUCE WON'T ACCEPT.

Three Points Britain Considers Is Minimum

GENEVA, May 24.

The three points in the proposed solution of the Italo-Abyssinian deadlock to which Sgr. Mussolini objects, are:

Firstly, reference to the whole of Article V of the Italo-Abyssinian treaty of 1928 which provides for arbitration and particularly "that there should be no recourse to force."

Secondly, fixing a time-limit for conciliation procedure;

Thirdly, fixing another meeting of the Council if the conciliation procedure does not succeed in the given time.

The Italian Government submitted counter-proposals which were considered entirely inadequate.

It is authoritatively stated that the British Government would not be satisfied with anything less the acceptance of the three points already laid down which are regarded as the minimum.—Reuter's Special.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED

GENEVA, May 24

No definite agreement has been reached at the meeting between Capt. Anthony Eden, M. Laval and Baron Aloisi regarding the Italo-Abyssinian dispute. The position is regarded as more hopeful and, according to M. Laval who has postponed his return to Paris, a settlement will be reached. It is understood that the conditions that Britain, as a member of the League, considers as the absolute minimum are not yet accepted by Italy. The Council meeting has been adjourned until 17-00 hours.—Reuter.

THE 'DUCE' TALKS OF WAR AGAIN

"Better Lion For Five Days Than Sheep For Thrity

(Special Cable)

ROME, May 24.

"Nobody in Italy or abroad must mistakenly thing that we shall not circumspect before taking a decision; but once that is taken we march direct." This hint at the Italo-Abyssinian parleys at Geneva was thrown out, said Sgr. Mussolini addressing the ex-servicers on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of Italy's entry into the war In the presence of the King and Crown Prince the 'Duce' declared: "Our gospel is better five days as lion than thirty days as sheep."

PESHAWAR'S OVATION TO FRONTIER LEADER

Peshawar City turned up 'en masse' to accord a hearty welcome to Dr. Khan Saheb, M.L.A., the Frontier leader, who, owing to his imprisonment in connection with the Civil Disobedience Movement, had been absent from the Province for the past three years. Photo at the left shows a trumpeter riding on a camel ahead of the procession announcing to the city's populace the arrival of Dr. Khan Saheb. Photo at the right shows Dr. Khan Saheb in his car just below the arch put up near Hasting's Memorial.

One of the numerous forms in which popular rejoicings at the arrival of the Frontier leader manifested themselves was a Lakhtai dance held in front of Dr. Khan Saheb's car throughout the progress of the procession.

Parliament Cannot Interfere

Jt. Committee Report On Western Australia's Petition For Secession

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON May. 24.

The Joint Committee of the Houses of Lords and Commons appointed to consider the petition of Western Australia reported that the petition should not be received, in as much as the petiton asks for legislative action, which they consider would be constitutionally incompetent for Parliament to take, except upon a definite request of the Commonwealth.

The Jt. Committee was presided over by Lord Goschen, Ex-Governor of Madras. The issue was the application of Western Australia for secession from the Commonwealth of Australia. In the first meeting, Lord Goschen, presiding, announced the Committee was not dealing with the merits of the petition, but the constitutional point as to whether the British Parliament could receive the petition itself.

Brig. Gen. J. H. Morgan, appearing on behalf of Parliament and contended that the right of petition to Parliament was co-extensive with the jurisdiction of Parliament. The people of Western Australia were determined to secede from the Commonwealth and obtain responsible Government for themselves as a self-governing dominion liberated from, what they regarded, not only political subjection, but oppression under the Commonwealth. The historic basis of this right of petition was that the Parliament would always entertain a petition where no other means of redress was available.

The verdict of the Jt. Committee is of considerable constitutional importance to India, in view of the federal issue involved.

SAVE 'FRANC' CAMPAIGN

French Premier Demands Dictatorial Powers For Govt.

PARIS, May 24.

A very close struggle is expected in the Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday when M. Flandin and the Cabinet will demand dictatorial powers to defend the franc. Radicals will support the Premier who has reached complete agreement with their undisputed leader, M. Herriot. Meantime, the newspapers of the Right and conducting a vigorous campaign against granting the powers and consider the demand as being responsible for the result of the municipal elections where there was a strong swing to the left. Confidence is expressed in official circles that France is fully capable of maintaining the franc at the present level.

"Matin" shows that cover for note issue is still about 100 per cent and that for all obligations about 80 per cent.—Reuter's Special.

CONGRESS AND DELIMITATION

Bhulabhai Explains Congress Attitude

MADRAS, May 24.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai interviewed by a representative of the "Hindu" at Ooty declared that nothing precluded Congressmen from serving on the Delimitation Committee. Its membership was not in the nature of accepting office, nor did it carry any emoluments with it. But, he added, there was no point in being members of a nominated body, where their number was meagre and where they would not have an effective voice.—A.P.

MADRAS DELIMITATION COMMITTEE

MADRAS, May 24.

It is understood that the Delimitation Committee consists of fourteen members, mostly belonging to the Legislature. It includes Mr. Muthiah Mudaliar, ex-Minister, Chairman, Sir A. P. Patro and Dr. Subbaroyan, members.

RUKMANI DECLINES IT WITH THANKS

MADRAS, May 24.

Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipathi, who was recently elected to the Madras Legislature in the bye-election from the City, has received an invitation from the Government asking her to serve on the sub-committee which would be set up to consider special problems concerning women voters and to report their views to the Committee on the Delimitation of Constituencies.

It is understood that she has replied regretting her inability to serve on the Committee.—A.P.

NOT TO WORK, BUT TO WRECK

CALICUT, May 24.

The Ponani Political Conference held at Guruvayur has passed a resolution stating that the elected Congress candidates to Councils should not accept ministry but should remain in Opposition and wreck the Constitution.—A.P.

HEAT WAVE AT MASULIPATAM

MASULIPATAM, May 24.

The town has been suffering from sweltering heat for the last five days. Several deaths have occurred from heat-stroke.—A.P.

MODERN RIVAL TO TAJ MAHAL

Jaipur Maharaja's Nine Million Palace

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The "Daily Express" publishes the following:—

How would you set about furnishing a new £9,000,000 palace?

This is how the Maharajah of Jaipur—ruler of the largest State in Central India with a population of two and a half million—is tackling the job:—

He came to London a fortnight ago for the Jubilee, and now that most of the celebrations are over he is visiting the leading stores, and selecting the best and most expensive pieces of furniture for despatch to Jaipur.

TAJ MAHAL'S RIVAL.

The new palace is built entirely of marble—a modern rival to the ancient Taj Mahal of Agra.

The palace has more than 1,000 doors and 3,500 windows. The kitchens are installed with electric cookers.

"Vayn Prasada," or "The Gift of the Air," is the symbolical name of the palace.

The ruling family of Jaipur claim to be descended from the sun god, and all its members and their homes are named so as to indicate their solar origin. According to the Hindus, air is the next of kin to the sun.

Mr. G. W. Kyte, Assistant Transportation Superintendent of the M.S.M. Railway, who was admitted to the Perambur Railway Hospital, died on Friday. He was suffering from effects of a heatstroke.

NATHDWARA CASE TO BE WITHDRAWN

Sequel To Agreement With Jaipur Maharaja

(From A Correspondent).

BOMBAY, May 24.

Nandlal Sha, the constituted Attorney of H. H. the Maharaja Damodarlalji of Nathdwara and Munnalal who have specially been deputed from Nathdwara State to withdraw the sensational Nathdwara Case, pending before the Bombay High Court, have arrived in Bombay. An urgent application was made by Messrs. Kamdar & Co., Solicitors to Hon. Justice Devatia for 'inter alia' withdrawing the suit instituted by H. H. Damoderlalji.

It will be remembered that this suit has been going on for two years and Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai, Jinnah and Jayakar appeared for H. H. Damoderlalji.

As the final settlement as been reached between the Maharana of Udaipur and Damoderlalji hence *all cases instituted by H. H.* Damoderlalji are being withdrawn. *But it is understood* that Mr. Patwari Ranchorlal *Guardian of the deities of Srinathji* and Navnitpriyaji is not *withdrawing the counter claim.*

Cambridge University vs. Nottingamshire:—Match ended in draw. Notts 345 and 249 (Sime 53 not out, Roughtrought 7 for 100). Cambridge University 405 (Wooller 53 not out).

Hampshire vs. South Africans—South Africans won by 110 runs. South Africans 304 and 248 (Dameron 74, Herman four for 53). Hants 197 and 245 (Arnold 79, Balaskas 4 for 45).—Reuter's Special.

TRAVEL BY AIR OR SEA

Agreement Between Air And Ship Companies

(Special Cable).

AMSTERDAM, May 24.

Agreement, coming into effect on June 1, concluded between the group of British and Dutch shp-owners and Imperial Airways and K.L.M. (Dutch Airline) for closer co-operation in regard to passenger transport between Europe, Far East and Australia, provides that travellers be allowed to travel partly by air and partly sea or go out by air and return by sea subject to adjustments of fare.

NO WHEAT QUOTAS

Proposal Before Conference In London

(Special Cable).

LONDON, May 24.

The wheat conference which has been meeting in London for the last few days is considering a series of recommendations for submission to Government.

The signatories of the wheat agreement are believed to be in favour of continuation of the broad framework of the wheat agreement with the continuance of the existing advisory committee but without any quotas being fixed for Argentine, Australia, Canada and the United States. At the same time it is possible that France may agree to provisional quota to come in force only if and when the other countries arrive at the quota agreement.

TARIFF BOARD INQUIRY

To Examine Classification Of Paper For Purpose Of Protection

SIMLA, May 24.

The Government of India announce their decision to ask the Tariff Board to examine the classification of paper for tariff purposes with a view to recommending such changes as may be considered necessary, to give effect to the intentions of the Legislature in granting protection to printing and writing papers under the Bamboo Paper Industry Protection Act of 1932. Firms and persons interested should address the Tariff Board.—A.P.

POPE CONDEMNS EUGENICS

Sterilisation Would Lead To Paganism, He Says

(Special Cable)

VATICAN CITY, May 24.

The Pope has roundly condemned eugenics and sterilisation when receiving representatives of Hospitals Congress which is meeting in Rome, attended by delegates from 30 nations. He regretted that the subject figured in the Congress programme and still more so when the delegates stated that every country will soon be following Germany's example regarding sterilisation.

The Pope hoped that this would never happen for if it did it would mean that the world would return to horrors of ancient paganism which had produced beauty in its art but in its social life was entirely immoral.

RUSH OF AIR RECRUITS

London Centre Besieged By Aspirants In Response To Appeal

LONDON, May 24.

The big air expansion push is now in full swing. Although the Air Ministry appeal was issued only yesterday, recruiting centres in London are besieged by aspirants and the first draft of men has been sent to West Drayton recruiting depot within an hour or two. The application of stringency tests has been in no way relaxed and officials express astonishment at the ready response to the appeal. Further recruiting depots are to be opened in the provinces.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

European young lady, Ph.D., good-looking, no fortune, wants educated Indian husband, good-looking, age 35-45, write Box No. 4252, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

An Agency Inspector wanted on Rs. 30, 5, 50 plus T.A., by a respectable Industrial Insurance Office. Candidates must have organisation capacity. Security required. Apply to Box No. 4259, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Organisers on Rs. 150 to organise sale of our Soap. Perfumeries and toilet productions. Apply with postage, Howrah Chemical Works, 161, Khurut Road, Howrah. (4251).

Wanted a fast shorthand typist with excellent knowledge of English must be efficient. Apply Sharp Gandharva Cinetone, next to Byculla Post Office, Byculla. (4255).

Wanted a Lecturer in English in the grade of 125—10—2—200 A First Class M. A. with experience of teaching will be preferred. Apply to Principal, Rajaram College, Kolhapur, before 8th June. (4125).

Wanted for a progressive Indian Life Office of 21 years' standing Agents and Agency Organizers in all the Districts of Central and Southern Divisions of Bombay Presidency on handsome remuneration. Educated men with local influence, capable of organizing and producing substantial business may apply atonce stating age, connection, past experience and record, and First Year's expectations. Apply to Box No. 1120, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced Cashier and Accountant in an Attorneys Office. Apply stating terms and qualifications. Box No. 4250, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a rapid, accurate, Short-hand Typist, salary Rs. 40|- per month. South Indian preferred. Apply Post Box 3052, Bombay 3. (4235).

Wanted candidates. Lucrative ser-vice and income. New profession. Uncrowded field. Demand is great. Residence free. Prospectus on two anna stamps. Royal Institute, Sadar, Delhi. (4215).

Wanted a competent, experienced and Expert Weaving-Master for a big local mill and who is highly technically qualified and well conversant with the manufacture of fine and fancy goods. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 4234 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two graduates one strong in English, Sanskrit and History and other in English, Persian and History. Both for Std. VI & VII. B.T. or S.T.C. preferred. State age, experience and minimum pay. Apply to Box No. 1111. [redacted]

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

19 years' experienced Mechanic Motor Driver seeks employment, excellent testimonials, please write to Gopalsingh, c|o Y. M. C. A., Wode House Road, Bombay. (4254).

12. TO BE LET

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182, 186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Partics. Also Rooms at Sri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Sri Harisadan, near Prarthana Samaj Charni Road. Apply to Purshottam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23518. (4214).

To Be Let—A Decent Cottage with compound, with servant quarters, etc. Near Vile Parle Station. Rent Moderate. Apply Mr. Francis M. Gonsalves. Brick Merchant, Vile Parle. (4249).

Airy Flats, Keni Building, near Wadia Garden, Tram, Bus and Railway. Apply on spot. Telephone 60132. Plot No. 743, for Hindus, Parsi Colony, Dadar. Three rooms. (4245).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let—Decent Double Rooms (about 375 square feet with Verandahs) separate tap for vegetarian Hindus in "Rose Villa", Matunga (B.B.C.I.) 3 minutes walk from Station. Moderate rent. Inquire D. G. Gore, Mogul-Lane or 'Phone No. 20909. (4229).

44. MEDICAL.

For Birth Control Medicine inquire at Akberally, Fort, Bombay, and Perry & Co., Grant Road, Bombay. (4221).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Learn Hindi, Urdu, Shorthand-Typewriting. Fees for Complete Course: Rs. 10, 15, 20 respectively. Apply: Shri Radhamukund Institute, Khatau Building, near Majestic Cinema, Girgaon. (4253).

Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College—New Sessions begin 10 June. Four years' thorough standardized course as approved by All India Homoeopathic Medical Conference. Apply Registrar, Setna Building, Princess Street, Bombay. (4242).

There will be a few vacancies (for students) at the Bai Kabibai Boarding at Nasik from the beginning of the next College term in June. Free Boarding and Lodging will be provided to deserving and poor Hindu students. Preference will be given to Gujaratis. Apply stating the results of the last examination, with the number of marks obtained in each subject to the Trustees, Bai Kabibai Charity Trust, 26, Borah Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Engineering Institute, New Delhi, trains Non-matrics, Matrics, I.Sc.'s in Civil and Electrical Engineering, covering City and Guilds (London) Examinations, all Grades. Best results. Arrangements commended by Government officials. Prospectus free. (4178)

The City Homoeopathic Medical College (Regd.), Keshar Baugh, Vincent Road, Dadar, Bombay New session starts from 1st June on regulated scientific coaching by eminent staff. Apply immediately to avoid disappointment. (4174).

American Dental College.—Inten-sely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. (4108).

Admissions for Ajmer Interme-diate (recognised by Bombay University), Senior Cambridge December examination and for Punjab Matriculation begin from 1st of May, 1935. Those wishing to join should apply at once. Best coaching for all subjects. Latin classes started. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 371, Girgaum Back. (9173).

Wanted candidates for Electrical Engineering Classes. Hostel available. Apply to:—British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind.) (4232).

Rapid and Practical courses of Training for Responsible posts and employment in Commercial offices or in independent business. Success guaranteed. Help given for securing employment or joining some business. Classes begin from First June. Prospectus Free. Apply The Principal, Cieco Educational Service, Bombay No. 3. (4246).

73. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Chief Agents in all Dis-tricts and Principal Towns on a monthly salary of Rs. 100|- in addition to commission. For particulars apply with two anna stamps to:—Ramprasad & Co., Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay. (4258).

Wanted Experienced and Influ-ential men to act as Depot Agents in all centres for the sale of famous teas on salary, commission and allowance. Apply for prospectus to, The Goldstar Teas, Post Box 243, Madras. (4248).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Gc	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Nera	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Belgian Government Guaranteed Bonds. Safest investment, big prices. Authorised Agents. Kass & Co., Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay. Agents wanted. (9867).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Cavel, suitable for Goan families or Clubs for immediate sale for Rs. 15,000 or near offer valuable property. Apply to V. Couto, Advocate, Dhanukar Building, Kalbadevi. (4240).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Marriage Financial Aid. Given upto Rs. 100 by purchasing Marriage Gift Certificates of Re. 1 each. Admission As. 4. Chief Agents & Organizers wanted. Lakshmi Bonds Corp. Ltd., 35, Nisbet [redacted]

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

SCHOOL OF LIBRARIANSHIP

Nine months' Courses, leading to Diploma in Librarianship and Certificate of Proficiency in Librarianship will start in the 1st week of July. Apply for prospectuses to the Registrar.

1124.

THE GWALIOR CEMENT CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two Share Certificates in respect of two Ordinary Shares Nos. 15905|6 of the Gwalior Cement Company, Limited, standing in the name of Premchand Vadilal have been LOST or DESTROYED or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of these Shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office at GWALIOR within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate share certificate|temporary receipt, etc., will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated, 24-5-35.

THE AGENTS,
Gwalior Cement Co., Ltd.
4257

S.S. "CELEBES MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 23rd May, 1935, from Japan via ports 'en route' and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

T. HIROSE,
Manager.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. FRAMROZ EDULJI DINSHAW to whom the undermentioned property was inter alia mortgaged by Jamshedji Naoroji Gamadia has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift trust, inheritance, possession lien or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 94 Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax tenure land or ground (cess whereof has been redeemed) situate, lying and being at Peddar Road in the Town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1471 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of a larger plot of land (which is divided into 11 plots) and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7096 and Cadastral Survey No. 3|755 of Malabar and Cumbala Hill Division and which said premises are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Peddar Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 7 sold to Doongersey S. Joshi, on or towards the North by Plot No. 4 and on or towards the South by Plot No. 2.

Dated this 23rd day of May, 1935.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(1122)

Public Notices

THE GWALIOR CEMENT CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that three Share Certificates in respect of three Ordinary Shares Nos. 15953|55 of the Gwalior Cement Company, Limited, standing in the name of Bhimji Kara have been LOST or DESTROYED or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office at Gwalior within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate share certificate|temporary receipt, etc., will be issued irrespective of my claim in respect thereof.

Dated, 24-5-1935.

THE AGENTS,
Gwalior Cement Co., Ltd.
(4256)

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

CERAMIC DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for two years Diploma Industrial Courses, (1) Pottery and Porcelain and (2) Metal Enamelling. Only Inter. Science passed are eligible. Good future prospects, all ex-students employed. Sessions begins fr July. Well equipped newly built workshop and laboratories, highly foreign qualified staff. Apply to the Ceramic Expert.

1071.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KULSUMBAI, wife of Salebhoy Shaikh Tyabbhai Kothari and SALEBHOY SHAIKH TYABBHAI KOTHARI, both of Bombay Borah Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, possession, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 36 Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at and fronting the Shamset Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 115.43 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old No. 523 New No. 2541, Old Survey No. 3198, and New Survey No. 1907 and bounded on the East by the property formerly of the Vendors but now of Esmailji Currimbhai on the West by the property of Tribhowandas Bhimji, on the North by Shamset Street and on the South by the property of Tribhowandas Bhimji and the Buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward No. 584 and Street Nos. 73-79 and Cadestral Survey No. 1253, Bhuleshwar Division.

Dated this 23rd day of May, 1935.

G. D. TIJORIWALLA.
For Messrs. Amarchand & Mangaldas,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1126.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1162 of 1915.

BUJANBAI SAIFUDDIN and another ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
SAKINABOO, widow of Samsuddin Ahmedally and ors..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to order on Commissioner's report, dated the 9th December, 1932 and Judge's order dated 15th February, 1935, the following immoveable property will be Re-sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Monday 10th, June, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Lot No. 4. One bungalow along the Station Road at the end of Whorawad, opposite the Chowkikhana.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Ghulamali, Noorani and Co., Attorneys for defendants Nos. 5a and 5e abovenamed at No. 36 Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 19th day of October, 1934.

(Sd.) R. S. DADACHANJI,
Commissioner.
1121.

Public Notices

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts:—

(i) Professorship of Sanskrit on Rs. 300-20-500. Starting salary according to qualifications. In case a scholar suitable for the post is not found two Assistant Professors will be appointed—one having special qualifications in Indo-European and Sanskrit and Prakrit Philology and the other with special qualifications in Indian Philosophy in the grade of Rs. 150-15-300.

(ii) A Lecturer in French and German Rs. 150 p.m.

(iii) A Lady Doctor for teaching midwifery, Gyanecology child-Psychology and Hospital work. Rs. 150|- p.m.

Salaries subject to emergency cut of 5 per cent. Apply before June 15 to Principal A. B Dhruva, Pro. Vice-Chancellor.

(1123)

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY at Doctor Street, opp. Full Masjid, on Wednesday the 5th June 1935 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from Messrs. Jehangir & Seervai and Messrs. Shah & Co who are authorised to sell the property pursuant to the Consent Order dated 30th April 1935 passed in Suit No. 1240 of 1934 (Safiabai wife of Esufally Dawoodbhai vs. Amtubai widow of Gulamally Noorbhai and Others.)

All that piece of quit and ground rent land admeasuring about 127-7/9 Sq. Yds. according to the last title-deed and the Collector's Bill and 100 Sq. Yds. according to the extract from the Bombay City Survey Register together with the building standing thereon situate at Doctor Street bearing New Survey No. 4389 and Cadastral Survey No. 3669 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C. Ward No. 7021 formerly Street No. 135 and now Street Nos. 107, 109, 111 and 113.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jehangir & Seervai, Attorneys for the Vendors, 56, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

P. S.—Private offers will be considered by Messrs. Jehangir & Seervai, or by the undersigned before the day of sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY at Dongri Street, Katha Bazaar on Thursday the 6th June, 1935, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Esufally Dawoodbhai and by virtue of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 2nd December, 1929.

All that piece of redeemed Pension and Tax land admeasuring about 203 sq. yds. together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at the East side of the Sat Tad or Dongri Koli Street bearing New Survey No. 2628 and Cadastral Survey No. 269 of Mandvi Division and Municipal B. Ward No. 1272 and formerly Street Nos. 160, 162 and 164 and now 372 and 372a Dongri Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jehangir & Seervai, Attorneys for the Vendors, 56, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

P. S.—Private offers will be considered by Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, or by the undersigned before the day of sale.

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B.A., LL.B.,
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GANDHI & CO.
Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF HIGHLY POLISHED MADE TO ORDER, RICH DRAWING, DINING AND BED ROOM FURNITURE AT "MAY FIELD" BUNGALOW AT THE CORNER OF JUHU ROAD, GHOD BUNDER ROAD, SANTACRUZ.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 26th day of May, 1935, at 9-30 A.M. (S.T.) at the above place specially made to order Highly Polished furniture of a European Gentleman including dining tables, dining chairs, sideboard, dinner Wagon Marble top tables, Tapestry lined Chesterfield drawing room suites fancy teapoys, palm stands, show cases, writing tables, revolving office chairs, peg tables, carpets, centre tables brass ornaments Bed room furniture, single and double bedsteads, Glass door Almyrahs, Chest of drawers, teapoys, easy chairs, towel stands, Lady's dressing table with mirror, hat stands etc. etc.

Catalogues printed and furniture on view.

GANDHI & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE SUBSTANTIAL MADE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHUBB'S SAFE, REFRIGERATOR, TEAK SCANTLINGS OF VARIOUS SIZES, ETC.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., will THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 25th day of May, 1935, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction in convenient lots to the highest bidders, at the Show Rooms in Bruce Street, Fort, opposite the Imperial Bank by order of the party concerned, the undermentioned made to order household furniture, etc., comprising of Oval and Square dining tables of various sizes, mirror back sideboards, dinner waggons, dumb-waiters, single and double meatsafes, Chesterfield sofas, easy chairs, roll top office table, office chair, silver show cases, writing table of sizes, chairs, mirror and panel door almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, carved furniture, cloth baskets, bookstands, brass and wooden single and double bedsteads with mattresses, card tables, cheval glass, hall cabinets, dressing and wash-hand tables, hat-stands, easy chairs, towel horses, cabinet gramophone, large musical box, Gestetner duplicating machine, Remington No. 12 typewriter, large Chubb's safe, refrigerator, ice-box, lot of iron bedsteads, mattresses, pictures, large quantity of teak scantlings of sizes, work tables, signboards, electric ceiling fans and other various articles, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

Does it trouble you? If so, please get a free particulars to know about the safe, sure, guaranteed specific of the day—Mooktae Healing Home, Kaliyaganj, E.B., India.

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ECZEMA

AND TREATMENT OF SKIN DISEASES

Eczema occurs in two types, one is of wet type and the other of dry type. It's a contagious disease and once the skin is attacked by this disease, it spreads easily to the other parts of the body. This spreading of the disease cannot be prevented as it causes sweet itching which facilitates the disease to widen its arena. The germs of Eczema thrive deep into the skin, which is a cause that renders ordinary Bazarre medicines ineffective. Many of the medicines contain Acidic properties which seriously injure the skin and its tissues. Thus these medicines fail to cure the disease. After years of Experience, a thoroughly tried and tested medicine known as "Iapco's Eczema Ointment' has been introduced which roots out the disease killing all the germs thereto. 'Iapco's Eczema Ointment' is a combination of Natural herbs rarely available, and contains antiseptic and curative properties. Apply it on the affected part and rub it slowly in till the ointment melts with the skin. It is soothing, Healing and Curing. 'Iapco's Eczema Ointment' is also effective in the cases of Ringworm, Dhobi's itch and other diseases and eruptions of the skin arising therefrom: Full Size Bottle costs As. 8, V.P.P. Extra and is available only from Messrs. Lavchand Vrajdas and Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2.

P.S. We have not kept the medicine for sale with any chemists, so please obtain it from us only.

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A sample tin of Klim will be sent to you if you cut this advertisement and send it to Messrs. MULLER & PHIPPS (India), Ltd., P. O. Box 773, Bombay with As. 2 to cover postage.—K. B.

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the longer your troubles are neglected the harder they are to overcome.
Beware of Imitation.
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KARNIK BROS., Bombay 4.

No Break Of Monsoon In Sight

BOMBAY, FRIDAY.

The sweltering atmosphere, which has overtaken the City is not likely to be dispelled in the near future as would appear from the information gathered from Dr. S. C. Roy, our Meteorologist, by a representative of the "Chronicle."

Dr. Roy is of opinion that the monsoon not having made its appearance along the Malabar coast there is no immediate prospect of the atmosphere in the City undergoing a welcome change.

The news that the monsoon had already made its appearance in Colombo and Lower Burma raised hopes of an early arrival of monsoonal weather in the City. It must be very depressing to know now that there is to be this delay. Particularly to the waterproof and umbrella stockists, who entertained great hopes of an early monsoon.

NO INDICATION YET

Dr. S. C. Roy told our representative "There is no indication yet that the monsoon is extending into the Arabian Sea and it is too early to talk about the prospects of monsoon on the West Coast of the Peninsula."

The monsoon, it would appear, usually bursts on the Malabar coast in the first week of June and extends northward to the Bombay area in the middle of the second week.

Referring to the present position of the South West monsoon, Dr. Roy stated, that monsoonal winds advanced into the Bay of Bengal from Ceylon to South West Burma at the beginning of this week and gave some heavy falls in Tenasserim (Lower Burma), but that too weakened since yesterday.

Dr. Roy was unable to support the statement that the monsoon had made its presence felt in Dharwar.

To-day the condition of temperature and humidity are normal.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours—92 degrees (one degree above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours—81 degrees (one degree above normal).

Humidity at 8 hours—15 per cent (2 per cent below normal).

BAY MONSOON FAIRLY ACTIVE

Shows Signs Of Strengthening In Andamans Sea

POONA, May 24.

The Bay monsoon is fairly active south of latitude fifteen degrees north. It is showing signs of strengthening in the Andamans sea and there has been local rain in lower Burma. Local thunderstorm rain also occurred in Assam with few falls in Bengal and south-east Madras. The chief amounts of rainfall are Port Blair—eight inches; Amherst—Three; Victoria Point—Rangoon—one and a half; Cherrapunji, Dhuleri—two; Berhampore, Jalpaiguri, Bogra—three quarters; Gauhati—half, Trichinopoly, Kodaikanal—half.

Forecast:—Rainfall will increase in lower Burma and thundershowers recur locally in Assam and north Bengal and extend in south Bengal, Bihar and Chota Nagpur.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely along Tenasserim and Martaban coasts in the next thirty-six hours.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 24-5-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.016 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 84.6 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 78.4 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 92.0 degrees 0.8 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 80.9 degrees 0.7 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 75 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N N W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 146 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 24-5-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 87.8deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.98 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.76 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

KARACHI-MADRAS AIR SERVICE

Temporary Change In Route From May 31

With effect from Friday the 31st. May 1935 the air mail service between Karachi and Madras will, as a temporary measure operate via Poona instead of via Bombay according to the following time table:—

SOUTH BOUND

Karachi dep. 6.00 hours Friday and Monday.

Ahmedabad arr. 10.00 hours Friday and Monday.

Ahmedabad dep. 10.30 hours, Friday and Monday.

Poona arr. 14.45 hours Friday and Monday.

Poona dep. 15.15 hours Friday and Monday.

Hyderabad (Dn) arr. 18.30 hours Friday and Monday.

Hyderabad (Dn.) dep. 6.30 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

Madras arr. 9.55 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

NORTHBOUND

Madras dep. 14.00 hours Friday and Monday.

Hyderabad (Dn) arr. 17.25 hours Friday and Monday.

Hyderabad (Dn) dep. 6.30 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

Poona arr. 9.45 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

Poona dep. 10.15 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

Ahmedabad arr. 14.30 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

Ahmedabad dep. 15.00 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

Karachi arr. 19.00 hours Saturday and Tuesday.

2. In consequence of this change the latest hours of posting air mail correspondence at the Bombay G.P.O. in connection with the abovementioned services will be as follows:—

SOUTH BOUND

Ordinary correspondence 7.15 a.m. Friday and Monday.

Registered correspondence 5.00 p.m. Thursday and Friday.

NORTH BOUND

Ordinary correspondence 8.30 p.m. Monday and Friday.

Registered correspondence 5.00 p.m. Monday and Friday.

3. The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence at the town office should be regulated accordingly.

ALLEGED MIS-APPROPRIATION

BOMBAY, Friday

The case in which Gopalji Bhagavandas Dave is alleged to have misappropriated a sum of Rs. 4,500 between 1st Jan., 1931 and 22nd October 1934 from the assets of the properties of Govardhandas Tribhuvan Das Mangaldas, was taken up on Friday by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum court.

The Magistrate said that he would first enquire into a defalcation of Rs. 1,500. The case might have to be sent to the sessions later on.

It is alleged that the accused was making the entries correctly but not remitting the sums to the bank. Further that he forged the signatures of the cashier and the bank agent in the pass book in respect of Rs. 1,500.

The nature of the accused's transactions finally came to light when a cheque for Rs. 200 was dishonoured during the accused's absence on the 21st of October.

From a question put by the Magistrate it was elicited the accounts have not been audited since 1931.

The case is proceeding.

It is reported from Ellore that two disastrous fires occurred in the town yesterday in succession. The first burnt down 80 houses, including several tiled ones and two pucca buildings. The total loss is estimated to be one lakh No loss of life is reported.

SHOP AT CHIRA BAZAR RAIDED

Three Suspects Arrested On Gambling Charge

BOMBAY, Friday

A shop at Girgaum Road, Chira Bazar, Bombay, suspected to be a gambling den, was raided on Thursday by the Princess Street Police under a gambling warrant.

Three persons, Narayan Dagadoo, Ramachandra Abaji and Baloo Dakco, who were found in the premises, were arrested by the police.

They were placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Court to-day and enlarged on bail till June 7.

ALLEGED WRONGFUL CONFINEMENT AT V.T.

G. I. P. Railway Sergeant Charged

Sorabji Hormusji Kanga, working under a clearing agent, presented a complaint before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, charging Sergeant S. Patton of the G. I. P. Railway Police with wrongful confinement under section 342 I.P.C.

In the complaint he alleges that on April 27th at about 7 p.m. he was on the outer platform of the V. T. Station near the Reservation Office when the accused came up and arrested him. He caught him by the neck and with the help of a P. C. dragged him to the Police Station. There his person was searched and accused told the Officer-in-Charge that he (complainant) was found gambling in the station.

As nothing incriminating was found on the complainant he was discharged after being kept in custody for more than half-an-hour in the presence of several P.C.'s while a large crowd had collected outside.

Complainant alleges that accused acted out of malice and had threatened him previously.

The Magistrate ordered a summons to be served on the accused through his Superior officer.

ARRESTED AT SION STATION

BOMBAY, Friday

For alleged interference in the discharge of the duties of an Excise constable on Thursday evening at Sion Station, Jetu Satoo was arrested by the Excise police, and was remanded to police custody for five days at the Esplanade Court, Bombay.

"FED-UP" MAN ON TRIAL

Accused Of Attempting Suicide Owing To Poverty

BOMBAY, Friday.

Poverty and a sickly wife, were stated to have been the motive that prompted a young man to make an alleged attempt to commit suicide on Tuesday last by swallowing a tola of opium.

Kundaji Dagroo, who was found suffering from the effects of opium, was admitted to the G. T. Hospital on the same day for treatment.

It was further alleged that the accused had stated that he was "fed up" with life.

Kundaji was placed to-day before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, and was remanded to police custody till May 29.

ALLEGED ROBBERY BY A PEHELVAN

Suspects Remanded

BOMBAY, Friday

An alleged police constable is involved in a case now pending before the Magistrate at the Dadar Police Court, in which a wayfarer, returning home late on Wednesday night, was robbed of all his belongings.

When Madan Chakka was returning to the Dadar Railway Station on Wednesday night, he was accosted by one, who is described as a Pahelwan, and deprived of cash amounting to Rs. 2.

Madan raised an alarm and one Rajaram Panwalla, alleged to be a police constable, went to him and, on the pretext of finding the Pahelwan, led him to a maidan nearby. Here the "Constable" is alleged to have deprived him of fifteen annas, the sole property of Madan at the moment. This over, he is alleged to have demanded the ear-ring worn by the complainant.

Accused, Kali Prasad Balcharan Singh and Ramsunder Singh, were arrested in this connection on Wednesday night by the Bhoiwada police.

When they were produced before the Dadar Court, the Magistrate remanded them into Police custody for a fortnight.

Kandi.—At a public meeting in the Hallifax Hall, Kandi, Mr. Arthur Hughes, District Magistrate of Murshidabad, presented the Silver Jubilee medals and certificates to several honorary workers of the Co-operative Banks in the sub-division.

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DHUWAN DHAR

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Resurrects India that is no more and for a few hours you forget that you are living in 20th century.

With the aid of modern science reveals before your dazzled eyes the Men and Women, the Architecture, and Sculpture, the Art and Culture, the Colourful Life and the moving passions of ancient times for a knowledge of which you search the pages of history, and you visit the decayed and decaying remains and monuments but in vain. This mere knowledge is dry, depressing and painful, but

Story by: SETH GOVINDDAS, M.L.A.

Dialogues and Scenario by: Sjt. D. P. MISRA, B.A., LL.B

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For Booking Apply to:— ADARSH CHITRA, LTD. Sir Mangaldas Bungalow, BOMBAY, 4.

SHOWN THIS WEEK ON THE SCREEN

"LES MISERABLES" (PATHE)—"KING OF PARIS" AND MICKEY IN COLOUR (CAPITOL)—"THE WINNING TICKET" (REGAL)—"BLIND ADVENTURE" (WELLINGTON)

"The Winning Ticket" with Leo Corrillo and Uouise Fazend at the Regal from this evening.

"LES MISERABLES"
At Pathe

This week's big attraction at the Pathe is a French screen version of Victor Hugo's immortal classic "Les Miserables," starring Harry Baur.

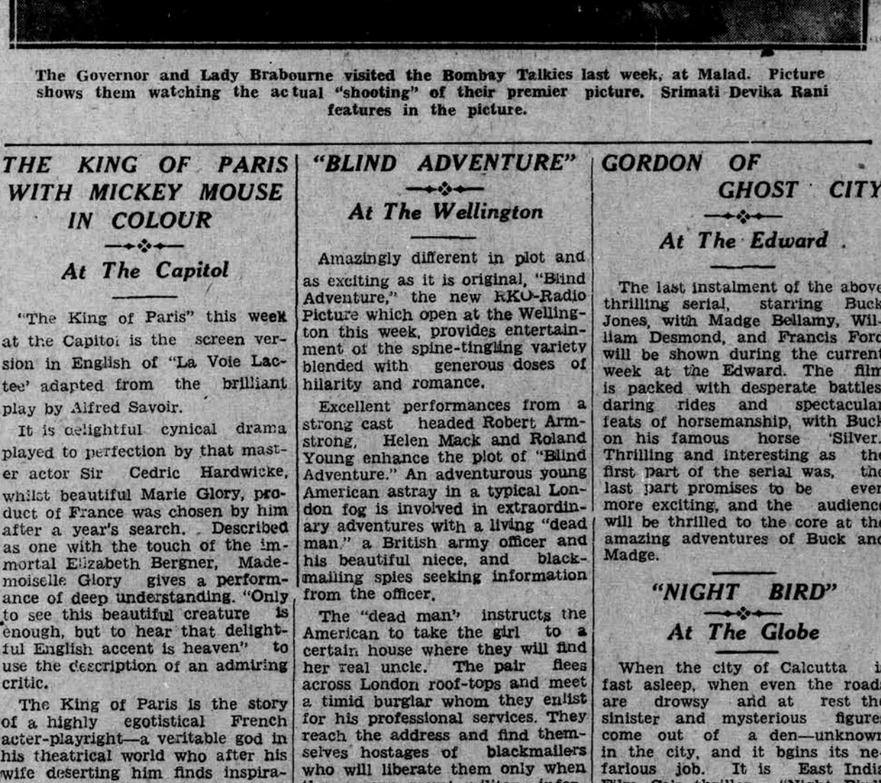
The picture is made in two parts of 9 reels each the first part to be screened this week and the second and last next week.

"Les Miserables" the story of the poor and distressed, opens with Jean Valjean working in a Chain galley, having served 19 years in Jail, five for stealing a piece of bread and fourteen for trying to scape four times. Jean Valjean is released at the end of his term with a more pittance and has to carry a passport which gives his history and which he has to register in every town he visits. Wherever he goes he is shunted and people refuse to give him food or shelter. Arriving at last at the house of Father Myriel he is received with open arms. The Bishop gives him food and a bed to sleep in. That night Jean Valjean robs the Bishop but is arrested and brought back to the Bishop's house. Father Myriel lets him go and even presents a pair of silver candlesticks to him, and tells him that he (the Bishop) hopes the silver will make an honest man of him. Once more on the high ways Jean Valjean cannot resist the resentment created by years of hardship and robs a boy of a penny. Remorse at last comes and he realizes what a beast he has been. We see him next in the town of Montreuil as a respected citizen and now going under the name of Madeline. Here he builds many factories and is known for his generosity and goodness of heart. He is now the Mayor of the town. Javert an Inspector of Police has his suspicions, as no one knows who Mr. Madeline really is. He makes enquiries and sends a report to Police Headquarters in Paris. In the meanwhile there works in one of the factories of Mr. Madeline a poor girl Fantaine jilted by her lover and mother of a child who is being brought up by Thenardier the Inn keeper. The girl loses her job because of scandal and is given to understand that it was Mr. Madeline who has dismissed her. The poor soul sells her hair and her teeth for the sake of the child but no longer able to work and suffering with Pthisis at last encounters Madeline and accuses him of being the cause of all her miseries. Mr. Madeline sends her to hospital and promises to seek and bring her child. Javert the Inspector calls on Mr. Madeline and asks to be dismissed, because he confesses that he has been guilty of suspecting Mr. Madeline as being Jean Valjean the ex-convict for whom the Police have been looking for 8 years for stealing the Bishop's silver and a penny from a boy. Madeline asks Javert what has made him alter his mind Javert replies that the Police in Arras have alrady arrested a Jean Valjean for stealing apples therefore his suspicions were unfounded. Mr. Madeline cannot bear the idea of an innocent man being sent to the galleys and goes to the Court and announces that he is the real Jean Valjean and has the poor man released. The Police are after him once again but he manages to get back to the Infirmary to see Fantaine just before she dies. He swears that he will look after her little child Cosette and manages to escape just as Javert and men raid the hospital.

"WINNING TICKET"
At The Regal

Scrambled language, scrambled family life and scrambled events blend into a hilarious mixture of fun, heart interest and romance in "The Winning Ticket", Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's hilarious Irish Sweepstakes story, which brings to the screen the latest thing in comedy teams, Leo Carrillo and Louise Fazenda, aided and abetted by Ted Healy. The picture which starts to-day at the Regal Theatre, deals with the adventures of an Italian barber, played by Carrillo, who made Italian dialect famous in "Lombardi, Ltd." and his Irish wife, which is Miss Fazenda's role. Family quarrels in which the shiftless brother-in-law, played by Healy, figures, wild trials and tribulations over the loss of a Sweepstake's ticket that wins the capital prize, and complications resulting through too many relatives all add to the hilarity of the unique plot Carrillo as Joe Tomashino is inimitable, and Miss Fazenda as Nora adds new laurels to her success of many years as a stellar comedienne. Charles F. Riesner, who gave the screen "Caught Short" "Reducing" and innumerable other comedy hits, directed the new pot-pourri of mirth and romance, and an exceptional cast appears. Irene Hervey, who scored in "Stranger's Return" plays the grown-up daughter and with James Ellison provides the romance. Comedy and dialect are provided by Luis Alberni of "One Night of Love," and Akim Tamiroff, and Purnell Pratt plays the "heavy" as the rich banker. Clever children in the cast include Betty Jane Graham, Billy Watson and little Ronnie Fitzpatrick.

FILM OF THE WEEK
"LES MISERABLES"
At The Pathe



The Governor and Lady Brabourne visited the Bombay Talkies last week, at Malad. Picture shows them watching the actual "shooting" of their premier picture. Srimati Devika Rani features in the picture.

THE KING OF PARIS WITH MICKEY MOUSE IN COLOUR
At The Capitol

"The King of Paris" this week at the Capitol is the screen version in English of "La Voie Lactee' adapted from the brilliant play by Alfred Savoir.

It is delightful cynical drama played to perfection by that master actor Sir Cedric Hardwicke, whilst beautiful Marie Glory, product of France was chosen by him after a year's search. Described as one with the touch of the immortal Elizabeth Bergner, Mademoiselle Glory gives a performance of deep understanding. "Only to see this beautiful creature is enough, but to hear that delightful English accent is heaven" to use the description of an admiring critic.

The King of Paris is the story of a highly egotistical French acter-playright—a veritable god in his theatrical world who after his wife deserting him finds inspiration at last in a Russian girl whom he discovers in a carbaret.

He makes her more than famous, Maika becomes the darling of the populace his supreme 'ego' however makes him believe it is him not her that the populace want; to narrate the rest is but to spoil this delightful satire, a blending of cynical and cunning drama.

An added attraction is the famous Mickey Mouse, this time decked in every conceivable colour. Mickey in technicolour is a feast for the eyes. You must see his "Band Concert".

"KALKOOT" OR "KISMAT KI BHOOL"
At The Majestic

"Kalkoot" or "Kismat Ki Bhool" the spectacular picture is produced by Sudha Pictures Ltd. at an enormous cost will see its light at Majestic to-day.

"BLIND ADVENTURE"
At The Wellington

Amazingly different in plot and as exciting as it is original, "Blind Adventure," the new RKO-Radio Picture which open at the Wellington this week, provides entertainment of the spine-tingling variety blended with generous doses of hilarity and romance.

Excellent performances from a strong cast headed Robert Armstrong, Helen Mack and Roland Young enhance the plot of "Blind Adventure." An adventurous young American astray in a typical London fog is involved in extraordinary adventures with a living "dead man," a British army officer and his beautiful niece, and blackmailing spies seeking information from the officer.

The "dead man" instructs the American to take the girl to a certain house where they will find her real uncle. The pair flees across London roof-tops and meet a timid burglar whom they enlist for his professional services. They reach the address and find themselves hostages of blackmailers who will liberate them only when they secure secret military information from the officer, the girl's real uncle.

The exciting thrills and endless laughs culminate in an ingeniously conceived climax abounding in action.

Robert Armstrong is throughly virile and realistic in his role of the adventure-seeking American. Miss Mack convincingly portrays the heroine and lends a charming note to the film with her utter beauty. Roland Young, as usual is thoroughly laughable, a congenial comedian whose every line or action is synonymous with a laugh.

An especially noteworthy supporting cast includes Ralph Bellamy, John Mijan, Laura Hope Crews Henry Stephenson, Phyllis Barry, John Warburton, Beryl Mercer and George K. Arthur.

Ruth Rose wrote the story and screenplay of "Blind Adventure," which was expertly directed by Ernest B. Schoedsack, famed director.

GORDON OF GHOST CITY
At The Edward

The last instalment of the above thrilling serial, starring Buck Jones, with Madge Bellamy, William Desmond, and Francis Ford will be shown during the current week at the Edward. The film is packed with desperate battles, daring rides and spectacular feats of horsemanship, with Buck on his famous horse 'Silver.' Thrilling and interesting as the first part of the serial was, the last part promises to be even more exciting, and the audience will be thrilled to the core at the amazing adventures of Buck and Madge.

"NIGHT BIRD"
At The Globe

When the city of Calcutta is fast asleep, when even the roads are drowsy and at rest the sinister and mysterious figures come out of a den—unknown in the city, and it bgins its nefarious job. It is East India Film Co's thriller "Night Bird" the mysterious man with six faces who leads this gang of robbers. The Detective Drama is seen at the Globe from this Friday it begins its second week: It starrs Masharkhan, Miss Anwari, Indoobala, Gul Hamid.

CHANDRASENA
At The Minerva Talkies

"Chandrasena", Prabhat's brilliant successor to "Amrit Manthan" in its 7th week from today at the Minerva Talkies, still draws crowded houses. In the caste of "Chandrasena" with its story and the ingenuity of its settings the interest it has aroused is easily understood.

Full of dramatic situations and brightened by alluring and typically Indian music and song, it is easily one of the best pictures.

Nalini Turkhud plays the leading role and Rajanee puts over the pretty songs.

A "still" from "Naananda" to run at the Majestic.

"Les Miserable" now seen at the Pathe.

"GHAR-JAMAI"
At Roxy

Premier Films maiden release "GHAR-JAMAI" goes into second week at the Roxy. It is a hilarious farce in Gujerati directed by the well-known director, Homi Master of the Imperial Film Company and produced by Premier Films in co-operation with the 'Imperial'. It depicts the funny situations brought about by a wealthy and fashionable Gujerati family of advanced views hitting upon the novel idea of engaging a son-in-law on one year's probation! One of the many amusing incidents shows the well-known actor Alimiya who plays the part of the "Gharjamai" in the ludicrous position of being appointed a tutor to an old lady in order to coach her up to a fashionable and "progressive" standard. He has to give her a practical demonstration in the art of advanced love-making—which is a sequence not to be missed in one of the cleverest and funniest farce that has come to Bombay in a long time.

"BROKEN HEART"
At Swastik Talkies

Recently the public opinion of Bombay is much roused against the increasing menace of gambling on American futures which evil is rapidly becoming a slur upon the good name of our first city in India, at a time like this Novelty Cinetone have rendered a splendid social service by producing an intensely human drama, depicting most vividly the fate of a "Sutta" gambling gambler and the miseries and disgraces which he brings upon his own family, the story of "Broken Heart" or "Nirdesh Abla" is an every-day story happening in the lives of so many unfortunate families, whose heads or supporters fall easy preys to the vice of gambling with the foolish hope of "get-rich-quick." This dramatic film we see an innocent daughter paying the wages of sins committed by her relentless father.

When everything goes wrong the father commits suicide and the poor penniless daughter is compelled to beg on streets.

The principal roles are well portrayed by such well-known stars as Miss Mayuri (Society Girl) Kashinath, Eruchsha and others. The direction is superb and the photography perfect.

Those who sincerely desire to eradicate the evil of gambling on American futures from Bombay, the beautiful, must make it a point to see this spirited film at Swastik this week, which will without any doubt, open the eyes of many a blind victim of the "Sutta" evil and save a number of families from starvation, ruin and disgrace.

TARZAN AND HIS MATE
At The Palace

"Tarzan and His Mate", Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's great jungle thriller, which is the attraction at the Palace for the current week, is a sequel to the equally fascinating and thrilling film "Tarzan The Apeman," Johnny Weissmuller, the world famous swimming champion, again plays the role of Tarzan, the whiteman raised in the jungle without any contact with the civilized world, and Maureen O'Sullivan is seen as the girl who shares his thrilling adventures.

This melodrama of the jungle is packed with sensational feats and breath-taking adventures. Tarzan rescues his mate from a charging rhinoceros by jumping on its back and riding it to a standstill. We find him wrestling under water with a giant crocodile. There are many other incidents of the sort, and in addition Tarzan and his mate do the most amazing acrobatics among the trees.

The picture has already been screened with amazing records everywhere, and has been acclaimed by all as the greatest of jungle thrillers so far produced.

"USHA"
At The Krishna Talkies

"Usha," Shalini Cinetone's spectacular first release, runs into its fourth week from to-day at the Krishna Talkies, without any waning in its popularity.

A frankly mythological picture it avoids the tedious boredom of the older productions of this types and strikes a rare note of interest and appeal both to eye and mind.

KURLA BUCKET SHOP RAIDED
Five Persons Plead Guilty

(From Our Correspondent)

KURLA, May 24.

Sub-Inspector Shaikh Abdul Hakim of the Kurla police raided last night at about 8-30 an alleged gambling den known as "Darshan Bucket Shop" behind the Nurani building at Kurla, and arrested five persons whose names are: Bachu, Amulakhchand, Maruti, Ramu and Abdul Gaffur. They were later bailed out. Several betting slips and a sum of Rs. 19 including a marked coin were seized by the police. They were charged to-day before the Resident Magistrate, who convicted them on their own plea of guilty of keeping a common gaming house and receiving sutta slips. The sentence against first two accused was reserved to find out previous convictions, if any, while the third and fourth were fined Rs. 10 each and the fifth Rs. 15.

"Ghar-Jamai" with Gulam Rassool, Heera and Jamna now at the Roxy.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Vad 8, 1991.
Muslim: Safar 21, 1353.
Parsi: Adar 21, 1304.
Sun Rise 6h. 2m.
Sunset 6h. 9m.
High Tide: 4.56, 17.36.
Low Tide: 10.47.
S. S. Maloja with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

PATHE—"Les Miserables." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
REGAL—"The Winning Ticket." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The King of Paris" and "The First Reel Mickey Mouse Cartoon in Techni Colour." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Ghar-Jamai." Daily at 5, 8-0 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Broken Heart." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Blind Adventure." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m
GLOBE—"Night Bird." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Chandrasena." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Usha." Daily at 5-30, 8-0 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Do-Ghadi-Ki-Moj." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Kalkoot." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Noor-e-Yaman." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

FLAG SALUTATION AT SANTA CRUZ

There will be a monthly flag salutation to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) in Jamnalal Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz.

THE KARNATAK SANGH, BOMBAY

Under the auspices of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, Mr. S. G. Warty will deliver an address on "University Reforms" to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Sangh, at 8, Dwarkadas Mansions, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum. The lecture is open to the public.

THE REGAL
To-day & To-morrow at 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
IT'S ALL IN FUN!
A riot from start to finish! A smile-a-second joy-ride you can't stop howling at!
The WINNING TICKET
He won a fortune on the Sweepstakes—but lost the winning ticket!
LEO CARRILLO ☆ LOUISE FAZENDA ☆ TED HEALY
also
H. M. THE KING'S JUBILEE BROADCAST TO THE WORLD

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon Time Signal; Selection of Indian Music (A Variety Programme). 1 p.m. Available Market Rates; European Lunch Hour Selections. 2 p.m. Close Down. 4-30 p.m. Children's Hour; S. K. Naique (Stories in Marathi). 5 p.m. Auntie Ella and Uncle Dick. 5-30 p.m. European Programme; Relay of Music from Regal Cinema—The Theatre Magnificent. 6-30 p.m. Ellan Vannin; A Manx National Programme written and produced by Malcolm Frost; Music based on Traditional Airs by Gerrard Williams. 7 p.m. Piano Lecture Recital by L A Lickfold, Mus. B., F.R.C.O. 7-30 p.m. The "Request Hour." A Programme of Gramophone Records selected from listeners' requests. 8-30 p.m. Interval. 9-0 p.m. Time Signal; European Programme; Weather Report and News Bulletin. 9-15 p.m. Indian Programme; General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-45 p.m. The V.U.B. Indian Orchestra Conducted by Mr. Dinkarrao Amemmbal, 10 p.m. S.B.; 11-0 p.m. God Save the King-Emperor. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Harold Ramsay, at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting. 8-00 The Wireless Military Band, Conductor, B. Walton O'Donnell. Hughes Mackin (Tenor). 8-45 p.m. The Vario Trio. 9-15 p.m. A programme from Canada in Celebration of Empire Day, arranged and presented by the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission, including a Dramatic Presentation of the Story of the Foundation of Empire Day in Canada. (Relayed from the City of Hamilton, Ontario)* 9-45 p.m. Dance Music. Ambrose and his Embassy Club Orchestra. 10-00 The News. 10-15 Dance Music (continued). 10-30 p.m. Close Down. *Electrical recording.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSN.

There will be a musical concert by Mr. Hiren Bose and Mr. A. Biswas, in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

BAND AT MAZGAON

The Bank of the 1st Bn. G.I.P. Rly. Regiment will play a select programme of music at the Baptista Gardens Band-stand to-day (Saturday) commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

THE CAPITOL
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

MICKEY MOUSE
in his first ALL-COLOUR featurette
"THE BAND CONCERT"
Also

SIR CEDRIC HARD WICKE
MARIE GLORY
in
"THE KING OF PARIS"
PATHOS—SUBTLE DRAMA —HUMOUR!

"The King of Paris" shown this week at the Capitol.

"The Blind Adventure" seen at the Wellington.

PORTER PLEADS GUILTY

Criminal Breach Of Trust

BOMBAY, Friday.

Richard Owen Jones "alias" Charles Dicroix Cleur, a night porter at the Taj Mahal hotel, was sentenced on Friday by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 in default two months' further imprisonment, on the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of cash and stamps collectively valued at Rs. 75.

The offence was committed by the accused in April of last year when he decamped with the money entrusted to him by the management for the convenience of passengers at night. He was at large for over a year and was arrested on May 14 by the Colaba Police at the King Edward Industrial Home, Ripon Road, Bombay.

Accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

The fine was not paid.

B. P. C. C. BYE-ELECTION FROM DADAR WARD

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following notification.

Nominations duly proposed and seconded for 1 seat to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from "G" Ward will be received at the office of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee, Haji Abdullah-Building, 3rd floor upto 6 p.m. (S.T.) 10th June 1935. (Opp. Dadar Railway Station).

Roll of membership for the purposes of the Bye-election shall be closed at 10 a.m. (S.T.) on the 7th June 1935.

In case of contest the election will take place on Sunday the 23rd June between 8-11 a.m. and 3 to 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the "G" Ward Committee's office, Haji Abdulla Building, 3rd floor opposite B. B. and C. I. Rly. Station.

Flag Salutation At Congress House

The General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. write:

Seth Govind Das M.L.A., of Jubbulpore will unfurl the National Flag and make a speech on the occasion of the the monthly Flag salutation at Congress House to-morrow, Sunday, at 8 a.m. (S.T.) Public are cordially invited to participate in the function.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ

Brahmasri S. Vadiraja Bhagavathar, of Kumbakonam will perform the fifth Ramayana Series on 'Paduka Pattabhishekam' at 8-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the Samaj premises.

'F' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Babu Rajendra Prasad is arriving in Bombay on May 31 at about 7 a.m. at Victoria Terminus. For his reception all those who wish to offer their services as volunteers are requested to enrol their names in the office of 'F' Ward D. C. C. at Parel between the hours of 5 p.m. to 7 p.m. daily up to May 29.

LATE Mr. T. R. KRISHNASWAMI IYER

To-day's Public Meeting At Matunga

A public meeting will be held at the Napoo Hall Gardens, Matunga, (G.I.P.) to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) to mourn the death of Mr. T. R. Krishnaswami Iyer, the well-known Congress leader and Harijan worker of Kerala. Prominent leaders are expected to address the meeting.

Woman Sent To Jail For Theft

BOMBAY, Friday.

Found guilty of the charge of committing theft of ornaments valued at Rs. 133, Sarjubai Appa, a "mangarudi" (criminal tribe) woman, was sentenced on Friday by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, to suffer nine months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 30 in default three months' further imprisonment.

The accused had three previous convictions.

Football Match At Parel

Under the auspices of the Indian Football League, there will be a match to-day (Saturday) between the King's Circle Football Club and the Portuguese Herves at 5-45 p.m. on the Bengal Club grounds, Parel.

THE SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

The annual general meeting of the Silk Merchants' Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Halai Bhatia Mahajan Wadi, Kalbadevi Road.

ADULT EDUCATION LECTURES

Under the auspices of the above Association a Public Lecture for the special benefit of workers will be delivered on "Tukaram" by Mr. N. G. Bhalerao in Marathi at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) at Dadar Naigaum Cement Chawls.

CALL TO BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Hon. Secretary requires all the members, recruits and training officers to be present to-morrow (Sunday) at Gowalia Tank at 6-15 a.m. (S.T.) to attend the parade and receive instructions regarding the coming visit of Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, on Friday (31st instant).

Dadar and Fort training classes will remain closed for a fortnight but the recruits must attend the parade at Gowalia Tank as above.

Tramfare will be paid to members coming from distant places.

Bangalore.—Another Gold mine in Kolar Gold Fields will start its operations very shortly. Seth Narayandoss Girdhar Doss, a Gujarati businessman has been negotiating for a prospecting lease of the gold mine five miles east of Oorigaum mines, and the prospecting operations will be commenced by the middle of June.

Mr. Mahomed Jaffer Hajee Nassur, partner of the Hindustan Rubber Works (Bhavnagar), returned to Bombay from Europe on Thursday last after visiting various centres of rubber industry in the West.

RAJEN BABU'S VISIT TO DADAR

Appeal To Citizens To Complete Congress Membership Quota

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries of 'G' Ward District Congress Committee have issued the following appeal to the citizens of Bombay North, on the eve of the impending visit of the Congress President to Dadar at Shivaji Park on 2nd June:

While the memories of the last historic session of the Indian National Congress held in our ward, are still fresh in our mind, the President of the Congress, Babu Rajendra Prasad, will be again amidst us and address a meeting at Shivaji Park, Dadar, on 2nd June. Though unique is the opportunity for us—the public of Bombay North—to welcome the President who is adored and loved by millions of Indians as the Saint of Bihar, we should clearly understand our full responsibility for its complete fulfilment. There is no doubt that the President who has been spontaneously revered and honoured by thousands of toiling villagers wherever he has toured, will have no less honour from us, befitting the President of the Congress.

But the real test lies in our carrying out the programme of the Congress, laid before us by that memorial session held in October last. This programme begins from the Congress membership. The real responsibility of making it a success falls on the citizens of Dadar, where he will be honoured by them very shortly. Should we not be worthy of it by attaining the full quota of membership by making the least sacrifice that the nation demands of us?

A number of articles produced by the Committee's Industrial Home will be exhibited and put on sale at the time when the Congress President visits Dadar.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Educational Pictures

The need for the production of educational pictures in India cannot be over-emphasised. Screen as a potent factor of educational system has well been recognised in modern days and all the advanced countries in the world are making the best use of it.

Screen as a medium of education has a remarkable part to play particularly in India and the educationists in the country too have not been slow in recognising it.

The spasmodic attempts now being made by some non-officials in different provinces in the country cannot yield adequate results until and unless there is a co-ordinating agency backed by State-aid.

It is gratifying to note that the Motion Picures Society of India are making some efforts in this direction and it is hoped the Government of Bombay will give them active co-operation in their attempts as far as this Presidency is concerned.

Sweat! Sweat! Sweat!

The whole city is sweating.

The businessman busy in the market, porters and labourers toiling at their work, "bosses" in their offices, rich men in their homes, judges in the courts, reporters at their desks, clerks with their quills, great men and small men strong men and weak men the rich and the poor, all alike, are sweating all around.

Truly, this is an illustration of that old, old law that Nature knows no distinctions.

The sweltering atmosphere that has enveloped this city with perspiration streaming in bubbles from the faces of men reminds one of the famous lines of the Indian poetess,

"When the earth swelters and
the waters swoon,
With the implacable radiance
of noon."

But let that be. All things must come to an end.

Yet, when is this stifling, sweltering, atmosphere that makes men sick with heat and long for rain, to end? When are parched throats and giddy brains to feel the balmy drops of summer rain?

Says our meteorologist, there is no hope of rain in the immediate future. A gloomy prospect indeed!

The toiling inhabitants of this city whose daily bread depends on daily labour, will, therefore, have to bear this burning heat for sometime to come, while those born with the silver spoon in their mouth will flee to the nearest hill-stations for refuge. The flight has, no doubt, already commenced. Mahableshwar and Panchgani will, of course, be lively and gay.

Still, in spite of the predilections of our meteorologist, let us set our hope against his calculated opinion, and pray that what he says may not come true, that summer rains would shortly come and drive summer heat away.

New School Building For Harijans

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, May 23

Khan Bahadur Shaikh Yakub Vazir Mahomed, the Collector of Thana, performed on Tuesday last the opening ceremony of the new school building for Harijans of Masoli, near Dahanu.

The Taluka Village Improvement Committee with the help of public contributions and from the District School Board, has built the structure at great cost.

"It was a very creditable achievement of the Taluka Committee" said the Collector, in declaring open the school building, which was the first of its kind in the district.

NEW HINDU CEMETERY

The Executive Health Officer has issued a note saying that from 1st June 1935, the Hindu Cemetery No. 46 at Bhoiwada, Parel, known as Dhakti Sewri Cemetery, bounded on the North by the passage leading to the Turner Sanatorium, on the South by the new road (continuation of Jerbai Wadia Road), on the East by an unused portion of the hill and on the West by an unused portion of the hill will not be used for the disposal of the dead, but from the said date, the new Hindu Cemetery No. 46 at Bhoiwada, Parel, bounded on the North by Spring Mill, on the South by the new road (un-named), on the East by the cultivated land and on the West by Naigaum Road, will be brought into use for the disposal of the dead.

"There is a point where the unfortunate and infamous beings intermingle and become confused into a single word—the "Miserables" . . . whose the fault?"
VICTOR HUGO.

PATHE *PROUDLY PRESENTS*
VICTOR HUGO'S IMMORTAL CLASSIC
"LES MISERABLES"
Featuring France's Greatest Actor
M. HARRY BAUR

So great a work as 'Les Miserables' could not be condensed into a small film. It has therefore been made into two parts, each of over 10,000 Ft. The first will be shown this week and cine-lovers are requested not to miss it, as it cannot be repeated owing to second part having to follow.

Each part is complete in itself.

THE FIRST GREAT FRENCH FILM
TO BE SHOWN IN INDIA
Musical accompaniment by Honneggar
A PATHE PRODUCTION

Note:—Owing to great length of this film only news-reel will precede it. Please therefore occupy your seats early. Book your seats, Phone 41561.

Telephone No. 22081, Post Box No. 122. Telegrams "Chronicle," Registered No. B-1022.

The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1935

WHITHER SILVER?

The sensational fluctuations in the price of silver, and the intimate concern India has in the purchasing power of that metal, have naturally lent a renewed importance to the problem of silver, its reaction upon the general economy of this country, and of the world at large. In a series of articles, we shall endeavour to consider the main issues involved, and to examine the remedies proposed or likely to be adopted in India, with a view to see how they would help the situation. The main factor, of course, in the present-day silver complication is the policy of the United States Government. Apart from the Thomas amendment to the Agricultural Adjustment Act of May 1933, which was frankly inflationary in its character,—and following upon the international agreement regarding silver purchase and sales, of June 1933, the President issued a proclamation, on December 21, 1933, for the purchase of America's domestic-mined silver at 64.5 cents per ounce. In June, 1934, the Silver Purchase Act was passed, permitting nationalisation of all American silver at the price of 50.01 cents per ounce. In the August following, the President exercised this authority given to him by that Act. The same Act had also declared it to be the American Government's policy to accumulate and maintain silver in the monetary reserves of the United States so that the aggregate value of such silver would be in proportion of 1:3 of gold. At the legal American ratio of 16:1, as between gold and silver money, the true monetary price of silver would be 1.29 dollars, when the troy ounce of gold is fixed by law at 20.67183 odd. Hence, while the purchase price of the American Treasury was 64.5 cents per ounce there was a profit to the treasury on the coinage of silver of 100 per cent. Any rise in the official price beyond this figure would only mean a reduction of the Treasury profit on coinage, a purely theoretical quantity so long as no new coinage of silver takes place. The price rise in April last from 64.5 cents to 71, and early this month to 77 cents has naturally reacted upon the world markets in silver, and engendered a speculative frenzy, which seems utterly incompatible with the known principles of President Roosevelt's whole economic policy. The Silver Bill, promoted by Senator Wheeler, already reported upon favourably in the Senate, seeks to reaffirm the ratio once again at 16:1, and makes it obligatory upon the Administration to buy 50 million of ounces every month, until the silver reserves reach the point already specified,—1:3 of gold,—or until its purchasing power has reached the ratio of 16:1 of gold. Under the Silver Purchase Act, finally, the U. S. Treasury can issue silver currency of several hundred million dollars depending on the actual cost of silver. In addition, it can issue over 1,500 million dollars worth of such currency, based upon the silver in the reserve. This, if carried out, would mean considerable inflation. Abundance of money and its cheapness is believed by many economists and politicians in America still to be the panacea for the National Economic Recovery that has not yet been accomplished in anything like the measure promised by the new Administration in its first weeks of office.

A Problem Of Distribution

The "New York Times", of Sunday, April 21, last, summing up the review of the silver policy in America, observes:—

"It cannot be said that the silver purchase programme has helped American business or industry, with the lone exception of the silver industry, concentrated in Utah, Idaho, Montana, Arizona, Colorado and Nevada. It remains one of the inflation items on the President's books, and the increase in price this week, in a measure, is analogous to a further devaluation of gold, which is being brought rapidly nearer because of certain deflationary forces now in operation and because of the necessity of justifying a fixed price for cotton in the face of dwindling foreign markets and declining textile production."

To understand the real significance of this position in America, let us examine the professed or hidden objectives of this policy. Inflation has been an openly professed objective, considered to be the means to stimulate economic recovery. Though the devaluation of the gold dollar has necessarily resulted in a considerable degree of inflation in the States; and though, meanwhile, the other items of the Recovery Programme have not been by any means shelved, American recovery cannot yet be said to have reached the pre-depression mark. There is something fundamentally unsound about individualist economy, in the highly industrialised communities of to-day, which would make all such tinkering with the system unable to cure the root evil. By providing abundant and cheap money, or easy credit, a nation provides the means of stimulating production of new wealth, at prices remunerative perhaps at home because of the depreciation of the money; but presumed to rank lower in the international markets than if such depreciation, devaluation, and inflation had not taken place. But the problem of a country like the United States is not so much to stimulate production or regain international trade. They have production in super-abundance and international trade could be commanded by them in any quantity, if the terms on which that trade could be conducted to-day were not deemed fatal to their standard of living. The American problem, like that all over the individualist commercial world, is the problem of distribution, or raising the purchasing power of the community collectively as well as severally. By simply lowering the value of monetary unit, it is not possible to increase the real purchasing power of the people. Unless the individual is provided, at the same time, with remunerative employment for his labour and unless the whole of the adult population is so provided with remunerative employment, there will be no real raising of the aggregate purchasing power of the people affected. The United States seem to have found, during the two years of intensive recovery campaign on all fronts,—currency and credit; industrial and agriculturral;—that mere devaluation of the local monetary standard does not bring about the increase in purchasing power or demand, that would help to raise prices and so improve the general condition of the community. Nor does it really abolish or substantially diminish unemployment. Whereas there is something like a 70 per cent. depreciation of the dollar, if we take its present value as the base for comparison, there is hardly a 35 per cent. improvement in the price level, in the general productivity of American industry, or in the level of employment. And foreign trade has not improved at all, so that it is still important to restrict production rather than stimulate it. Vast projects of creating new work for the unemployed are now before the country. These projects, to be accomplished, would involve a capital outlay of over a thousand million sterling; and that, in its turn, may lead to further inflation and increase in the purchasing power of the community as a whole, as well as of the individuals comprised therein. But should that aim be achieved, it would not be right to credit it entirely, or even largely, to the policy of monetary inflation, which is mistakenly thought to be a short cut by many to national prosperity. It would rather have been achieved by basic reconstruction of the community's life, where the root of the mischief lies; and without touching which, no permanent cure can be effected.

Uncertain Of Success

America's foreign trade being, in proportion to her domestic trade, negligible, it is a matter of relative indifference to her if this process leads to world recovery as well or not. Stabilisation of exchanges is an important condition of flourishing international trade. A second objective, therefore, which may not unjustly be credited to the United States Government in their recent policy in regard to silver,—viz., restoring world trade through stabilising world exchanges, by improving the purchasing power of those vast masses of humanity in India and China, which still regard silver as their standard of money,—is equally far from realisation, though the American Government cannot be accused of laxity in this matter, as some of its silver-maniac critics might urge. The basic conception seems, in this objective, to be, that if the value of silver is raised in relation to gold, the purchasing power of these portions of humanity would improve, and so help attain the objective the American Government holds before itself. By offering to purchase silver at a steadily rising price,—and in practically unlimited quantities,—the American Government could, undoubtedly, increase the purchasing power of these communities, superficially at least. But the legislation hitherto passed, and the international conventions so far made in this connection, do not hold up the United States as unlimited purchasers, at indefinitely rising price. By a Presidential proclamation, the new policy of silver purchase, at stated price, is to be in operation upto the end of 1937. During that period the American Treasury is bound by law to buy only the newly-mined American silver at this official price, rising to a maximum of 1.29 dollar per ounce. Now the aggregate world production of silver,—including silver made out of melted coins or plate,—was, in 1933, 273 million ounces, as against the 210 million ounces of the previous year. The higher price in 1933 is clearly at work in this increased supply. But of this total supply for 1933, new American mined silver was only about 23 million ounces in round terms. If the much higher price of 1934-35 should stimulate silver exports to the States in anything like the proportion of the rise in price, the United States would easily exhaust its need for silver in reserve, and perhaps prove its inability to buy out such stocks of world silver. For in India alone the stock of silver, in coin and artware, is estimated to be some 5,000 million ounces—the actual rupees probably in circulation having been estimated, a few years ago, at something like 500 crores equal to about 2,000 million ounces of standard silver. The total new world production of silver, without counting melted coin or realised plate, is about 160 to 200 million ounces. The American Treasury now needs only about 1,000 million ounces;—which a single unit like India can supply, if the price were high enough, say Rs. 120 per 100 tolas—to be tempting to the silver-holder. The United States have, however, hedged by concluding a Treaty with the principal consumers of silver, which would require them in five years from 1933 to buy from the Government account of those consuming countries 120 million ounces. And these Governments have undertaken not to sell more than an agreed quantity,—much below the aggregate requirements of the United States. America has, moreover, recently prohibited the import of foreign silver coin,—except through licensed importers, perhaps. The silver-using countries are sufficiently alarmed to devise their own measures to conserve their own stocks of silver; and to preserve their currency system. In these circumstances, American action alone bringing about such an appreciation of silver so as to raise the ratio between gold and silver from 73.29:1 in 1932, to 16:1 in the current year, appears to be very uncertain of lasting success. The only success this venture of America may aspire to is in regard to making American silver-mining remunerative; and, perhaps, if the inflation programme is insisted upon to the hilt, in raising for a while the domestic price-level generally. Nothing more.

· JUSTICE DENIED

The hopes entertained regarding justice being done to Indian settlers in Kenya and Zanzibar seem to be deferred still if not altogether destroyed. As our Simla correspondent pointed out yesterday, the silence of the Government of India over this question, which is exercising the minds of all sections of the Indian public, only shows that matters are not taking a satisfactory turn. Sir P. Cunliffe-Lister, the Colonial Secretary, has, however, evinced an unsympathetic—we had almost said, anti-Indian—attitude from the very first, and he seems to have persisted in it inspite of the strong representation of the Government of India. The main reason, of course, why India is denied bare justice with impunity is that she lacks sanctions to press her demands. The call of justice for her sons and daughters overseas can be safely ignored—and will be ignored—as long as India remains what she is, a helot in the Empire! Mr. C. F. Andrews, who is personally acquainted with the whole situation and who is at present in Simla, will, of course, see that India's case does not go by default.

FRANCO-GERMAN ANTAGONISM

A Lesson From History

By K. F. Nariman
II.

In 1870 when Bismark had crushed the French and was in a position to dictate most humiliating terms, leading to the almost complete annihilation of France, the French peace delegate, General Wimpffin pleaded for tolerance, sympathy and consideration in the following prophetic and pathetic terms:—

"If you will concede me nothing as a soldier, do it as a human being, even as a German. My country (France) is prouder than any other, chivalrous and susceptible to magnanimity. Do in policy what you refuse in compassion. Give us conditions, which will spare the self-respect of the Grand-Armee (French Army) and you will gain the friendship of a whole nation. The pain will be alleviated; if you remain cold and ruthless, if you stir to fury the sense of honour of my people, you will sow a crop of wrath and revenge; it will come to war again and again and there will be no end. Let us proclaim the brotherhood of our people and banish the old vendetta."

Bismarck's Reply

And how did Bismarck reply? Bismarck, with his imperialist pride, puffed up by recent victories, with inconceivable arrogance, contemptuously turned down and spurned the pathetic appeal in these bluffing words! "It is never wise to reckon on the thanks of individuals and it is always dangerous to build on the gratitude of an alien people. The bellicose spirit of France must be crushed." This short-sighted policy led, for the time being, to the complete humiliation and crushing of France in 1870, but only to fulfil the almost divine prophecies of the great French General, so that in less than half a century, the French, never forgetting the 1870 sting, 'stirred to fury' by the sense of outraged honour, continuously 'sowed the crop of wrath and revenge,' and in the end completely reversed the position, so that the 1919 Treaty of Versailles is only a repetition of 1870 Treaty of Paris with the reversal of parties. This time it was the biters who were bit, the humiliated and crushed, became equally ruthless and unbending and insisted with the same cruel rigid Bismarckian logic, on complete subjugation of Bismarckian Prussian spirit, the 'Kaiserian Militarism.' Thus, in two generations, the Prussians are made to pay through the nose for the arrogance and insolence of their predecessor. The overdose of Versailles, has again 'sowed the crop of wrath and revenge' on the more fertile soil for such crop, on the other side of the Rhine, and Hitler to-day appeals to his nation in the name of national pride and honour as the French delegate pleaded half a century ago.

The Vicious Circle

Thus round and round a vicious circle turns the struggle of modern civilised human beings, and so long as this idea of supremacy and desire to crush the supposed weaker nation prevails, in any part of the globe, there can be no permanent, real peace, between India and Great Britain, or in Central Europe or in the Far East. Dozens of make-shifts and artificial devices, such as leagues, pacts, conferences and conventions, or bogus constitutions, cannot alter the situation, till this spirit is completely crushed. This is the Herculean task that Mahatmaji has undertaken, this is what he means, when he persistently maintains that real, willing and permanent co-operation and good-will, peace and friendship can only flow from genuine 'Satyagraha' that seeks to bring about a permanent change by the change of heart.

As it is, modern history teaches us that it has always been a "crop of wrath and revenge," sowed by a crushing defeat and humiliation that is followed by a popular victory. That explains the decisive proletarian victory in Russia in 1918, after the Czarist excesses during the 1905-06 abortive rebellion. Similarly, the 1916 British Imperial attempt to completely crush Irish Republican spirit, after the failure of the Easter Rebellion, carried in it the main cause and incentive of its revival with redoubled force from 1918 onwards. It was thus that the eleven defeats of Sun Yet Sen or eleven imprisonments of Mussolini or the combined efforts of all Powers, failed to crush either the Chinese-Republicans or the Italian Fascists, or the valiant Kemalists. And the latest illustration is that of German revival, so quickly after the supposed crushing defeat in the last war.

No Defeat In Right Cause

Let us repeat the words of Clemenceau, the tiger of France, uttered on the occasion of a great strategic retreat to the alarmist and defeatist mentality, in the Allied Camp, who feared moral reaction and disaster in such a course; he said:—"There is no defeat of right cause, that does not contain within it, the elements of some future reaction towards success. So that, it is enough to be on the right side of the barricade, to find oneself in the end upheld by events and justified by results. The barricade must not be merely of stone, to be exploded by a bomb, but of human progress, will and determination, which nothing can destroy." Memorable words, more applicable to non-violent bloodless struggle based on right and justice. Thus our concern should be to be on the right side of the 'barricade' and to contain the right type of 'human barricade.' Then, even apparent temporary set-backs and defeats, in the right cause, would automatically contain the seeds of future success.

(Concluded.)

Frankly Speaking

POOR MACDONALD

Mercifully softened by doctors and occulists, Mr. MacDonald's humiliation by stages—a Tory tribute, we should think, to the theory of the "inevitability of gradualness"—is to attain its penultimate stage in three weeks' time, when he will yield the appertenances of power also to Mr. Stanley Baldwin. Mr. MacDonald will be generously allowed to remain in the Cabinet with the empty dignity of the Lord President of the Council, a kind of gilded slave whose one privilege will be to fight his old party again at the next election prior to final disappearance from the political scene, unwept and unsung but probably honoured with a peerage. A later report says that the change next in importance to that in Premiership would be the substitution of Captain Anthony Eden for Sir John Simon at the Foreign Office. Whether he likes—the promotion?—to the Home Office or not, international politics will not suffer any disaster by his exit. Indeed, the Tory Captain Eden has already proved a far better success than the "Liberal" Sir John Simon.

ITALY REJECTS MEDIATION

"The Italo-Abyssinian situation", says a Geneva message, "has reached a complete deadlock, Signor Mussolini having rejected the mediators' proposals". An earlier message has already pointed to the direction in which the wind was blowing at Geneva through the suggestion of a "defiant attitude" on the part of Abyssinia. The League, it may, therefore, be taken for granted, will betray Abyssinia even as it did China. For, Italy has openly acted as the recalcitrant party. It has persistently refused arbitration and has now rejected the mediators' proposal. Seized of the question under Article 15 of the Covenant—which provides for investigation by the Council with a view to effecting a settlement—it must, in view of the attitude of Signor Mussolini, under that article, publish, without necessarily securing the concurrence of the disputants, a unanimous report and recommendations. But since Italy is clearly to blame, the League will do nothing of the kind. For, it does not possess the courage to pursue its own obligations to their logical conclusion where it is faced with the defiance of a Big Power.

LEAGUE WON'T DARE

The League knows that Signor Mussolini has been making preparations, over its head, for war and may declare it any moment. In that case Il Duce will have fulfilled, as it were, all the conditions referred to in Article 16 of the Covenant which calls for effective military, economic and financial action by members of the League, because, "Should any Member of the League resort to war in disregard of its covenants under Article 12, (arbitration and agreement not to resort to war until 3 months after the award) 13, (acceptance of the award) or 15, it shall "ipso facto" be deemed to have committed an act of war against all Members of the League." The members of the League will not dare to face Italy with the determination to carry out their obligations.

CONGRESS SOCIALISTS

It is regrettable that the Congress Socialists should have been involved, quite obviously for no fault of theirs, in a controversy over their 'bona fides' in regard to the trade union aspect of their activities. Since insinuations were made against them it was but natural for the Executive Committee of the Bombay branch to publish a repudiation. The Committee denies the accusations that the Congress Socialists have "become party to following a policy of pure economism and of collaboration with the Labour Officer appointed by the Government and of reaction in trade union matters generally." The allegations, specially the latter two, are really much too absurd to deserve any serious notice. As to the former, the party by the very reason of its being cannot go in exclusively for a policy of "pure economism." As a part of the Congress it cannot but be a political party also.

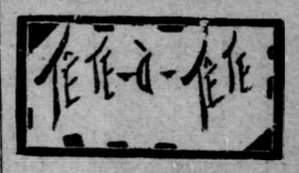
A WORD OF ADVICE

But we are afraid the emphasis on the denial of "pure economism" is liable to be misinterpreted as implying that Congress Socialists are concerned more with the contemplation of a distant political goal than with the immediate needs of the workers. As a matter of fact a feeling resembling this is already abroad and Congress Socialists will do well to take note of it and dissipate it by that most effective of all argument, action. The Party's plan of action includes, as the statement says, "the organisation of peasant and labour unions and entry into such unions where they exist for the purpose of developing and participating in the day to day economic and political struggle of the workers and peasants"...But so far—we are really very sorry to have to say so—energies have all but exclusively been spent in a verbal and fierce fight on behalf of the ideological implications of the ultimate objectives and the demands of the immediate present have been neglected. This ought not to be the Congress Socialist way. The Congress Socialists, if they are to justify themselves, must devote more—we do not say all—attention to the actual needs and grievances of the people whom they are out to serve. "Talk less and work more" should be their slogan."

— PRESS VIEWS —

The Burma Tribunal

Till fuller details are available, it is not possible to subject the decision of the Burma Tribunal to a close scrutiny. But two things are evident. One is that India is to bear 92-1/2 per cent of the charges incurred in the conquest and early development of Burma. The 7 1/2 per cent of net liabilities to be transferred to Burma will not amount to much as the expenditure on New Delhi and other such enterprises are to be counted among the assets. If, as a sequel to this agreement the British section of the Indian Army and the Army Budget are reduced by 7 1/2 per cent, it will be of some use but the Tribunal had presumably no power to go into such questions of Imperial Policy. The arrangement regarding currency is a prelude to the starting of a separate Bank for Burma. It is really difficult to see why it should not be done from now. As it is, the Indian Reserve Bank will do well to give notice from now that separated Burma should manage her currency as best she can.—"Indian Express."



SOVIET'S AIM TO RID WORLD OF MALARIA.
—Headline.

A fresh, if disguised, revolutionary drive against capitalism and the existing system of society?

* * * *

"The Government of Bengal should," solemnly demands Dalal Street, "read Babu Rajendra Prasad's statement with a dispassionate mind."

We profoundly sympathise with our contemporary.

* * * *

A correspondent in the "Indian Print and Paper" suggests that the standard of living of Japanese labourers is not inferior to that of any other country.

This is an objectionable exaggeration. The standard is certainly inferior to that of Indian labourers.

The suggestion in fact is an impudent challenge which Mr. H. P. Mody and his Millowners' Association must immediately take up.

* * * *

According to Bertrand Russel three courses are open to Britain in the event of war:—to join France and Italy, to act through the League and to stand rigidly aloof.

Why not stand rigidly aloof by, acting through the League?

* * * *

"Under the unique leadership of Mustafa Kemal Pasha," thus acknowledges an Anglo-Indian journal, "The Sick Man of Europe' would seem to be very much alive and kicking".

How the world changes. But Turkey would have remained "the Sick Man of Europe" if Mustafa Kemal—whom Europe called a mad adventurer, a pretender, a rebel, an outlaw and many other things—had not kicked and kicked with a vengeance over twelve years ago.

* * * *

A way out of the Italo-Abyssinian deadlock has offered itself. Mussolini has advanced counter-proposals. What the much harassed members of the League Council should now do is thankfully to adopt his proposals, inflict them on Abyssinia and, immediately Abyssinia objects to them, to condemn her as the aggressor.

* * * *

The Earl of Lytton contributes to the Press a strong and moving article on "League the Only Hope of a War-Weary World."

The noble Lord is eminently entitled to pay this tribute to the League. He was the Chairman of the Commission that inquired, a few years ago, into the Sino-Japanese troubles and made a report to the League of Nations as a result of which the League thoroughly justified its great reputation as the only hope of peace, justice, etc., etc.

* * * *

Munitions Boom Reduces Unemployment In Japan.
—Headline.

And it will further be reduced, indeed wiped out, when these munitions duly boom and burst.

* * * *

Press report says:—"Officials in Simla are anxious to take in Sir Cowasji."

Liberals in Bombay are equally anxious, we trust, to send Sir Cowasji out.

* * * *

"I began to feel that politics had become a dirty game." Says Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer in an article in the Punjab Anglo-Indian paper the "C. and M. Gazette."

Further comments are not necessary, we think. "The Indian press has degenerated so much so that the stronger ones conviction, the meaner the motives attributed to him." Continues Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer.

Now what, does he think, was the quality of his conviction, when, long ago, he used to be credited, what with imprisonment, khaddar, Swarajist thunder, etc., with very strong motives indeed?

* * * *

Baldwin for Premiership.
—Headline.

Our Junior colleague protests that he is tired of this news.

* * * *

Jimson was relating his experiences in India.

"I was taking my usual morning dip when I spotted three gladiators making for me, so I had to swim for dear life!"

"You mean navigators—something like a crocodile?" interposed Johnson.

"Well, what are gladiators?"

"Gladiators? Why, they're a sort of flower grown from bulbs."

"Bargain Between States & His Majesty"

Scope & Effect Of Instrument Of Accession

King Not Bound To Accept If Proposals Are Inconsistent, Says Inskip

"Giving States Very Privileged Position"

LONDON, May 23.

The report stage of the India Bill began this afternoon in the House of Commons when Sir Samuel Hoare who was again in charge of the Bill moved his amendment providing that sex should be no disqualification for certain offices. He explained that the amendment was designed to carry out the undertaking given in the Committee stage with reference to the eligibility of women for public services. The clause was agreed to after Miss Irene Ward withdrew her amendment to provide that sex should not be disqualified for the professions.

Main Purpose

Sir. Thomas Inskip then moved a series of amendments to clause six as also a few connected amendments to clause eight. He said the main purpose of the redraft of clause six was to meet certain objections by the States to the words in the original clause referring to the acceptance of the act by the Instrument of Accession. The first amendment, without altering the substance of the matter, would meet the fear which the Princes felt, but which they were reluctant to admit that Parliament had any control over the Government of their States. When the second amendment would make the position clear with regard to their federal powers.

The third amendment made it plain what are the scope and effect of the instrument of accession, and the extent to which the limitation of the federal powers can take place by the terms of the instruments of accession, assuming always of course, that His Majesty has accepted the instrument.

Subsection four makes it quite clear that His Majesty is not bound to accept the instrument of accession, if the proposals seem inconsistent with the scheme of the act, and there is a proviso that once the instrument of accession is accepted its validity cannot be called in question.

Subsection five is a re-draft of the sub-section which already appears in the Bill in regard to the acts made subsequent to the instrument of accession. Then there is the proposal to omit subsection nine which refers specifically to the federal list. I do not pretend that it is easy unless one follows very closely the provisions word by word as they stand in the Bill, and the provisions of the new clause, to appreciate the exact scope of these amendments. They are important to the States as clarifying the position as it was always intended to be. It was never intended that this Parliament could impose new constitution on the States.

A Bargain

Sir. Thomas Inskip proceeded that the words used in the Bill were undoubtedly regarded by the States as giving rise to that view and they have attempted to meet that point without departing from the principle of the Bill. He said:—In so far as the instruments of accession are concerned perhaps I can point out that it is a bilateral instrument —a bargain between the States and His Majesty. Before it is accepted as bringing the States in it must be accepted by His Majesty. To that extent the States' conception is accurate. But the plain truth is that the instrument when accepted will be the means by which the willingness of the states to accept the constitution is expressed and it is necessary to remember that the power that the states have in the instrument of accession is the right to exclude certain federal powers as are affecting their States.

"As regards the amendments to the clause eight, I can only mention that they touch the point that the legislative powers give to the corresponding administrative powers, and they will be found to be really drafting the amendments. The house will realise that there is no idea of Accession, and their right to accept certain federal powers as applying them—there is no idea of giving the States the right to modify the bill or accept a different bill from that which parliament passes.

Perfectly Plain

Sir. Thomas Inskip stated "we desire to make it perfectly plain that the State cannot modify any provision of the Bill. In clause 134 (which is a new clause in the Bill as amended in the committee stage and not the original clause 134) there is a power to contract, out of regard to certain matters as for example water rights, but apart from such provision in the Bill they must accept the Bill as it is. What they may do in the Instrument of Accession is to accept certain items of the legislative list, and it gives the Crown full power to reject the instrument of accession.

Major Attlee said that Labourites opposed the proposed new clause because it went too far. It was unilateral and really strengthened the position of the states. The States, by agreement, can accept certain matters, and now they would be able to vary other matters.

Sir Thomas Inskip said only by extending the powers which apply to that state. They cannot diminish them.

Maj. Aattlee said by the provision the state could get out of the Federation Clause as the whole give the state a very privileged position.

Sir Henry Page-croft enquired whether the views of the Princes on these amendments have been ascertained. He asked if the Chamber of Princes met to discuss them.

No Unanimous Vote

Sir Thomas Inskip replied "I must not be taken to accept the statement that there was a unanimous vote in the Chamber of Princes rejecting the Bill. There were certain communications expressing the view that the States were pressing a number of points on which they desired amendments and re-consideration, but the only question with which I am now concerned is by what reason Government have to believe that the states accept the general structure of clause six if it is amended as proposed. We have not, of course, obtained the direct view of the states as a whole on the amendments, but on the other hand, Sir Samuel Hoare's advisers have been able to discuss these amendments with their counsel who had been briefed to represent their views to the large body of States represented at the Conference. Sir Samuel Hoare had always taken the view that the difficulties felt by the States were largely matters of misunderstanding, but of a slight difference in the point of view and that they can be adjusted without a radical change in the main structure of the Bill.

Sir Thomas Inskip added that the discussions which had taken place have justified that view, and the amendments are the practical outcome of a particularly extensive and careful examination with Princes' counsel on the clause and subsections as they stand. The items point by point had been most carefully examined. The counsel representing the states were in no way plenipotentiaries empowered to commit the states and "I do not wish to suggest that every single point had been made in precisely the way the Princes would have desired, but I can go so far as to say that upon those which I have described as more important the counsel were of the opinion that the amendments proposed could be submitted to the princes as a reasonable solution of the difficulties which appear to arise under the original provisions of the Bill. That impression has been confirmed by the information received from India while these discussions were proceeding.

Sir Henry Page-Croft said he gathered that Government hoped the amendments would meet the Princes' views, but actually the States by the instruments of Chamber of Princes had not given that opinion.

More Than Hopeful.

Sir Thomas Inskip replied: "I can say that Government were more than hopeful. They were confident that these amendments, without altering the structure of the scheme of the Bill, will meet the views of the Princes, but it would certainly be impossible until the Bill is passed and Princes see it as a whole for them to express their final opinion with regard to their willingness to accede to the Bill.

"Judging from the conversations which have taken place, I am confident that the amendments which are proposed in the clause, and those which I shall propose to the latter clause, will meet the doubts and allay the fears expressed in the document I have mentioned.

The principal amendment was carried by 174 to 32, as also other amendments.

Amendments to clause 8 were also carried.

EDEN AS PEACE-MAKER

Working Hard To Remove Italo-Abyssinian Deadlock

GENEVA, May 23.

As a rapporteur for dispute Capt. Anthony Eden is displaying utmost effort to remove the Italo-Abyssinian deadlock before to-morrow's meeting of the League Council when the dispute is on the agenda.

Capt. Anthony Eden is working a complete agreement with M. Laval and the couple called on Baron Aloisi.

The latter is in constant telephonic communication with Rome and apparently Signor Mussolini has advanced counter proposals. —Reuter.

ALL-BURMA YOUTH LEAGUE RAID

Hoare Promises To Make Enquiries

LONDON, May 23.

In the House of Commons Major Milner asked whether any communication has been received from the Government of India on the subject of the proposed extension of areas of Kenya Highlands where the Indian settlement was subject to restrictions.

Sir Samuel Hoare replied in the affirmative although he had not yet received full statement. The question has been discussed informally with the Secretary of State for colonies and he was unable to say further.

Mr. George Hall drew attention to the fact that the headquarters of the All-Burma Youth League was twice raided by the police and asked under what law the premises were raided and what reason.

Sir Samuel Hoare replied he had no information and promised to make inquiries if Mr. George Hall wished.—Reuter.

KING'S COURAGE IN WAR

LONDON, (By Mail.)

The Army Council, in its message, signed by Viscount Hailsham, Minister for War, said:

"The Army's traditional loyalty to the Sovereign acquired during the Great War a special quality of personal devotion to Your Majesty, whose courage sustained them in their trials and whose confidence inspired them to victory. In the succeeding years Your Majesty's abiding concern for all who have served or are serving in the military forces of the Crown and for their dependants has deepened those feelings of devotion."

Dominion Premiers Examine Hitler's Speech

RUGBY, May 24.

It is understood that Herr Hitler's speech was examined and discussed at a further meeting yesterday, of the British Commonwealth Prime Ministers and Ministers, when an examination of the international situation, particularly with reference to defence aspects, was again considered.—B.O.W.

Mr. D. R. D. Wadia, President of the Indian Radio Amateurs' League, and Mrs. Wadia left Bombay for Europe by the Italian mail boat on Thursday. Mr. Wadia has been invited to speak over the "Air" from the powerful Dutch, German and American short-wave stations. He will visit most of the leading Radio stations of the world before returning to India. Photo shows Mr. and Mrs. Wadia in the centre of the group.

NAGPUR FIRE PLAYS HAVOC

Secretariat Building Destroyed Causing Rs. 15,00,000 Damage

NAGPUR, May 24.

A serious fire broke out at 2-30 this morning in the main building of the Government Secretariat.

The fire which originated with a small spark was fanned by the westerly breeze and completely gutted the building, while a solitary fire engine did its best to fight the conflagration with the help of the entire police force.

All that could be saved was a few records. After three and half hours' of destruction, the flames spent themselves, but not before they had completely razed to the ground the roof of the magnificent building constructed in pre-war days.

At six this morning the scene presented a few scraps of smouldering wreckage from which the firemen and the police were snatching records and pieces of furniture.

The Secretariat Library containing valuable books and records in ground floor has been considerably damaged but greater damage has been done to the upper storey where more important government Departments are housed.

The cause of fire is under investigation. The estimated damage is Rs. 15,00,000.—A. P.

IMPORTANT RECORDS DESTROYED

3,000 Residents Witness Big Blaze

NAGPUR, May, 24.

The Secretariat building which was gutted down by fire presented a distressing sight this morning. Records in the office of the Inspector-General of Police, Hospitals, Director of Public Instruction, Chief Engineer, Director of Public Health, were all destroyed. All railings of the stair-cases were burnt down.

A portrait of Sir Reginald Craddock, former Chief Commissioner which was removed from the Council Hall, as a protest against his vituperations against Gandhiji was also burnt down. The entire roof was destroyed and the massive stony building was wrecked in several places. All work has been suspended and offices will be temporarily located in the Morris College.

Information has been received that all members of the Government, which is at Pachmarhi, are coming down to Nagpur this evening. All records in the office of the Inspector General of Police including records from the Special Branch are now but mere ashes. This is a serious loss to the Government.

It appears that the fire broke out at 1 a.m. and the Fire Brigade arrived within 45 minutes, but could not fight the flames till 3 a.m. as water was not available.

Over 3,000 residents of Nagpur witnessed the fire, which was visible even from a distance of three miles.—United Press.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

OBITUARY

SARADCHANDRA, son of Harkisandas Laxmidas Jhaveri (Kapole Bania) died on Friday night. Uthamna Ceremony will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (B.T.) at Devji Nivas Ghod Bunder Road, Santa Cruz, opp. Juhu Road.

"Mauretania" Auction Proceeds

(Special Cable)

LONDON, May 23.

Notwithstanding souvenir hunters, this week's sale of "Mauretania" fittings only fetched £14,000.

Temporary Location For Secretariat

PACHMARI, May 24.

According to information available officially, the fire broke out before 1-30 a.m. The top storey of the Secretariat was completely gutted and all records were lost. The lower storey was practically unaffected and most valuable records were saved. The departments affected were Education, Police, Medical, Co-operative Credit and the P.W.D. whose records were burnt, out. The Heads of Department left for Nagpur this morning, Mr. N. J. Roughton, Chief Secretary, C. P. Government is leaving this afternoon.

The cause of fire is presumably the defect in electric fuse.

It is officially estimated that the damage is nearly four lakhs. It is impossible to indicate the nature of records burnt presently. The Chief Secretary stated that some of the less important records which were in the lower storey were unaffected.

It is understood that the secretariat is located temporarily at the Morris College buildings. Shifting has already commenced. —A.P.

Police Records Burnt

NAGPUR, May 24.

Further details are now available of the Secretariat fire.

From the crumbling of the debris from the top storey of the building, from which smoke is unceasingly issuing, the building which was constructed in 1910 at a cost of 13 lakhs is gradually giving way leaving big crevices in the masonry. Hundred years' records of the C.I.D., P.W.D. and departments of Inspector-General of Police and Director of Public Health, have been completely destroyed.

The Stair-cases leading to the first floor are one mass of ruins.

The fire was first discovered by a sentry at 2 a.m. An Alarm was raised, and the Municipal Fire Brigade was the first on the scene, but was later on assisted by the Brigade belonging to the Empress Mills. The police and the military from the Sitabaldi Fort came to the assistance still later when, within three hours, destruction was almost complete. News of the fire was telegraphically conveyed to H. E. the Governor at Pachmari.

According to a later estimate, the loss stands at about Rs. 10,00,000.—A.P.

Covering 25,000 miles on foot and exploring every nook and corner of India, Sushil Kumar Dey, a young Bengali globe-trotter reached Karachi on Tuesday.

No Setback To U. S. Recovery Programme

Government Avoids Inflating Currency To Pay War Bonuses

Senate Votes Against Roosevelt's Veto

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, May 23.

By nine votes government avoided inflating her currency by 2,200,000,000 dollars to pay war bonuses.

Simultaneously the President escaped the most severe setback to his recovery programme.

The Senate voted 54 to 40 against Roosevelt's veto, thereby falling nine short of the necessary two-thirds majority.

The vote came after impassioned efforts of the inflationists to save the bill. Roosevelt did not comment when he was informed of the vote, but gratification is expressed elsewhere in the White House.

Senator Clark is prepared to substitute the Bill, offering the President the choice between inflation and borrowing for the use and for the relief funds, while the House of Representatives re-introduced the Vinson Bill with an amendment providing the payment of bonuses against the work of the relief fund.

FRANCE'S BIG GOLD DRAIN

Decision To Discount Rate Reflects Increasing Nervousness

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, May 23.

The decision of the Bank of France to raise the discount rate from 2-1|2 to 3 per cent reflects the increasing nervousness of the French authorities as regards the heavy withdrawals of gold from the Bank of France, mostly for shipment to New York.

The drain of gold recently had been very heavy. During the week ended May 17 the Bank of France lost gold valued at nearly £7,000,000, which brings the total loss sustained by the bank since the beginning of April to £38,000,000.

Raising the discount rate is obviously meant to check such withdrawals by encouraging the operators to leave their funds with a view to the increased return now earned their capital in Paris.

It is pointed out that the decision further postpones the realisation of M. Flandin's cheap money policy.

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, May 24.

Following are the results of first class cricket matches which commenced on Wednesday:—

OXFORD UNIVERSITY vs. YORKSHIRE:—Yorkshire won by an innings and 59 runs. Oxford 192 and 202 (R. Kimpton 84; Fisher four for 35). Yorkshire 453.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE vs. LANCASHIRE:—Lancashire won by eight wickets. Gloucester 163 and 260 (Neale 58). Lancashire 341 and 84 for two.

GLAMORGAN vs. WORCESTER:—Glamorgan won on first innings. Glamorgan 279 and 241 for nine declared. Worcester 261 and 149 for six.—Reuter's Special.

BOBSLEIGH'S TROT

Trainer Satisfied

(Special Cable)

NEWMARKET, May 24.

Bobsleigh has given a good bout in trotting and later cantered five furlongs. The trainer said that he was satisfied and would gallop him to-morrow.

LATEST BETTING ON DERBY

LONDON, May 24.

Following is the latest London betting on Derby:—

"Bahram" even money.

4|1 "Bobsleigh" offered 9|2 taken.

25|1 "Firstson" taken and offered.—Reuter's Special.

The King has approved of the extension of the term of office of the Earl of Clarendon as Governor-General the Union of South Africa.

LONDON AGOG WITH RUMOURS

Cabinet Reconstruction Evokes Bewildering Succession Of Speculation

LONDON, May 23.

Government's "socialist policy" is the reason ascribed for the defection of the five M.P.'s instancing the Housing Bill, the India Bill, London Passenger Traffic Act and the Petroleum Production Act. They also disagree with the recent Anglo-Polish trade treaty.

The nature of the Cabinet reconstruction remains a well-kept secret, hence it evokes a bewildering succession of speculation.

The most supported forecast is the substitution of Sir John Simon by Mr. Eden. It is suggested that Sir John Simon may be appointed the Home Secretary.

On the other hand Mr. Neville Chamberlain is almost the only Minister for whom those responsible for a rumour have not found a new office.

It is presumed he will remain the Chancellor.—Reuter's Special.

SWEDISH PRINCES' WEDDING

(Special Cable)

STOCKHOLM, May 24.

Amidst scenes of utmost splendour, Princess Ingrid of Sweden was married to Crown Prince Frederick of Denmark.

ROYAL GUEST.

Kings of Sweden, Denmark and Belgians were present at the ceremony which Britain was represented by Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, Princess Helena Victoria, and Lady Patricia Ramsay while the members of all other royal families of Europe were among the guests.

Thousands of people from all parts of Denmark and Sweden cheered the royal couple as they drove back to the palace in an open carriage escorted by cavalry after the ceremony.

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Congress And Its Critics

A REPLY TO MR. RANGA IYER

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The extent of the means which ex-M.L.A.'s are capable of adopting to get into that body again, can be distinctly gauged by the statement issued by Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer, in reply to that of Sir Chimanlal. It was only a few days back that the same ex-M.L.A. and once Deputy Leader of the Opposition, laid bare the immense depth of his ignorance from the heights of Simla, by unduly taking Mr. Jinnah severely to task for supporting the Congress and making it a force to be reckoned with in the course of his lengthy letter to the local "Times." The letter was replied by me through the columns of the same paper but dictates of policy did not permit it to accept the whole and even the part that was published was weakened beyond recognition. Today Mr. Iyer has added another feather to his cap by once more demonstrating his uncontrollable fondness for attacking statements of leaders who have even one fair or just word for the Congress.

The reply, as a whole, seems to have been made more with a mind to criticise the Congress than with a view to examine Sir Chimanlal's statement. The ex-M.L.A., it is but natural, cannot tolerate those who have replaced him and his like, to be congratulated upon their splendid behaviour in the Assembly, and therefore finds fault with Sir Chimanlal for omitting to take note of the civil and social shortcomings of the members of the Congress party. The "once Deputy Leader of the Opposition" need not be told that neither the Government nor Sir Chimanlal is much concerned with or perturbed over solitary cases of sitting down and getting up; but what matter most are the victories of the Congress on the constitutional front, the victories which are classified as "political obstruction" by dissatisfied ex-M.L.A.'s like Mr. Ranga and defeated M.L.A.'s like Mr. F. E. James. A victory of the Opposition cannot be turned into a defeat by dogmatically classifying it as "political obstruction." Why did the Government, in spite of their solid bloc, fail to break it through? Why did the majority of the elected members withhold their support to the Government? The fact, however unpalatable and bitter it may be, remains that the Government benches, in spite of their best attemps, failed to convince the elected element that they were in the right.

Mr. Iyer, genuinely regrets that parliamentary politics in the opinion of Sir Setalvad, "admit of listening to the Opposition and swallowing their insults" only. But Mr. Iyer is no better. In his opinion, they admit only of hissing at the Opposition and swallowing their victories. Mr. Iyer rejoices over the firm attitude of the Government, in not taking assaults of the Congress parliamentarians lying down. He fundamentally errs badly somewhere. With the failure of all their attempts to turn Mr. Jinnah into a gramophone machine, the Government were forced, though reluctantly, to take the assaults not only of the Congress but of most of the elected members, lying down behind the comfortable and unassailable barrier of their special powers. The net result of all these is, that greater attention is paid to the "lying specialists" than the parliamentarians whose worth has considerably dwindled with their institution, viz., the Assembly.

Mr. Ranga once more runs mad with wild exultation over the certification of the Finance Bill. This personal opinion of the ex-M.L.A. stands sufficiently condemned and repudiated even by the European group. Mr. Ranga has blown enough and it is in his interest now to cease. As for Communism, can Mr. Ranga point out even a single capitalistic country where things are allowed to drift in whatever way they like as in our land? In a country where pre-war economics predominate to such an alarming extent, one cannot disassociate oneself from the U.P. leader when he said that he preferred Communism to the present state of donothingism.

As for the policy on which the British Government is thriving in India, I would commend people like Mr. Ranga to the biography of Lord Birkenhead, the Secretary of State for India from 1924 to 1928, published recently by his own. Some of the private letters of the Conservative Secretary of State are published and those concerning India to Lord Irwin are particularly interesting. Commenting upon the appointment of Indians on the Simon Commission, the biographer of Lord Birkenhead says: "The important question arose as to whether or not Indians should be represented upon the Commission. Lord Birkenhead and the Viceroy were agreed that there should be no Indian Commissioners, that the advantages of having Indians on the Commission were outweighed by the disadvantages." After the appointment of the Commission and its subsequent boycott, Lord Birkenhead, in the course of his letter to Lord Irwin says, "We have always relied on the non-boycotting Muslims; on the depressed community, on the business interests and on many others to break down the attitude of boycott." When the Commission was received rather coldly in India, Lord Birkenhead in the course of one of his letters says, "I should advice Simon to see at all stages, important people who are not boycotting the Commission, particularly Muslims and the depressed classes. I should widely advertise all his interviews with representative Muslims. The whole policy is now obvious. It is to terrify the immense Hindu population by the apprehension that the Commission is being got hold of by the Muslims and may present a report, altogether destructive of the Hindu position, thereby securing a solid Muslim support and leaving Jinnah high and dry." Is this not enough for our Communalist brethren? No. Never Lord Willingdon and Sir Samuel Hoare are having more of this fun.—Yours, etc.,

P. D. DALAL.

"Gift Of Silver Jubilee Car

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Under instructions from my clients Messrs. Kaderbhai Husenali Khambati, Mahomedali Tajbhai Jarwala, M. M. E. Rupawalla and Esufali, Mahomedali Batawalla, I have to address you as under:—

The attention of my clients has been drawn to a report published in the issue of 23rd May, 1935, under the heading "Gift of Silver Jubilee Car". The report states that Mr. Salebhai Abdul Tayeb, the winner of the Silver Chevrolet car has made a gift of the same to Janab Bhai Saheb Saffiuddin, the head Amil Saheb of Bombay.

My clients state that a dispute was going on with reference to tht ownership of this car between my clients and the said Salebhai, Abdul Tayeb. The said dispute was settled by Janab Bhai Saheb Salebhai Saheb in favour of my clients and the said car was left in the possession of Janab Bhai Saheb Salebhai Saheb by my clients pending transfer of registration in the joint names of my clients and one Jafferbhai Gulamhussein who had formed a syndicate.

My clients state that the report that Salebhai Abdul Tayeb made a gift of this car to Janab Bhai Saheb is misleading and has caused a misunderstanding in the minds of several of your readers who knew of this dispute.

My clients have, therefore, requested you to publish this letter so that the misunderstanding might be removed.—Yours, etc.,

A. SHETE.

Bombay, May 24.

Employees Of A.I. Spinners' Association Institutions

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I think the public (mostly interested in Khaddar) well remember the statement, released to the press, few days ago by Sjt. M. J. Gazdar, congratulating the Secretary of the A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar for Bhandar's decision to allow their employees four holidays in a month. But how such congratulation is deserved has been brought to the knowledge of the public in a rejoinder, released recently by Sjt. Mukund Desai and in which he also dealt with the general conditions of the employees of the Khaddar selling and Khaddar propagating institution, affiliated to the All-India Spinners' Association. Sjt. Mukund Desai has also rendered a great service in throwing necessary light over his holiday decision. However, it is strange that neither our friend Sjt. Gazdar nor the Secretary of the A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar have deemed it necessary further to say a word about the holiday affair.

I have been able to gather facts about the administration of the Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, (this is affiliated to A.I.S.A.) of our city and the matters have reached a state when I have got to do the task, however unpleasant it may be, of bringing the facts to the knowledge of the public, at the earliest moment.

Below are some of the most serious type of complaints so far as the condition of the employees of the Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works is concerned:—

Looking to the lowest decent standard of the human life in a city like Bombay, the salaries of the employees are so low that they are hardly able to satisfy their barest necessities of life.

The employees have no benefit of workmen's insurance, Provident Fund or any like beneficial arrangement, that can be expected in a public institution.

The employees even do not get 4 holidays in a month, though this is a universally recognised necessity for those who have to do physical and mental labour for their livelihood.

There are no rules as regards privilege, casual or sick leave. Generally the employees get neither of these.

This works remian open for complete 12 hours in a day i.e., the employees have to work from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. during which period, they get about 1/1-1/2 hours for their meals. Most of the employees are subjected to 10/10-1/2 working on semi-starvation salaries.

Recently a union of employees of the A.I.S.A. institutions is established. One of the employees of the Works became a member of this union. The works took it to be a crime of this employee and he was dismissed from his job. This works never cared to even show him a reason for his undue dismissal. This poor friend has been thrown on the street. When approached by this Union of the A.I.S.A. employees the works did not display courtesy of showing any specific reason for such dismissal of this friend.

There are no rules as regards dismissal, employment or the like of employees.

These facts are disclosed with a pure intention to render whatever possible service to the cause of the employees of the A.I.S.A. institutions. Of course it is natural that I do not expect of the press to devote more space, to the matter than this lengthy statement will occupy but I shall always be at the disposal of those who are desirous to be in know of furtner details and they can either approach me or write to my following address.—Yours, etc.,

DURLABH SAMPAT.
Durlabh Sampat
Room No. 18.
429E. Sandhurst Road.
Bombay 4.
May 23.

LID OFF ALIGARH AFFAIRS

Sir Fazli Hussein Pulls The Strings

Story Behind Dr. Ziauddin's Return To University

(By MAULANA SHAUKAT ALI)

Maulana Shaukat Ali writes:—

It was time that the public, specially the Muslim public was told the story of mischief that has been created at Aligarh which culminated in the election of Dr. Ziauddin Ahmad. I am grateful to the "Bombay Chronicle" which has given me the opportunity of putting the facts so that every well-wisher of India and Islam may come in possession of details to realise how intrigue and ambition could, by misuse of power and position, hamper the progress and advance of Muslim education and ruin the constructive work which has been quietly carried on at Aligarh by Sir Ross Masud and his colleague Nawab Md. Ismail Khan.

MEN IN THE STORY.

In this first article, I will give a true pen and ink picture of the five men who have been brought into the lime light namely, His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, the gifted ex-Chancellor of the University, Sir Mian Fazli Husain, ex-Member of the Executive Council of the Government of India, Sir Ross Masud, the former Vice-Chancellor, Nawab Ismail Khan, the Treasurer of Muslim University and officiating Vice-Chancellor and last but not least Dr. Ziauddin, the former pro-vice Chancellor who was forced to retire from his office and who has been elected Vice-Chancellor by a majority of a few votes, collected out of the re-actionary element in the court under the inspiration of Sir Mian Fazli Husain.

NAWAB OF BHOPAL

All those who know Aligarh have full knowledge of the great services rendered by the house of Bhopal to the Muslim University. In 1911 H. H. the Aga Khan on his return from Europe decided to work for the Muslim University. I was then asked by my brother the late Maulana Mohammad Ali and other friends to help His Highness in the collection of funds for the University and to act as Hony. Secretary to His Highness and tour with him. I was then an officer in the Opium Department and at a few hours' notice, I took 18 months' leave to give whole time to this great work.

When His Highness the Aga Khan visited Allahabad early in January 1911 after the Muslim League Session at Nagpur to meet Congress and Hindu leaders, thanks to the active assistance of the then Prince Hamidullah Khan who was then studying at Aligarh the first person we waited on was H. H the great Begum of Bhopal who was on a visit to Allahabad.

WORTHY SON OF GREAT MOTHER.

H. H. the present Nawab had arranged an interview between Her late Highness and H. H. the Aga Khan in a few moment's notice, and those who were present at that momentous occasion would never forget the meeting of these two great personalities. His Highness made an eloquent appeal in the name of Islam and in the name of holy Quran to the great Muslim ruler, and she with tears in her eyes which moved all present announced that all she possessed was at the feet of her faith and she announced the first donation of one lakh of rupees for the Muslim University with a promise that she would give more later. All this was arranged by the worthy son of a great mother. The prince, her youngest son was then studying at Aligarh, instead of being sent to a Rajkumar College, for Her Highnes's sagacity had chosen that her son should be educated at Aligarh like an ordinary Muslim youth. Then he lived the life of an average and typical Aligarh boy mixing freely with all his brother students and taking part in all the activities of the School and College life.

After leaving the College, he became Her Highnes's Chief Secretary and went through the training of every kind of State work After the untimely death of his two brothers, Her Highnes succeeded in getting him recognised by the Government as her heir apparent, and soon after, abdicated in his favour in her life time, so that her youngest beloved son whom she had given the finest education should rule the Bhopal State under her eyes. No wonder with such a mother and such a training, he is to-day recognised by all as one of the most enlightened rulers among the Indian princes. At his mother's request, H.H. the Nawab took up the Chancellorship of his old Alma Mater and has served it to the best of his ability. His life is simple and sportsman-like. He is a famous cricketer, one of the world's best polo players and I know not how many hundreds of tigers he has shot on foot and otherwise. His habits are simple, he is accessible to all, and is in touch with all the affairs of the world. Socially, he is charming and with all his outside duties puts in daily 7 or 8 hours hard work in the discharge of his duties as the ruler of Bhopal. In the advancement of India as a whole his share has been big and when Federation comes, he will have the satisfaction of having had a very big share in bringing the Indian States and British India closer. His work in the Princes' Chamber is known to every body and I say no more here. He is capable, hard-working, honest and straightforward, and while fully alive to the interests of the Indian Princes and his own order, he is large-hearted and tolerant and has been doing his best for an amicable settlement between Great Britain and his own motherland.

FRIEND OF MAHATMA.

He has been a friend of Mahatma Gandhi, Maulana Md. Ali, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Sir Md. Iqbal, Sir Md. Shafi, Dr. Ansari, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Jinnah and all the great public workers in India. Taking him as a man and prince, he is wonderful and Lord Irwin, Lord Willingdon and the British Cabinet admire him for his cool and correct judgment and for his frank expression of views. As Chancellor of the Muslim University he only guided but never interfered or forced his views on the members of the court, and no wonder, the members of the Muslim University Court were shocked to hear the news of his resignation. I knew that he had wonderful dreams about the expansion of Aligarh, but the opportunity was not given to him to realise them for which the Muslim community has to thank its knights and Khan Bahadurs.

SIR FAZLI HUSSAIN

This brings me to Mian Sir Fazal-i-Hussain. Everyone knows him by this time and I also happen to know him well. My brother, the late Maulana Mohammad Ali and he were friends and contemporaries during their student days in England and both of them failed to get into the I.C.S. Mian Sahib on his return to India came into opposition with the late Sir Mohammod Shafi and got going by starting a second Muslim League in the Punjab against the original League of which the late Sir Mohommad Shafi was the Secretary. He always worked with the help of a caucus in the Punjab. He became a member and later an Executive Councillor and eventually sat on the 'Gadi' as Member-in-charge of Education and Health in the Government of India. He is a clever, persistent man. He ruined the Muslim Conference by taking too much interest in its affairs. He used his brains, his talents and his powers to make himself the dictator of the Mussalmans.

HIS PARTING GIFT.

His parting gift to Muslims is the Aligarh affair, which will tear the Mussalmans into factions. He put up for Vice-Chancellorship Dr. Ziauddin Ahmad who, seven years ago, was forced to retire and leave Aligarh after an impartial enquiry by an independent commission, consisting of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoolah as President and Sir Philip Hartog and Sir George Anderson as members. The Commission unanimously decided that in the interests of the expansion of the Aligarh University and its smooth working he should go. His Excellency the then Viceroy (Lord Irwin), the Rector of the 'Varsity wrote as follows to the Chancellor:—

"Your Highness will doubtless have already noted the emphasis which the Committee of Enquiry lay on the necessity of replacing the present Pro-Vice-Chancellor. It is of course, for Your Highness to decide how the importance of this recommendation of the Committee should be impressed on the Court. But that its importance should be brought pointedly and urgently to the notice of those who are in a position to give effect to this recommendation is in my opinion 'vital to the future well-being of the University.'"

These are the words of the greatest and most responsible of the Indian Viceroys about Dr. Ziauddin Ahmad, and the latter has been brought back to Aligarh by friends and followers of Sir Fazal-i-Hussain, the Minister-in-Charge of Education, from whom better things were expected. The quotation speaks for itself in very clear and emphatic language.

SIR ROSS MASSOOD

He is the son of a great father, late Mr. Justice Mahmood, and the grandson of a still greater man, the great Sir Syed Ahmad, the founder of Aligarh and saviour of Muslims in India. He is an old boy of Aligarh and a distinguished graduate of Balliol College, Oxford. He worked in the Imperial Educational Service and then went to Hyderabad to organise its Educational Department, when quarrels arose between the Vice-Chancellor, late Sahabzada Aftab Ahmed Khan, and Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed, the Pro-Vice-Chancellor, and the tone of Aligarh suffered a great deal, a Committee of Enquiry recommended that Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed should resign. Sir Ross Massood in the interests of Aligarh, naturally very dear to him, gave up a great career in Hyderabad and came to the rescue of his Alma Mater which naturally he loved most dearly. What he did at Aligarh is well known.

NAWAB MAHOMED ISMAILKHAN

He is an old boy of Aligarh, a graduate of Cambridge and a Barrister-at-Law. His father, late Nawab Mohammad Ishaq Khan, was in the Indian Civil Service, and after retirement, became the Honorary Secretary of Aligarh. His grandfather was the great nobleman, poet and saint, the famous Nawab Mustafa Khan 'Shefta.' He is a capable, hard working, courteous gentleman. He was the President of the U. P. Khilafat Committee, and later on, became a member of the Legislative Assembly. He was the President of the U. P. Muslim Conference and a very dear and respected friend of my brother Mohammad Ali. Everyone who knows him in cases into contact with him, loves him and respects him. His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal persuaded him to help Sir Ross Masood and get Aligarh affairs right by working as a Treasurer of the 5Varsity. During the last four years his work at Aligarh has been so good that everyone respects him. But when he resigned the Presidentship of the Muslim Conference, he evoked the displeasure of Sir Fazli Hussain and it was suggested that he would make Aligarh Muslim 'Varsity a nest of future bomb throwers, when he is not even a member of the Congress and has been working with me to fight the last Civil Disobedience Movement as the Muslim viewpoint was sighted and overlooked. He made no parties during his four years stay at Aligarh, devoted all his energies to work and to deal with the students and the staff with kindliness and courtesy. He is a God-fearing Muslim gentleman and all impartial onlookers have told me that Aligarh will have to wait long to find another such a God-fearing gentleman to manage its affairs and finances in such critical times.

DR. ZIAUDDIN AHMED

He was one of the brilliant students at Aligarh and after academic distinction in India was sent by the College Trustees to Cambridge with a scholarship for further studies, mainly through the efforts of Sahabzada Aftab Ahmad Khan, with whom later on he quarrelled. Of him more in the subsequent articles. On his forced retirement from Aligarh he got himself elected to Lsgislative Assembly and did fairly good work there. It is a pity that he came under the influence of Sir Fazul-i-Hussain. His position at Aligarh is an impossible one and the sooner he gets out of it, the better for him and all concerned. Well this introductory statement the public will follow more easily all that I have got to say on the subject. Not even my worst opponents can doubt my love in Aligarh and that I have absolutely no personal axes to grind. I have no enmity against Sir Fazul-i-Hussain or Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed. But love of Islam and my old 'Alma Matar' oblige me to speak out the truth about Aligarh.

PROTECT MILCH CATTLE IN INDIA

Gauhati Public Support Proposed Bill In Assembly

(From A Correspondent).

GAUHATI, (By Mail).

At a public meeting held at Gauhati on the 18th instant, under the auspices of all the communities of the place, the following resolutions were passed:—

(1) "That this meeting of the public of Gauhati does hereby support the principles underlying the Indian Milch Cattle Protection Bill to be introduced by the Hon'ble Raja Raghunand Prasad Singh, which aims at the protection of milch cattle in India.

(2) "That copies of the above resolution be sent to the Private Secretary to the Viceroy, to the Hon'ble Sj. H. P. Barua, Member of the Council of State from Assam and the Press."

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Feminist International Meets In Turkey

Oriental Women Deplore Retrograde Movements In Western Countries

The Turkish woman has had her triumph this week at the International Suffrage Congress held at Yildiz Palace, says the Istanbul correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" writing on April 22nd. She called it her revenge. There, in the stately palace rooms where not fifteen years ago the Sultan's wives still moved drearily among the eunuchs, the modern freed and unveiled woman, deputy in the National Assembly, municipal councillor, feminist already in possession of the most advanced rights, held her head high before the delegates of thirty nations.

This twelfth congress called over two hundred and eighty women suffragists to Istanbul. One flew five days by the Graft Zeppelin from Brazil, the country which with Turkey has been the latest to grant full political equality to women. Others came from New Zealand, Australia, the United States, Germany, Rumania, Egypt in large delegations. For the first time India sent two representatives of Moslem women. A negro young woman from Jamaica brought a new note into the assembly. The Moslem women of Ceylon sent greetings through the Australian delegation, which passed by Colombo, expressing their hopes for the future of the women of the Orient. The British suffragists provided the president, Mrs. Corbett Ashby, and brought out Lady Astor, M.P., to be a centre of interest.

It was a congress in which Western women seemed to take a second place to Eastern women. Egypt's delegation of over fifteen, under Mme. Hoda Charaoui Pasha, had a prominent part in the discussions. India's two representatives, Mme. Hussein and the Begum Hamid Ali, made many speeches. The negro woman of African origin from the former slave world of Jamaica astonished the assembly by the vigour of her intellectuality and her feminist optimism. New Oriental feminist associations were admitted to the International Suffrage Alliance—from Iran and from the Arabs of Damascus and Jerusalem and Syria and the Pan-Indian Conference.

RETROGRESSION IN THE WEST.

One of the themes most passionately developed was that of the future collaboration between Western and Oriental women. The moment was said to be grave. In the West certain countries, such as Nazi Germany, are depriving women of the rights they have won, and other countries—Britain was unfavourably instanced—are ceding to the economic pressure of men and are closing the doors of employment to women which had just been opened. There was declared to be, in fact, a retrograde movement in the West, and Western women, the first to win [illegible] were in danger of sinking into the old slavery. Now, therefore, was the time for the freed Oriental women to [illegible] the aid of their harassed [illegible] in the Occident.

But the collaboration is [illegible] be one-sided. It is well recognised that it is only certain Oriental countries which have yet emancipated their women. The Egyptian delegation insisted that it was to Kamal Ataturk, leader of Turkey, that the women of the East owed their advance. As the head of the Turkish Women's Union, Latife Bekir, pointed out, it was without a struggle that Turkish women had reached their full free position. It was simply conferred upon them in accordance with his long-held principles by Ataturk at the moment when he saw them mature for it.

But the same Egyptian delegates were frank in their private conversations and noted that the women of Turkey are much more advanced than their own women. They felt that the women of Egypt have to do much before they come to the same level, and especially, that the numbers of emancipated women in their country are much smaller than the numbers among Turkish women. The Indian delegate, the Begum Hamid Ali, was insistent that polygamy was still a danger and that it was to it that the abasement of women in China, Japan, India, Afghanistan, Africa, Arabia was due. Much was being done even in India. Child marriages were being abandoned. But in general the whole of Eastern womanhood still lay under the oppressive regime of a degrading polygamy.

WOMEN IN NAZI GERMANY.

A particularly delicate question that was discussed was the reactionary movement against women's rights in Nazi Germany. It was even considered necessary, to avoid scandals, that a preparatory meeting on this controversial subject should be held in secret before the public meeting. There the German delegates were asked to give frank answers about the conditions that were being imposed on the sex under Hitler. The revelations were considered to prove that the situation is serious and that much ground has been lost. Lady Astor, in a public meeting, declared that "women who have lost the rights they had gained must not give up hope; justice would be rendered to them in the end." It was resolved to watch the situation in such retrogressive countries and to organise for the rehabilitation of women.

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Amongst thousands and thousands of our European customers in this country, residing in all towns from North to South and East to West, there are thousands having enough discrimination to stick only to our Nos. I & II soaps.

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A. I. DEPRESSED CLASSES LEAGUE

To Secure Political Rights By Constitutional Means

Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, General Secretary of the All India Depressed Classes League writes:—

At a conference of the All-India Depressed Classes leaders held on the 16th and 17th March 1935, at Cawnpore, under the presidentship of Mr. Rashik Lal Biswas, of Jessore (Bengal), in which many prominent delegates from various provinces took part, it was decided to form an 'All-India Depressed Classes League, with the following aims and objects among others:—

To secure political rights by constitutional means.

To promote greater unity and solidarity amongst the scheduled castes hitherto known as the depressed classes in India.

To promote understanding and a spirit of genuine co-operation between the scheduled castes and other sections.

To form an All-India organisation to set up such other machinery as may be necessary in the interest of the cause.

An All-India institution organised on the above lines will bring all the leading representatives of the Depressed Classes or whatever creed and policy in one fold, with the result that they will be able to harness their energy towards the achievement of one common good.

AN APPEAL TO PUBLIC.

Therefore, to give impetus to all such genuine workers and organisations which are working for the cause and to have one common platform for all the depressed class people irrespective of the views they hold in other matters, it has been found necessary to start this institution. We appeal to all the depressed class people in India, including their leaders, to join this League and make it so strong and organised that it may amply ameliorate the condition and defend the interests and rights of the so-called depressed classes.

The policy of the League will be to co-operate with every party and organisation in so far as it is helpful for furtherance of the object.

We also earnestly request such sympathisers and well-wishers as are in a position to help us financially or otherwise to come forward and give their quota.

ENCOURAGING HEALTH RETURNS

Cholera And Plague Wane In Presidency

The health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ended May 18th were as under:—

Plague:—In the presidency there were in all 13 attacks and 8 deaths from plague against 18-10 in the previous week. The returns by districts including town circles were as follows:—Dharwar 6 attacks and 4 deaths against nil; Kaira 4-0 against 6-3; Kanara 1-2 against 7-3; Satara 1-1 against 5-4 and Ratnagiri 1-1 against nil.

Inoculations and the usual preventive measures are being carried out in the affected areas.

The special plague duty inspector appointed in Borsad town is carrying out the work of disinfection and fumigation of houses in the town and 344 houses were disinfected and 132 fumigated during the week, the total number since the beginning of the operations being 944 and 362 respectively.

Cholera:—The presidency cholera figures for the week were 17 attacks and 11 deaths against 69 attacks and 39 deaths in the previous week. Sholapur district reported 8 attacks and 2 deaths against 33-14 in the previous week; Bijapur 5-7 against 30-2; Kolaba 2-1 against nil; Satara 1-1 against 2-0 and Poona 1-0 against nil.

The number of anti-cholera inoculations performed during the week was 930 bringing to total since January 1st to 4.314.

SMALL-POX.

Small-pox figures for the week are:—Nasik 302 attacks and 38 deaths; West Khandesh 270-43; East Khandesh 268-32; Belgaum 260-27; Thana 186-17; Kanara 132-23; Poona 91-12; Ahmednagar 85-7; Kaira 63-9; Bijapur 55-11; Dharwar 48-12; Kolaba 40-0; Satara 39-6; Ahmedabad 33-27; Surat 23-16; Bombay Suburban 22-3; Ratnagiri 20-7; Broach 16-3; Panch Mahals 10-2; Sholapur 3-1; Karachi 11-10; Hyderabad 52-26; Dadu 1-1; Sukkur 1-0; Thar and Parkar 5-0 and Bombay city 67-41. Total 2,103 attacks and 374 deaths against 2,144-397 in the previous week.

Cerebro-spinal fever:—Twenty-three attacks and 12 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week as against 17 attacks and 10 deaths in the previous week. Ahmedabad city reported 13 attacks and 7 deaths; Poona city 5-3; Bombay city 3-0; Ahmednagar town 1-1 and Karachi city 1-1.

Three deaths from influenza were reported from Bombay city during the week. Panch Mahals district recorded 4 attacks and 2 deaths and Satara district 9 attacks only.

Five touring medical officers appointed on anti-malarial duty in the presidency proper visited 20 villages and treated 285 persons. Of these, 202 were treated for malaria. The number of children and adults examined for spleen was 430 and 241 of there were found with enlarged spleen.

GANDHIJI VISITS A. I. V. I. A. SHOP

Mahatma Gandhi visited on Wednesday last the A.I.V.I.A. Centre conducted by the Gandhi Seva Sena, situated in the Nair Bldg. (N. Powell and Co. Bldg.), Sandhurst Road. Gandhiji accompanied by Mrs. Kasturba, Sardar Vallabhbhai and others came at about 11-30 a.m. and left at 12 noon.

The shop keeps all kinds of Khadi from various all India centres. Amongst the nutritive food products can be had hand-ground wheat-flour, pure ghee, pure village-made gur, fresh ghani-pressed oil, all varieties of pulses, unadulterated hand-ground turmeric and pure honey. Amongst the products of village industries are stocked mats, scissors, toys, durries, skipping ropes, fruit bags and hand-made paper, prepared from hand-made pulp.

'KARAD' RICE.

Gandhiji was pleased that the only form of unpolished rice stocked was 'Karad' (Karad is whole rice without the pericarp being broken and only the husk removed). He hoped that as soon as the public realised the health-giving value of this whole rice everyone will begin to use it in preference to any kind of pounded rice, even though hand-pounded.

The shop is open from 8-30 a.m. to 12 p.m. (S.T.) and from 2-30 p.m. to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) excepting on Mondays.

BYE-ELECTIONS TO B. P. C. C.

Nominations Invited From 'A' And 'C' Wards

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following notification:—

Nominations duly proposed and seconded for two seats to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from 'A' Ward will be received at the office of the 'A' Ward District Congress Committee, 28 Manordas Street, Holi Chakla, Fort, up to 6 p.m. (S.T.) 9th June, 1935.

Roll of membership for the purposes of the Bye-election shall be closed at 10 a.m., (S.T.) on 2nd June, 1935.

In case of contest the election will take place on Sunday, the 23rd June 1935, between 8 and 11 a.m. (S.T.) and 3 and 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the 'A' Ward Committee's office, 28, Manordas Street, Holi Chakla, Fort, Bombay.

FROM 'C' WARD

Nominations duly proposed and seconded for one seat to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from 'C' Ward will be received at the office of the 'C' Ward District Congress Committee, Chotalal Bhuvan, 2nd floor, Kalbadevi Road, upto 6-30 p.m. on 6th June, 1935.

Membership Roll for the purposes of bye-election shall be closed at 10 a.m. (S.T.) on 31st May, 1935.

In case of contest the election will take place on Sunday, the 16th June, 1935, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the 'C' Ward Committee's office, Chotalal Bhuvan, 2nd floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

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Rowntree's Cocoa is not only a delightful, pleasant and stimulating beverage, it is also a perfect digestive. Women in India are finding in Rowntree's a ready and economical means to health and vigour.

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ACTUALLY HELPS YOUR DIGESTION

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Steamers	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
*Ginyo Maru	9000	30 May	11 June
Tokiwa Maru	6972	15 June	21 June
Mayebashi Maru	7005	15 May	24 May
Lisbon Maru	7053	25 May	29 May
Tokushima Maru	5976	25 May	31 May
Genoa Maru	6785	18 June	5 July

*Passenger Steamers with excellent accommodation and services £50-0 Return Japan.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

	Tons	Leave Colombo
Hakusan Maru	10500	10 June
Haruna Maru	10500	24 June

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

	Tons	Leave Colombo
Hakone Maru	10500	5 June
Suwa Maru	10700	19 June

HONGKONG-SANFRANCISCO

	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Tatsuta Maru	17000	18 June
Asama Maru	17000	3 July

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

	Tons	Leave Kobe
Heian Maru	12600	25 June

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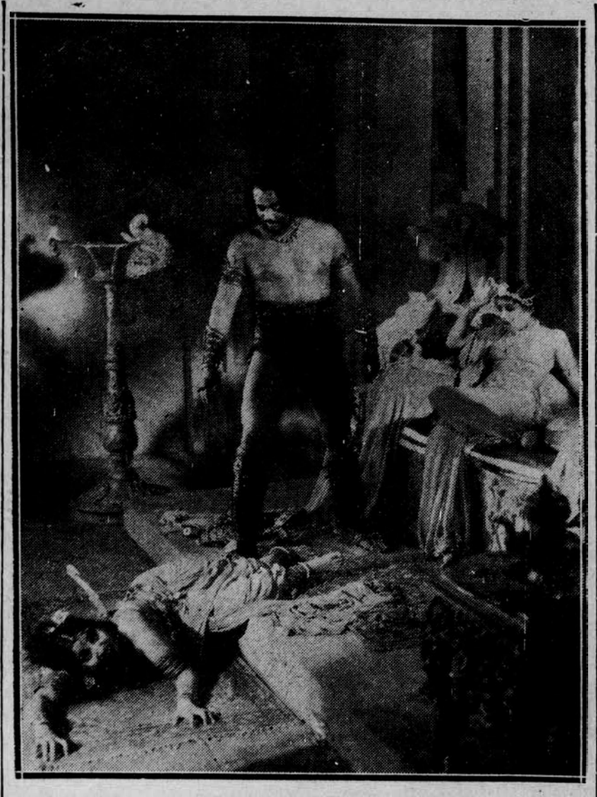

"Massacre" or "Katl-e-Am," a forthcoming picture with Swamy, Azuree and Prema featuring.

Library Movement In India

Kumar Munindra Deb Rai Traces Development During Quarter Century At Madrid Congress

MADRID, May 20.

Addressing the International Congress of Libraries at Madrid, to-day, Kumar Munindra Deb Rai, M.L.C., representative of India, said:—

"The culture and civilisation of India are closely interlinked with her great manuscript libraries which were carefully preserved in public places like temples, monasteries, chatuspathis or Sanskrit colleges and in the famous universities of Nalanda, Vikramshila, Taxila and in places like Tanjore where about forty thousand manuscripts are still in existence. Those ancient libraries in pre-printing days were, no doubt, suitable to the age in which they existed.

HOW IT SPREAD

"The Modern Library movement is comparatively new to India and is not even a quarter century old. It originated in the progressive state of Baroda in 1910 and it first spread to Andhra in the British territory in 1914 when an organisation was formed and through its efforts, the Indian Public Library Association came into existence in 1917, with its monthly organ "The Indian Library Journal." In 1925 Bansberia did pioneer work in the formation of Hooghly and Bengal Associations. Similar ones were formed at Madras in 1928, in Punjab in 1929, with the quarterly organ "The Modern Librarian," and the United Provinces followed the movement a month ago under the auspices of the Indian Library Association founded in 1933. The aims of these Associations are to push on the Library movement throughout India, to adopt modern methods of classification, cataloguing indexing and Bibliography, to encourage co-operation and co-ordination between different libraries, to facilitate mutual interchange and inter-loan of books, to open training classes in librarianship and find out ways and means to remedy the appalling illiteracy among the masses."

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Giving a detailed account of the public libraries in India, Kumar Manindra Deb Rai said, "The Calcutta Public Library was made the nucleus of the Imperial Library by Viceroy Lord Curzon. The number of books in this premier library in India is about 300,000. It is maintained by the Government of India with a contribution of Rs. 16,000 from the Government of Bengal. The Connemara Library is maintained by the Madras Government and the Allahabad and Lucknow Amir-ud-Doulah Libraries by the Government of the United Provinces. The Government of Central Provinces contribute Rs. 130 each to some village libraries and the Assam Government Rs. 1,853 to the Shillong Library. The Hardinge Library of Delhi is under the charge of the Government of India. The Baroda Central Library and 977 others are supported by the Baroda state and the Bangalore Library by the Mysore State.

CONTRIBUTION OF CORPORATIONS

The Corporation of Calcutta stands pre-eminent in the matter of making grants-in-aid to libraries. There are about 250 libraries in the city out of which 173 have total book resources of 550,935. They receive grants amounting to Rs. 48,960, per annum.

The Corporation of Bombay contributes Rs. 11,058 to 8 libraries including one for women and the Karachi Corporation spends Rs. 3,000 annually over similar institutions.

'VARSITY LIBRARIES

"There are 18 universities in India with 232 Art colleges, 77 Professional colleges, 1338 secondary schools, 189,348 primary schools, 10,039 special schools and 35,216 unrecognised educational institutions. The total book resources of the universities is 778,705; Calcutta heading the list with 130,371; Allahabad having 80,998 volumes; Dacca 78,918; Punjab 75,430; Madras 74,892; Benares 64,634; Lucknow 43,572; Bombay 41,172; Annamalai 31,032; Andhra 18,000; Rangoon 14,142; Patna 12,627; and Delhi 12,005 volumes.

"Excepting the Madras University Library which is open to the public, the others have restricted the entrance to their own professors and alumni.

LIBRARIES FOR CHILDREN

"Baroda first initiated Children's Library movement in India. This was followed by the addition of a Children's Section to the Baneberia Public Library in 1932 and since then many others have opened such sections.

NEED FOR TRAINING

"The need of the day is a sufficient number of trained librarians. The Punjab University has a six months' diploma course for a limited number of graduates started by Asa Don Dickinson in 1912. Madras University has got a three months' certificate course conducted by its librarian Mr. S. R. Ranganathan.

"There is no library legislation in India. We are trying to introduce it in the Bengal Legislative Council. A bill was introduced in Madras but it has been held up for financial reasons. It is needless to add that library legislation would be essential for the furtherance of the movement in India.—United Press.

MR. FAZLUL HUQ IN BOGRA

Exhorts Co-religionists To Join Congress

BOGRA, May, 23.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Advocate, Mayor of Calcutta Corporation, who came here on a professional call was presented with an Address by the Bogra Municipality.

Two other addresses were presented to Mr. Huq by the Bogra District Board and Young Men's Muslim Association respectively, at a meeting held in the Altafannesa Park, while the Municipality organised a meeting at the Edward Theatre Hall.

JOIN CONGRESS.

In the course of his reply to the Municipality's address, Mr. Fazlul Huq said that it was not true that he had recently joined the Congress, the fact being that he had never severed his connection with the Congress. He was always one of the Congress, though occasionally he might have differed from it. He advised his co-religionists not to keep away from that great organisation, but to come nearer and join it and make it stronger which is the greatest national organisation.

He also made suitable replies to the addresses.—United Press.

The ensuing birth-day session of the Mysore Representative Assembly which commences early in June will consider an important legislation.

Overwhelming Evidence of "NAVAROZI" SUCCESS!

Ages of spiritual research has perfected the Great Science of the Occultists. On this great Science are based the Navarozi Charms—the living Spiritual Forces on earth to-day. With such remarkable potency they act, that miraculous their effects would seem; nevertheless they are true. Success need no more be a matter of chance.

NAVAROZI CHARMS are decanted on the 21st March the day on which the sun enters the Mesh Rashi—the time when certain planetary combinations have a vital relationship and influence with the affairs of men. The power of the Navarozi Charms under these Planetary influence has a definite bearing on your future career. Take the tide at its flood; it leads you on to fortune.

Navarozi is a challenge to those who disbelieve the wisdom and achievements of the ancient sages and Maharshis. The letters of gratitude and good wishes are certainly no matter for surprise.

Join the thousands of staunch believers who hold fast to Navarozi Charms for Health, Happiness and Prosperity for years. No greater guarantee for efficacy and satisfaction could be offered than the complete refund of your investment, if not satisfied. Navarozi never fails as demonstrated in over 75,000 lives to-day. Get your Charm whilst its powers are the greatest. The sooner you get it the more miraculous its achievements on your life will be.

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(3) Success in Law Suits.

(4) Realization of your fondest dreams of love and marriage.

(5) Victory over your enemies.

(6) Evil habits conquered. Gives you the strength to resist evil temptations.

(7) Extensive success if in business helps if kept in Cash-box of the shop, or rapid promotion if in service.

(8) Leadership, Distinction, self-mastery over others, development of personality, character, etc., Special favours from officials, superiors, or State Durbars.

(9) Enrichment by unknown resources.

(10) Sure relief in Chronic diseases and the joy of vibrant all-round health.

(11) Happiness through harmony, family affection, home, plenty, friendship, social success, etc.

(12) A bodyguard against dangers, accidents, witch-craft, etc.

ALL ACHIEVED GLORIOUS SUCCESS THROUGH NAVAROZI. READ WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT NAVAROZI

—Only a few out of thousands—

1858.
MARVELLOUS HAPPENINGS ALLROUND.
I am glad to inform you that its effects are wonderful since the day I have worn it. After forty days of its receipt, a letter was received declaring my transfer (My actual object for which I sent for the Charm); not only the transfer but I was also promoted to the next grade. I was blocked at Rs. 75 for the last four years and now I am working in the grade of Rs. 95. I wanted only my transfer but I got out of the Charm the promotion which was beyond my expectation, especially in these days of economy. I was very glad and was wondering at the effects of the Charms which took place so rapidly, when the other effects of the Charm began to prevail in the atmosphere around. After a few days of my arrival here, all the members of the Kundian Sports Club unanimously chose me as their Secretary, notwithstanding that there were others of better influence and knowledge, pay and rank and were also desirous; and again after a few days, I was chosen as a member of the executive council of the Indian institute here and held the largest number of votes in my favour. These both honours I got without the least try from my side. A hidden power seemed to work everywhere. Does this not prove that the Charm has surely the power to prove itself successful for the objects it is intended for. In the end, I humbly pray to the Almighty God for your long life, prosperity. Lastly, I request your honour to send one Charm No. 3. (Sd.) Madan Mohan, Station Master, Kundian Railway Station, Mianwalli Dist. 17-5-35

1874.
A WONDERFUL DEED.
Your Special Charm was worn by me on the 10-3-33 and I have secured a better prospective job in a month's time and have firm faith that this success is due to your Charm. I bow to you for your wonderful deed by which you have helped the suffering humanity. I am now a confirmed believer in your Charm. You may make use of this letter as you think fit so that many unfortunate sufferers like myself can take advantage of your Special Charms. (Sd.) Jaswant Singh, B.A., Kotmal Ketri, Rajputana. 18-5-33.

1874.
BENEFITED IMMENSELY.
The Charm No. 3 received from you in June 1932 has benefited me immensely. (Sd.) K. S. Swamy, M.A., L.T., D.S., Inspector of Schools, Dehra Dun. 7-8-33.

2081.
A GUARDIAN ANGEL
About my experience of Charm last year, it is unnecessary for me to write at length. I have derived immense benefit and the Charm has been the guardian angel of my interests throughout. As I have mentioned, Navarozi Charm was my guardian angel, the wearing of which ensured victory in all undertakings. (Sd.) M. N. Krishnamurthy, B.A., Sericultural Inspector, Govt. Silk Farm, Channapatnam. 26-1-34.

2118.
PASSED EXAMINATION BRILLIANTLY.
When I appeared for the Intermediate Examination, I used your Charm and I am glad to write that I passed brilliantly. (Sd.) Miss D. Sarda, B.A., Senior, Annamalai University, Annamalainagar.

2125.
DESIRED TRANSFER OBTAINED.
I used No. 2 Charm for a year, of course, throughout the year, the officers liked me and I was in the good books of the officers. The very officer who transferred me to a bad place situated in the middle of the forests changed his opinion and transferred me again to a better place. This Charm did me good. (Sd.) A. Venkateswarlu, Sub-Inspector of Police, Rajam, Vizagapatam. 8-5-34.

1673.
SUCCEEDED IN AMBITION
"It was in October last that I ordered for the sacred Navarozi, I honestly say that I had no recommendation, no push whatsoever, except the Divine Help of "Divine Navarozi." I thank thee, I thank the Divine Navarozi and above all, thank the Almighty for the timely help that I got." (Sd.) D. R. Nanda, Inspector of Police, Police Lines, Srinagar. 3-1-33.

1693.
DIFFICULTIES WASHED OFF.
WORKED AS A MIRACLE.
As soon as I used your talisman, the Navarozi Charm after fifteen days, I was offered the post of an Accountant in the Bank for which I had very little hope. In fact I was trying for it for a very long time but no sooner than I used your Charm I was at once provided with it. In fact, I am very glad to see the effects of it. It was of course a miracle for me for which I shall ever remain grateful to you and I shall always pray for your betterment. I have faith both in your Navarozi Charm and also in my advising others to use it. In fact, I was surrounded by misfortunes. No sooner I came into contact with the Navarozi Charm than my difficulties were washed off and now I am passing my life in a calm and quiet manner. (Sd.) Bindeshwar Nath Khanna, Accountant, The Orchha Bank, Ltd., Tikamgarh State. C. I. 14-1-33.

1701
PTHISIS CURED.
My brother who was suffering from pthisis and was lying in the Itki Sanatorium, Ranchi, got your Charm No. 3 and he is now fully cured and has been discharged. I offer my heartfelt thanks for this. I have full faith in this and I believe that your Charm alone can put an end to all trouble. (Sd.) M. M. Choudhury, B.A., P. O. Anandpur, Village Basata, Dharbhanga Dist. 17-1-33.

1796.
SCEPTIC JOURNALIST BECOMES AN OPTIMIST.
I secured one Navarozi Charm from you about five or six months back. I was a sceptic, losing faith in mankind after repeated disappointments and failures. Navarozi came to my rescue. Gradually, it is dispelling the gloom. I have self-confidence over myself and also receive marvellous results in some disappointing and hopeless missions. My heartfelt thanks are to your Navarozi and All-Merciful Compassionate Allah. (Sd.) S. Mitra, Journalist, Benares City. 15-3-33.

1799.
WONDERFUL EXPERIENCES.
I am a wearer of your Navarozi Charm ever since 1929. I got Charm No. 3, a life-Charm which I was ever since. To be brief, I beg to submit the following events during this period:

1. I saw through help coming from unknown sources, saved from two serious entanglements in litigation.

2. I underwent a very serious operation for carbuncle on the back and very narrowly escaped death.

In the above instances, everybody was thinking that I would be completely spoiled in the item No. 1 and I will die in case No. 2 but I implicitly keeping faith in the wonderful Charm I was wearing. I was all along hopeful and courageous that I will come out scot-free and so it happened. (Sd.) The Head Clerk, Agent's Office, B. N. Rly., Nelliwarla. 18-3-33.

1746.
A DOCTOR'S DIFFICULTIES REMOVED.
Last Year I had a Charm from you and it did me good I was able to clear off the difficulties I was then in. Please send me per V. P. P your Navarozi Charm No. 3 priced at Rs. 25 with the special prayers. (Sd.) Dr. B. B Lal, B.A., M.B., P.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Oudh. 6-2-33.

2131.
SISTER SUCCESSFULLY OPERATED.
I now take the greatest of pleasure in writing to you. I am the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. whom you have prayed for so much and we, truly, are thankful to you, sir; you are indeed a brother to the people of this world. There is real comfort and solace in the very name of Navarozi. My sister's operation was a great success and we owe our thanks to you. (Sd.) Edith Beatrice Johnson "Castlette," Whitefield, Bangalore. 14-3-34.

2158.
GOT A GOOD LIFT IN LIFE
I have much pleasure in stating that I had received one Charm No. 2 last year and it gave me full satisfaction. The day I received it, it guarded me from evil stars and further, it gave me a good lift and even now, one year is not over, it is guarding me from evil stars. I shall thank you to forward me one more Charm No. 2 and the amount be realised by V. P. P. (Sd.) A. P. Sing, F.T.S.M., M.E., Nag., First Class, I.B.A., Chief Engineer, Prag Sugar Works, P. O. Kacha, Dist. Naini Tal. 2-4-34.

2163.
DERIVED SEVERAL BENEFITS.
Perhaps you remember me as an old believer in Navarozi Charm, and I took your Charm No. 3 some years back. I was always carrying the locket on my body and needless to say that I derived several benefits. (Sd.) A. A. Khan, Dy. Conservator of Forests, Madras Forest College, Coimbatore. 22-3-34.

What Navarozi Costs

No. 1.—Good for Item No. 1 only. Effective for 6 months. Price Rs. 3 complete with Silver Locket.
No. 2—Powerful and efficacious. Good for items 1 to 7. Effective for 1 year. Price complete with Silver Locket Rs. 6.
No. 3.—**CAPABLE OF PRODUCING** wonderful results. Prepared on most auspicious moment ten times more powerful than No. 2, gives immediate results on all 12 items lasting a life time; a life-guard and a life long companion. Supplied in beautiful Golden Case. Price Rs. 25.
No. 4.—**SPECIAL HABIBI CHARM.** Specially made for fighting out individual evil influences according to time and date of birth of the possessor. Contains some rare herbs, and with a birth stone set in elegant Sovereign Gold Locket. Most sensitive of all charms. Gives instantaneous and marvellous results. Time and date of birth or time of writing should be given when ordering. Price Rs. 75 (Rs. 20 payable in advance)
N. B.—All Charms supplied complete with full particulars and instructions.
FOREIGN — Prices No. 1, sh. 4; No. 2, sh. 10; No. 3, £2-10; No. 4, £6. Full value must accompany all foreign orders by Postal Order or by Bank Draft in a Registered cover.

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MY GUARANTEE
ALL NAVAROZI CHARMS are issued under a guarantee. Should the user not be benefited, the full cost of the Charm will be refunded on the user giving a solemn declaration to this effect. No unusual or unworkable directions—No Restrictions—You stand to lose nothing.

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Telegram:—"CHARM" Bandra. Telephone: 89200.

SETH NANSHIBHAI'S MUNIFICENCE

Rs. 50,000 For Maternity & Child Welfare

RAKOT, (By Mail).

Besides giving an endowment of Rs. 50,000 towards maternity and child-welfare work to be started early in June in the newly-opened Padmakunvarla Hospital at Rajkot city and defraying the costs of installing storage tanks in the Lohana Mahajan wadi and the Lohana Para, Seth Nanshibhai Monjibhai has financed the project of ensuring sufficient privacy to "purdanashin" Hindu women mourners, while taking purificatory baths on the premises of the crematorium at Rajkot.

The inaugural ceremony of the new building was performed by Durbar Shree Viravala Saheb who complimented Seth Nanshibhai on having met a long felt want among female mourners.—A. P.

Our Tokyo Letter

Japan Hurls Two Bombshells

Sets Aside League Of Nations And Washington Treaty

Purchase Of North Saghalien From Soviet Is Her Next Ambition

(By Chaman Lal)

TOKYO (By Mail).

The situation created by Japan's withdrawal from the League of Nations emphasized the need for national unity and a strengthening of the national defense forces, declared Vice-Admiral Sankichi Takahashi Commander of the Combined Fleet of the Japanese Navy, when he arrived in Tokyo. He said: "If Japan had been poorly armed two years ago, she might have faced a graver threat than attempted intimidation by means of talk of economic blockade".

TWO BOMBSHELLS

During the past two years Japan has hurled two "bombshells" at the world, "Remgo" quoted Admiral Takahashi as saying in an interview.

"One is the withdrawal from the League of Nations, and the other is the abrogation of the Washington Treaty," he said. There is no fear that the Japanese people will destroy themselves with bombs which they themselves hurl. In order to glorify these important declarations, the strengthening of armaments by supporting national policies with national unity at the back, is of paramount importance.

USELESS INTIMIDATION

"We recall Japan's withdrawal from the League of Nations with deep emotion. When the Lytton findings were announced, we navy officers thought the die had been cast and firmly resolved that Japan should withdraw from the League. The withdrawal was carried out on the basis of the will of the people of the country and Japan is now steadily making efforts for the realization of her object in this connection. This is a matter for congratulation. When Japan announced her intention to withdraw from the League there were rumours of economic blockade and other measures, but they proved to be no more than attempts at intimidation by various countries of the world, which could do nothing against Japan's action.

The inability of various countries to take any action against Japan's step at that attests eloquently to the importance of national strength. If Japan had been poorly armed at that time a graver event than the mere intimidation of an economic blockade might have taken place. Recently China has assumed a friendly attitude towards Japan. This is because Chinese leaders have come to take cognizance of Japan's real national strength. The Japanese Navy is ready to cope with any national emergencies. The same might be said of the Army, I believe. The Japanese people in the face of the present national crisis must support national policies and strengthen the national power."

Japan's Territorial Ambitions

"Japan would not averse to purchasing North Saghalien from the Soviet Union." Foreign Minister Koki Hirota told the Lower House Committee on the Government bill for the control of Japanese fishery operations in Soviet waters. The sale was discussed some years ago, but he did not know what the Moscow Government thinks to-day of the idea.

Japan would be delighted, if the Soviet Union would transfer North Saghalien to this country. When the late Mr. A. A. Joffre visited Japan years ago, the matter was formally discussed. The Soviets were willing at that time to transfer the territory to Japan, but it proved impossible to reach an agreement on the price. There has since been no official discussion of the idea, and I am unable to say whether the Soviet Union still entertains it to-day. I hope however, that the time for it will come quickly. Proper steps are being taken to lead the negotiations with the Soviet Government on oil-drilling and lumbering enterprises in North Saghalien in Japan's favour."

TALKS WITH JOFFE

Mr. Joffe, whom the Moscow Government sent late in 1922 to Peiping with plenipotentiary powere to arrange regular intercourse with the Chinese Government, was invited in January, 1923, to pay a visit to Japan in the capacity of a private citizen by the late Baron Shimpei Goto. His talks here were followed by a conference at Changchun between him and Mr. Hajime Matsushima, the then Japanese Consul-General at Harbin, at Dairen with Mr. Tsuneo Matsudaira, at that time director of the European and American bureau of the Foreign Office, and at Peiping with the Japanese Minister Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa.

INTRICATE PROBLEM

Saghalien was declared Russian territory in 1848, but Japan refused to recognize Russian sovereignty in the first Russo-Japanese trade treaty seven years later. In 1867, Japan suggested that the island be divided at the latitude of the degree, but Russia would not agree. Then Japan unsuccessfully offered to purchase the title to the whole of the island for 2,000,000 yens though it was at this very time that Russia sold Alaska to the United States for dollars 72,00,000. in 1875, Japan exchanged the southern half of the island with Russia for an undisputed title to the Kuriles, and at the end of the Russo-Japanese War it took it back. Following the Russian Revolution, the northern part of the island was occupied by Japanese troops, where they remained for a number of years.

Hitler Invites Japanese Doctor

Reichs-fuehrer Adolf Hitler, whose recent unilateral denunciation of the military clauses of the Versailles Treaty has plunged Europe into confusion, will try the benefits of the world-famous Japanese moxibustion at the hands of a Japanese physician, so that he may "require less sleeping hours with less fatigue and greater physical efficiency."

At the Fuehrer's personal request, made through the German Embassy here, Dr. Gyokushū Takayama, 48, a noted "moxibustion" expert in Asakusa ward, Tokyo, will sail for Germany early in June to convince the German director of the efficacy of Japan's moxibustion process.

Dr. Takayama, says the same journal, will also attend the World Medical Congress which is scheduled to open at Leipzig on July 14, with a view to introducing in person his method of moxibustion to the doctors of the world. Last November, he sent to the Berlin Medical College a talkie film entitled "A Surgical Operation Without the Need of a Messes," showing his method of moxibustion. It is because of this film that he has been invited by the German medical world to attend the Leipzig Congress.

DR. TAKAYAMA'S CLAIMS

On hearing this, the German dictator, expressed his earnest desire to have a try at moxibustion at the hands of Dr. Takayama. The honoured physician who has been engaged in the practice of moxibustion for the past 15 years, declares that some of those diseases defying the modern medical art, such as cancer and hyphilitic blindness, may be cured by his own method of moxibustion. He states, however, that even his method cannot be 100 per cent efficient, unless accompanied by food specified by him according to the nature of the disease.

Use For Proscribed Books

Here is a useful tip for our Criminal Intelligence Department, who annually destroys thousands of proscribed and non-proscribed books published in India and foreign countries. Let them follow the eample of the Japanese censor.

Censors in the Police Bureau of the Home Ministry whose brows have been furrowed over the problem of what to do with all the books and periodicals submitted to the ministry for censorship, have finally decided to make them available to Government official as a reference library, says the "Asahi"

Such a library it is hoped might serve to broaden the interests and understanding of Government officials, who often are so absorbed in affairs of their own offices that they know little of what is going on in other branches of the Government.

Why not try the experiment in India? Let only the G.I.D. and police officers be permitted to read those books.

SECRETARIES TO INDIA GOVT.

Will Term Be Extended Under Reforms?

SIMLA, May 23.

The Associated Press understands that the question of the extension from three to four years of the term of office of the Secretaries to the Government of India is under consideration. At present the Secretaries generally get a year's extension but with the coming of the Reforms, the Federal Ministers, who will be drawn from public life, would depend on the Administrative experience of the Secretaries to a larger extent than the present Executive Councillors who are either "service" men or have had administrative experience in other spheres.

It seems the principle underlying the change has been accepted but other details still require consideration.

The English system of Permanent Under-Secretaries as the Administrative Heads of the Departments was also examined but it was found unsuitable for the Indian conditions.—A.P.

CANADIAN LEGISLATURE HEARS ABOUT STUDENTS' PRANK

Girl Visitors To Campus Have Faces Painted With Mercurochrome And Shoe Polish And Turned Loose

TORONTO, April 17.

President G. I. Christie of the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph reported last month to the Minister of Agriculture that four girls were "rushed" by students in a campus episode last Sunday evening and that mercurochrome and shoe polish were put on their faces. Cod liver oil was spilled on one or more of their dresses:

A statement from the girls was incorporated in the report "denying emphatically" that they had been taken into a building of the college and stripped by the students.

After the rushing and painting the girls were "turned loose and chased off the campus."

The Minister made a statement in the Legislature, based on Dr. Chistie's report which said a thorough investigation had been made.

The girls had no business on the campus, said the president's report, but the action of the students could not be condoned.

The report the Minister received from Dr. Christie said::

"Your request for information on reports made by newspapers concerning treatment of four girls who visited the campus of the Ontario Agricultural College on Sunday evening, April 14, has been given consideration by members of the faculty. A thorough investigation has been made of this escapade.

REPORTS GIVEN DENIAL

"The statement was made that the girls were taken into a room in one of our buildings and stripped of their clothing."

The president's report then quoted the girls' brief statement "emphatically denying" published reports they were taken into "a building of the Ontario Agricultural College and stripped by the students."

"We learn from the students," continued Dr. Christie's report, "that these girls appeared on the campus about 8.30 p.m. and stationed themselves near the boys dormitory. They entered into conversation with students who were in their rooms and carried on some frivolous talk. After a brief time, the students rushed the girls and we have it on report that the students did put some mercurochrome and shoe polish on their faces. It is also stated that some cod liver oil was spilled on one or more of the dresses. The girls were then turned loose and chased off the campus.

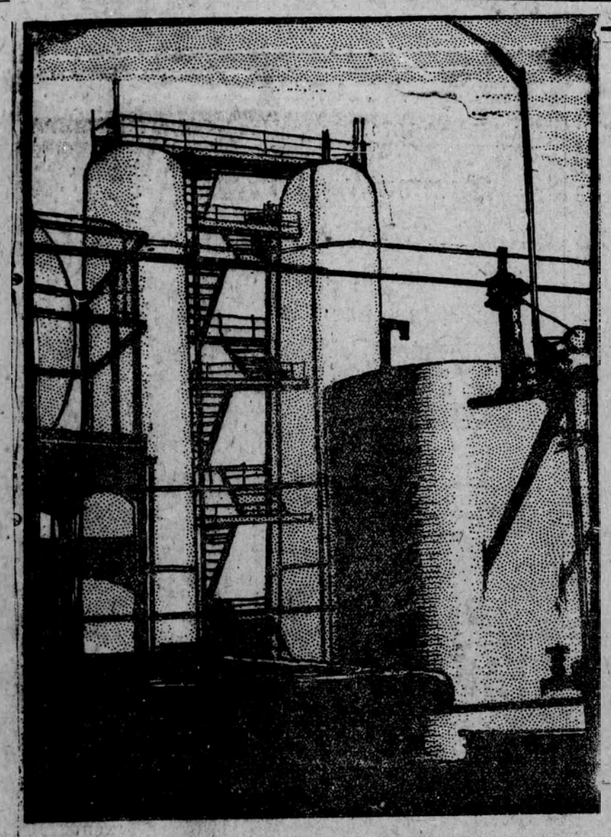
"We regret very much this unfortunate prank on the part of the students. While the girls were entirely out of place and had no business whatever in coming to the campus, yet at the same time we cannot condone the action of the students in this kind of treatment."

KAPURTHALA BAN ON POLITICAL MEETINGS

JULLUNDER, May 21.

The Secretary of the Central Zemindars' League, Kapurthala, informs the Associated Press that in view of last years tragic occurrences and the anti-land revenue propaganda carried on by the Zemindars' League, Col. Fisher, the Chief Minister of Kapurthala State, has refused to lift the ban on the holding of political meetings and the carrying of processions in the State for an indefinite period.

This decision was conveyed to the Central Zemindars' League in reply to a representation for the removal of the ban made by them. —A.P.

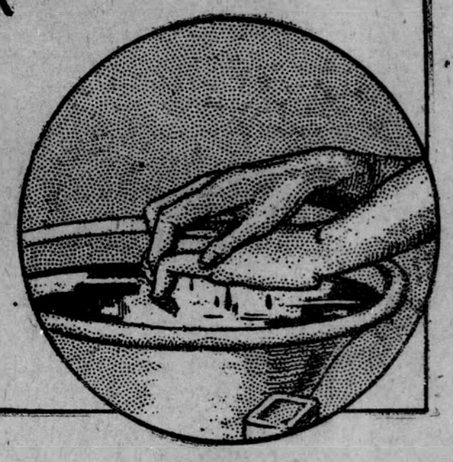


The heart of the new Clearosol Process—the Rs. 82 lakhs refinery of the Standard-Vacuum Oil Company at Paulsboro, New Jersey

A NEW ERA IN LUBRICATION

STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY pioneers new process for "washing" oil free of SLUDGE, GUM and TAR

as you would wash your hands free of dirt



THE CLEAROSOL PROCESS

ALMOST all methods hitherto used in the manufacture of lubricating oils did not permit of the removal of *all* the deleterious material held dissolved therein. For several years Standard-Vacuum Oil Company scientists and engineers have been at work searching for a means of doing this—and they now offer as a solution the Clearosol Process.

The basic principle of this revolutionary discovery is to dissolve the desirable elements from distilled oil by certain solvents, the useless tarry constituents by others, and finally to blend the former with the separated and pure crude oil in such proportions as to provide the ideal lubricant for each particular need.

WHAT IT DOES FOR YOU

TO the motorist, Clearosol processed oil offers many advantages. The removal of the deleterious sludge and gum prevents sticking of piston rings and valves and keeps all oil passages clean, besides lessening carbon residue. The removal of the tarry materials increases the temperature range of usefulness of the oil, giving quicker and easier starting.

Only Gargoyle Mobiloil is now treated by this process, and its use will provide clean internal engine parts (fewer overhauls) and better lubrication (less oil consumption).

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Sequel To Worli Explosion Disaster

Alleged Breach Of Licence

Magistrate Upholds Defence Objection Regarding Identity Of Explosive Stocks Found In Shop

BOMBAY, Friday.

That the articles found in the shop need not necessarily be those found in the workshop was the contention raised by counsel for the accused in the case against Peerbhoy Tayabji, a Bohra, manufacturer of fire-works, before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, to-day.

The accused is charged with a breach of the conditions of his licence for manufacturing explosives and not taking proper precautions with dangerous substances and thereby endangering human life.

The explosion took place at Worli on October 24, when eleven people died, some of them aged under 14.

Defence Objection

At the resumed examination of Mr. A. K. Sen, Inspector of Explosives, the prosecution counsel asked witness about the articles examined in the shop.

Defence counsel raised an objection on the ground that the question was irrelevant; it could not be proved, the counsel argued, that the articles found in the shop were necessarily those of the factory. The shop might sell articles from various factories.

It could not be shown that the articles found were from one particular factory, nor could it be shown that the articles sold in the shop could be from a factory, for crackers sold in shops were not manufactured in the factory.

Prosecution Counsel pointed out that the fact was that the explosives were found in the shop. The cause of the explosion, explained the counsel, was due to sensitive articles. The articles were sent to the shop and some samples were then taken. The samples were subsequently sent to the chemical analyser. It was from this source, therefore, that the evidence could be led.

Prohibited Articles

Counsel further argued that some articles with mixture of potassium chlorate, with sulphur were found in the shop; such articles were prohibited by a Government Notification; but the shop-keeper was not charged with the breach of that notification.

It was the object of the prosecution to show that the articles found in the shop came from the factory.

Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, upheld the objection on the ground that there was no evidence to show that the stock found in the shop was from the factory.

To a further question witness stated that under the licence conditions the factory employer could not employ more than six persons in one room under the age of 14.

DESCRIPTION OF INGREDIENTS.

To further questions witness gave description of ingredients found out by him in the course of the investigations and made reference to the talk he had with the accused after the Coroner's inquiry.

The Government notification with regard to the prohibition of articles mixed with potassium chlorate and sulphur was then tendered as an exhibit.

The examination of Mr. Sen was completed and the case was postponed to May 27.

Mr. Kothari conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Vyavaharkar defended the accused.

Demand For Higher Scale Of Pay To Office Clerks

Postal & R. M. S. Union Council Considers Sub-Committees' Reports

NEW DELHI, May 23.

The Council of the All-India Postal and R. M. S. Union continued its labours to-day under the presidency of Mr. V. V. Giri to consider the exhaustive and detailed reports submitted by various sub-Committees which carefully considered the recommendations of the Postal Enquiry Committee and have offered valuable criticisms thereon.

The points examined by the Committees included among others, higher scale of pay for office clerks, delegation of additional powers to the superintendents, creation of minor circles, revision of the present dead letter offices' establishment for the Directory of the offices at headquarters of each circle, the separation of the R. M. S. from the post office, the reconstitution of foreign post, enlargement of the area of superintendents and the creation of assistant inspectors. Introduction of extra departmental or cheaper agency to do post office work, recruitment and training, time test and its application of standards of determining functions and status of post offices, and the establishment of Central Money Order Audit office. After long and protracted discussion wherein members of Council representing various interests participated and wherein all sides of the question were placed before the Council by "reporters", each Committee of the Council adopted reports with suitable modifications.

ONE-SIDED.

In the opinion of the Council, the Pasricha Committee's report contains many recommendations which are one-sided and respect whereof no opportunity is given. Some proposals in the opinion of the Council, are already outside the terms of reference. For instance, the Council referred to (A) recommendations for sanctioning the scale of pay to clerks in circle offices higher than that for post office workers.

(B) the abolition of higher and lower divisions in clerical establishment of the post office; and

(C) the introduction of the system of grades in time scales of pay of postal workers while in other important matters wherefor the Committee has been mainly appointed, they failed to study the question and make concrete proposals and contended themselves by suggesting the appointment of officer or Committee to study and report on those problems and thus evading their responsibility.

The All-India Council entered an emphatic protest against the action of the Government in giving effect to some recommendations which they allege are of reactionary character and prejudicially affect the interests of the subordinate staff.

The Council further opined that some recommendations of the Committee are half-hearted and halting in their nature and the Committee are not bold enough to prescribe the remedy even where evil is apparent.

In the detailed report adopted by the Council, instances have been cited in support of criticism and observations made by the Council on various points mentioned above.

STILL TENTATIVE.

Despite detailed examination, and elaborate criticism the Council made clear that the opinion expressed and observations made by them so far, are still tentative and intended to form the basis of discussion and liable to revision and changes in the light of suggestions that may be made by the provincial and divisional branches throughout the length and breadth of India and Burma.

The All-India Conference is expected to be held at Allahabad probably in the last week of July next when the final conclusions of the union will be reached.

In the meanwhile the Council resolved to approach the Government with a request to extend the period of three months (which ends by the middle of July 1935) before which, the view of the union be communicated to them so that they may be able to get the benefit and if desirable, to incorporate in the report suggestions of careful students of departmental law and procedure.

"RETROGRADE."

The Council also protested against the introduction of new scales of pay for new entrants into the department which (scales) they allege are most retrograde, inadequate and introduce grades which have been strongly condemned by the Postal Enquiry Committee of 1920 and abandoned by the Government. In fixing these scales the Council opines, no regard seems to have been paid to the points considered by the Committee of 1920 and reasons that weighed with Sir B. N. Mitra the then member-in-charge of the department of Industries and Labour in further revising the scales of pay in 1926-27.—A. P. Special.

Major-General Lakin, new G.O.C., Bombay, District, arrived by the Mail Boat on Thursday.

WAVED KNIFE AT BOY

Burglar Gets Away With Rs. 200 Worth Of Ornaments At Mahim

BOMBAY, Friday

The story of how a young boy was threatened with assault by a daylight surglar, who waved an open penknife at him, was told to the Mahim Police by a Hindu resident of the place on Thursday evening.

It appears that a Hindu, living in a flat in front of the Mahim Station, went to his work at 8 a.m. on Thursday, after locking his house.

When he returned at 1-30 p.m. for his meals, everything in his house was intact. He went out again, but when he came back at 5-30 p.m., he found that the lock had been broken and somebody had entered his flat. On going in, he discovered that the cupboard had been smashed and gold ornaments worth Rs. 1,200 had been removed.

One of the neighbouring boys told the victim of the burglary that he saw a man meddling with the lock sometime during the afternoon, but on seeing the boy, the burglar whipped out a knife and threatened to assault himself if he informed anyone about his presence.

The boy, who, was frightened, ran away, and never returned till late evening.

The burglar is still absconding. The Mahim Police and Inspector Dyer of the C.I.D., visited the scene of offence this morning. Further investigations are in progress.

AGA KHAN'S DERBY RUNNERS

Wants To Give Every Horse Chance

LONDON, May 23.

The Aga Khan stated in an interview that he was not deciding his Derby runners until he arrived in London, from the continent, on June 3 or 4. He said his inclination was to give every horse every chance in the classics.

The following is the call-over on the Derby:—

Evens Bahram (offered) 11 to 10 taken; 11 to 2 Bobsleigh (taken and offered); 10 to 1 Sea Bequest (offered); 100 to 8 Theft (offered); 13 to 1 taken; 100 to 8 Hairan (offered); 28 to 1 First Son (offered) 33 to 1 taken; 28 to 1 Fairhaven (offered); 50 to 1 Fairbairn (taken and offered).

EMPIRE BILLIARDS CHAMPIONSHIP

Edwards Defeats Krishna Deb In Fifth Heat

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 23.

The following is the result of the fifth heat in the Empire Billiards championship:—Edwards beat Krishna Deb by 3,068 to 19914. The principal breaks were: Edwards 78, 71, 90, 94, 59 and 74 and Krishna Deb 73, 65.

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Policies in Force	... ...	Rs. 54,20,38,518
Total Claims Paid	...	Rs. 16,29,88,814
Funds Increased to	...	Rs. 15,53,88,843

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AMBALA	GAUHATI	MADURA	RAWALPINDI
BANGALORE	GUNTUR	MERCARA	SINGAPORE
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CALCUTTA	JUBBULPORE	PATNA	TRIVANDRUM
CALICUT	KARACHI	POONA	VIZAGAPATAM
	KUALA LUMPUR		

BRITISH SUCCESS IN FRENCH TENNIS

Perry And Tucky Beat France's Davis Up Pair

PARIS, May 23.

Perry and Tuckey (Great Britain) entered the semi-final of the men's doubles of the French Championships with a surprise victory over France's Davis Cup pair, Borotra and Brugnon, 14—12, 1—6, 6—8, 6—1, 6—4.

Another fine British victory was in the quarter-final, in which Miss Hardwicke and Miss Yorke beat the Franco-American pair, Madame Mathieu and Helen Jacobs, 7—5, 0—6, 6—4.—Reuter.

The Natore police raided a house at the Pandory village near Kalam on 19th May and in the course of the search seized three live cartridges, three daggers and certain photographs. The owner of the house and his wife were placed under arrest, but the woman was subsequently bailed for Rs. 200

Bnagalpore: A gun belonging to Mr. Srish Chandra Banerji, grandson of the late Raja Shile Chandra Banerji, was stolen from his palace on May 19.

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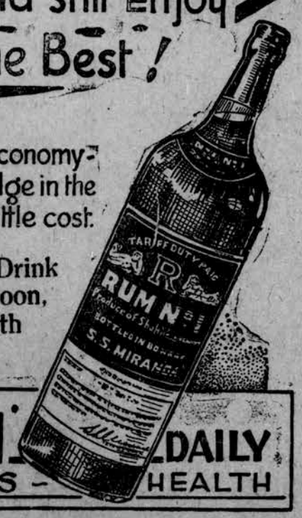
An appropriate Drink during the Monsoon, "R" Rum with Gingerade



DRINK 'R' RUM DAILY
FOR VIGOROUS HEALTH

Witness In Kurla Church Dispute Case Says Wardens Had No Right To Money

(From Our Correspondent)
KURLA, May 24.

Reverend Father N.F.A. Monteiro, Vicar of the Holy Cross church at Kurla, was examined yesterday at the resumed hearing of the inquiry into the church dispute before Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate.

Mr. P. N. Godinho appeared for the acting Vicar's party. Mr. M. M. Karbhari with Mr. P. P. Tamhane appeared for the ex-wardens.

Father Monteiro, examined by Mr. Godinho stated that he was vicar of the Holy Cross church at Kurla since July 1926. Witness continued in the appointment till December 27 last, when he went on leave as he was suffering from cataract in his eyes. He was operated upon at the J.J. Hospital in Bombay.

There were already twelve elected wardens when witness took charge of the vicarship of Kurla church in 1926. The Kurla church belonged to the diocese of Damaun till 1926 when it was abolished. In February 1933 His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay paid a pastoral visit to Kurla. A petition submitted by 125 parishioners was accepted by the Archbishop.

In April 1933 witness received a letter from His Grace asking him to elect new wardens. Accordingly the parishioners submitted to witness 16 names after the mass on the first Sunday in May of that year. Witness recommended Messrs C. Walton, Gomes, Barretto and Pereira as wardens, who were accepted by the Archbishop. Father Pereira, who was specially deputed administered the oath to the wardens. Witness appointed two of them as secretary and treasurer.

TWO MINUTE BOOKS.

The Administrative Board consisted of five members with Vicar as the president. The appointment of these four wardens was duly recorded in the minute book. Till 1933 there was one minute book, but at the suggestion of wardens two minute books, a rough and fair, were kept since the beginning of 1934. They remained with the secretary whose duty was to write the minutes. As he had no time to write them out in the parochial hall, he took them home.

Proceeding witness stated that in 1924 the Archbishop issued a circular suspending the rules and regulations issued in 1899. Since then the Archbishop appointed the wardens on the recommendation of the Vicar. The Vicar was entitled to receive the revenue of the church property and the wardens had no right.

WITNESS CROSS-EXAMINED

Cross-examined by Mr. Karbhari witness stated that there were seven villages under the Kurla church. Their population was about 2,400. Those 16 names suggested for appointing wardens were not from particular villages, but were generally given. None objected to these names. All the Government securities were transferred to the Joint names of the Vicar, the secretary and the treasurer after the new wardens were elected in 1933.

There were savings accounts in the Imperial, the Central and the Bank of India in the Joint names of three. Each one could operate these accounts. The account books were kept in the safe, which could not be opened unless three keys were applied one after the other. The Vicar, the secretary and the treasurer had one each. The same was sealed by Walton on December 24 last, after he detached the duplicate key from the bunch with the witness. Walton took another duplicate key from the treasurer. There were many meetings held from time to time of the administrative board, after these four wardens were appointed in 1933.

Matters regarding expenses, repairs etc. were discussed at these meetings and decided either unanimously or by majority. In every meeting the minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. Witness did object to the taking home by the Secretary of the minute books, but he persisted. When fair copy was not ready rough minutes were confirmed.

The inquiry was adjourned to June 1 for hearing arguments on the point of constitution.

CASE AGAINST PARISHIONERS

The Magistrate then resumed the hearing of the belfry case in which C. Walton, Barretto, and Pereira, three parishioners are charged by the acting Vicar, Father Fernandez with trespass, insult, etc.

Bartholomeo Fernandez, the cook of the acting Vicar, giving evidence, stated that in the morning of February 3 last, the three accused came to witness and inquired of him as to why the door to the priest's house was closed. Witness replied that the acting Vicar had asked him to do so as Father Fernandez was ill that day. Walton and Barretto shouted "Father, Father." Witness then went in for cooking. After some time he heard the ringing of the funeral bell. Witness came out to know as to who rang the bell. He saw Walton in the belfry. The other two accused were standing downstairs. Later a boy came and asked if the acting Vicar died. Witness replied in the negative.

THORN FENCE

Continuing witness stated that under orders from the acting Vicar, he had put a thorn fencing round the water tap in the compound. It was false that witness threw chilly powder in the eyes of the parish school children.

Mali, gardener of the church, who was next called out, said he knew nothing in the matter.

The hearing of this case was also adjourned to June 1.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE ELECTIONS

Mr. S. G. Warty's Manifesto To Graduates

Mr. S. G. Warty, M.A., who is a candidate for the Bombay University Senate from the Graduates' Constituency, in a manifesto issued to the voters, points out the urgent need of university reform, especially as he found after a searching study of University life and administration at the present day, that certain evils have been accumulating for some years past. He thinks that the system of appointing examiners must be placed beyond the manipulation of cliques, parties and groups, that the matriculation must be put on a proper basis, that teachers must be given a larger voice in some of the University matters, and that lastly the number of representatives in the Senate from the Graduates' Constituency must be increased from 25 to 50.

Mr. Warty mentions the work that he has hitherto done in connection with university reform and considers that it is absolutely necessary that the prestige of the University must be restored as early as possible. He wishes to carry on his campaign on the floor of the Senate and asks the voters to return him by their preferential vote. He seeks their support not for private reasons but for public reasons and his sole concern is University reform.

He thinks it is possible that owing to many reasons, many voters have not received copies of his manifesto, and he earnestly requests them not to withhold their support on the private and trivial ground that he has not been able to approach them individually or that his manifesto has not reached them.

ASSAM 'VARSITY DAY AT TEZPUR

(From A Correspondent).
TEZPUR, May 23.

The Assam University Day was observed at Tezpur yesterday with a huge procession accompanied by band and patriotic songs, terminated in a mass meeting in the Town Hall compound.

Great resentment prevailed owing to the opposition by the Bengal papers and certain section of Bengalis. The police took great precautions. Enthusiasm reminding Non-co-operation days was evidenced at the mass meeting which unanimously adopted resolutions urging the early establishment of a separate university for Assam.

Rival Factions Withdraw Allegations

MAGISTRATE MARKS SIX CASES COMPOUNDED & DISCHARGES ABOUT A DOZEN ACCUSED

(From Our Correspondent.)
KURLA, May 23.

The allegations made against one another by members of two rival Muslim factions, in the course of their three criminal complaints of abuse, intimidation and assault and three counter complaints filed in the court of the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, having been withdrawn yesterday the Magistrate marked the cases compounded.

Involved in these case were about a dozen accused, including Budhu Master on one side and Haji Karamat Idan, an ex-municipal councillor, on the other.

They were discharged yesterday by the Magistrate.

TO MEN AND WOMEN OF ALL AGES—ESPECIALLY THOSE OVER THIRTY

Are You losing your youth?
—take precautions now!

Do you feel older than your age? Are you disinclined for exertion and losing your vigour? If you are it is because you are overworking your heart—forcing it to drive the blood through hardening arteries.

Why be content to live so unhappily—so wearily? Revitalize and rejuvenate yourself by restoring the normal action to your over-worked heart and elasticity to your arteries.

"Phyllosan" works wonders in such cases as yours—strengthening the action of the heart and reducing high blood pressure to normal. In this climate it is dangerous to disregard the signs of high blood-pressure which first appear in headaches loss of mental power and lack of physical energy.

"Phyllosan" is carefully prepared under the supervision of E. Buergi, M.D., Professor of Medicine at the University of Berne. Take "Phyllosan" and you will gain new life. It will give you back your youthfulness. Simply take two tablets three times a day before meals. Make up your mind to start NOW.

"Phyllosan"—a purely vegetable product is guaranteed free from animal fats, alcohol and deleterious chemicals.

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TO-DAY!

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BHULABHAI DESAI IN COONOOR

Do Your Duty By Country By Joining Congress, Says Congress Leader

(From Our Correspondent).
COONOOR, May 20.

Sjt. Bulabhai Desai, accompanied by Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Mr. T. Prakasam and other Congress leaders arrived in Coonoor last evening from Ootacamund. A mammoth public meeting had been arranged by the local Congressmen and it was presided over by Mr. T. Prakasam. Various local Association read the presented addresses to Messrs. Desai and C. Rajagopalachariar, in appreciation of their public services during the past several years.

Sjt. Bulabhai Desai, replying, made a very stirring speech, in which after describing the Congress activities in the Assembly and outside, stressed the necessity for strengthening the membership of the Congress and appealto all present to get themselves enrolled at the earliest opportunity. He wondered why millions of Indians should hesitate to join the Congress, as long as they were quite sure that they were doing only an elementary duty. He appealed to his hearers to give up the inferiority-complex feeling and strengthen the Congress by all means.

Collections were made on the spot for helping the families of the detenus in Bengal.

BURGLARS SENT TO JAIL

BOMBAY, Friday.

Keshav Ranga and Chintaman Powar (both aged 19), were found guilty of thefts and house-breaking by night, by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, on Thursday, and sentenced to 18 months' and 8 months' rigorous imprisonment, respectively.

The thefts took place in the several mill areas, during December and March, and the accused were concerned in a series of thefts.

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KISMAT-KI-BHOOL

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NAYAMPALLY, LOBO, GODSE, OMKAR HEERA

in the leading Roles

Supported by:

LEELA DEVI, SHETY, AGARWALE, P. R. JOSHI.

VATSALA JOSHI, SUSHILA, B.A.

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Direction by: D. K. KALE

Photography: Y. D. SARPOTDAR

Recordist: P. N. AURORA

Music: S. N. MANJREKAR

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BLOWING OF A CITY!

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MAGIC THAT DESTROYS ARMY!!!

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Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10-30 p. m.

Matinee at 2-30 p. m. on SAT., SUN. & Holidays.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Market Well Balanced

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., have issued the following cotton report:—

The American Government have been successful in getting prices back once more on to the 12 cent level. The highest point reached was on 17th instant when July New York touched 12.12 cents, since when the tone has been easier and traders are awaiting fresh developments.

The stocks of cotton now held off the market amount to about 6 million bales; out of this amount 1,300,000 are in the Producers' pool and can be sold at any time and replaced with futures, while the balance is held under the 12 cent loan and cannot be released until the end of July.

As we have pointed out in previous reports the carry-over in America at the end of this season looks like being the same as last year, viz. 8 million bales, out of which Government may hold perhaps 6 million, so that from now to July 31st there is sufficient cotton to meet the normal requirements of American Mills and exporters during this period.

The market therefore appears to us to be very well balanced, and in spite of the 12 cent loan on this crop or the next, the deciding factor for the next three months will, as usual, be the weather.

Good crop reports will have a bearish effect, and faith in Government control may be shaken again as we have seen it shaken before, while reports of damage would almost certainly send prices soaring to new high levels.

Cable advices indicate that a reaction is about due in the near future, but such a reaction would probably be short lived as the manager of the Producers' pool is apparently waiting to cover recent sales of actual cotton with purchases of futures in weak markets.

The local market has been uneventful during the week except for the increased premium of the old April/May contract over July August Broach owing to last minute covering by "shorts".

Demand for long staple styles is negligible as there is no incentive to buy with distant months at such a large discount, and even the demand for ready, which was much in evidence a few weeks ago, has now died down altogether.

The New Crop Broach contract is not expensive at its present price, and we consider that purchases on any breaks will prove an attractive investment.

THE STATE OF SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, May 24

The following is the weekly summary:—

Securities: Better business. Speculative buying volume of business small.

Money: Tight throughout the week. No signs of ease in near future.

Cotton Mills: Dull and lifeless. Prices decline absence of buying.

Cements: Speculative buying. Shahabads and Indians strong but some profit taking. Rumours of Bonus shares on Shahabads. Bundis unchanged.

Banks: Better enquiry for Imperials. Central Bank shares strong demand.

Rails: No enquiry. Prices mostly unchanged.

Electrics: Ahmedabad slightly easy. Sellers of Karachi-Ajmer in demand.

Hydros: Speculative buying in Tata Power and Andhra. Rumours of increased dividend on Andhra. Hydros practically unchanged.

Insurance: Tendency firm. Prices shade better. Scarcity of sellers.

Iron and Steel: Dividend on 2nd Pref awaited Defds and Ord easy most part but some demand at the decline. Books closing on the 4th proximo.

Tram and Telephone: Fair enquiry for Tram ordinary shares. Telephones steady and prices unchanged.

Bombay Burma: Slump on rumours of a call on new issues. Good recovery on covering.

Bellapur: Rise in Java sugar. Sudden rise in prices.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 24.

S.S Narkunda, Capt. J H Biggs, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., from London via Aden.

S S Conte Rosso, Capt. M Verbas, Agents Lloyd Triestino, from Shanghai via Colombo.

S S Barpeta, Capt. W Dewhirst, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., from Basra via Por Bunder.

S S Subadar, Capt. L H Bonnad, Turner Morrison & Co., from Java via Coast Ports.

S S Golconda, Capt. H M MacDonald, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., from Karachi.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, May 24.

S S Mayebashi Maru, Capt. H Taguchi, Agents N Y Kaisha, for Kobe via Karachi.

S S Manju Maru, Capt. K Miyahara, Agents O S Kaisha, for Karachi via Kundla.

S S Warfield, Capt. D M Gill Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie, for London via Aden.

S S Maloja, Capt. J B Browning Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., for London via Aden.

S S India, Capt. E Stagnaro, Agents Lloyd Triestino, for Genoa via Karachi.

LOADING.

Bombay, May 24.

S S Shwedagon for Rangoon, Calcutta, Chittagong.

S S Hilda for Batavia, Sourabaya and Java Ports.

S S Garbeta for Rangoon via Coast Ports.

S S Thalatta for Europe Ports via Calcutta.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 25.

Messrs. Lewis & Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Latest Prices:—

Wiluna Gold Corporation Ord., £2-18-9.

London Tin Corporation Ltd., £0-10-0.

Turner & Newall, £2-16-6.

Associated Electric Industries, £1-8-0.

Attock Oil, £0-8-1-1/2.

Associated Portland Cement, £2-9-9.

Electric Supply Corporation, £3-1-3.

Ooregum Gold Mining Preferred, £1-5-3.

Beira Railways, £0-19-0.

County of London Elec. Supply Ord., £2-17-0.

Marconi International Marine, £1-11-9.

Calendar's Cable & Constn. Co., £3-10-6.

General Electric Ord., £2-14-0

London & Thames Haven Oil Wharves, £4-10-3.

L. M. & S. Rly. 4 per cent. Pref., £80-10-0.

International Rlys. of C. America, dol. 3.50.

Malayalam Plantations, £1-11-6.

British Burma Petroleum, £0-5-6.

Soudan Plantation Syndicate Ord., 1-14-6.

British S. Africa (Chartered), £1-3-6.

Pahang Consolidated Ord., £0-9-9.

Indian Copper Corporation Ord. £0-2-7-1/2.

British Treasury Bills (3 months), £0-10- 2.95 per cent. p.a.

Market dull and uninteresting.

8th WEEK NOW ON

DAILY 5-15; 8 & 10-45 p. m.

To-day and To-morrow at 2.30 p. m.

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WADIA MOVIETONE'S SUPER JEWEL

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Novelty Cinetone's daring social drama—forcefully depicting a gambler's ruination and damnation!

MUST A DAUGHTER PAY THE WAGES OF SINS COMMITTED BY HER FATHER?

Find the answer in this vital human drama!

The notable cast includes KASHINATH, MISS MAYURI, IQBAL, GULZAR, ERACHSHAW.

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"DO-GHADI-KI-MOJ"

GOING STRONG at the

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The great human panorama and Racing classic!

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CAME TO AN END—?

Sikandar Cinetone's Maiden Urdu Musical

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Direction and Story by

MUNSHI S. AMIRALLY

Featuring

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Tomorrow Sunday 26th

Krishna Leela

Morning at 10 a.m.

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Parel Poibavdi Near Tata Mill.

Remember the great Rush on Sunday Last, and come early for GOOD SEATS.

GHAR JAMAI
Featuring
HEERA, JAMNA, AMOO, ALIDADAN, JAMSHEDJI, CHEMIST, SAYED AHMED, GULAM RASOOL, BABY NOOR JAHAN, AND OTHERS
Director NOMI MASTER
A PREMIER FILM PRODUCTION.

A Son-in-Law on one year's probation—what a lark that is! You will laugh till you cry to see this Funniest (Gujerati) Farce.

MATINEE 2-45 P.M. 5, 8 & 10-30 P.M. At ROXY

PREMIER FILMS, Pasta Road, DADAR.

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A MYSTERY MAN WITH SIX FACES .....

who was a terror to Police as well as public.

EAST INDIA'S Powerful detective thriller.

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Starring MAZAHARKHAN, Miss ANWARI, GUL HAMID, Miss INDUBALA (H.M.V.)

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GLOBE TALKIES

Sandhurst Road,

Time, 5-15, 8, 10-45,—Fri. Sat. Sun. & Holidays at 2-45.

What she told her RUN-DOWN husband

I AM worried about you—you are distressingly weary in body and mind, your spirits and vitality are alarmingly low—you must do something about it. Take Waterbury's Compound. Remember last year Mabel's husband felt just as you do now. The doctor told him to take Waterbury's and how quickly he picked up."

Waterbury's Compound with its abundance of liver extracts, malt extracts and other nourishing elements quickly builds up run-down systems. It increases stamina, fortifies with excess energy and new vigour. Lays a solid foundation of good health that guards against disease.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

Sold in Blue and Red wrappers... the Red as a general and bronchial tonic F-78

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened FREE OF CHARGES & interest at 1½ p.c. per annum allowed.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened with sums as low as Rs. 5 and interest at 3½ p.c. per annum on daily balances. Withdrawals by cheques.

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For further particulars please apply to any of the Offices.

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It is real Cognac Brandy.
Keep a bottle handy.

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TRADE AND FINANCE

MONEY REMAINS FIRM WITH LOANS 3 1/2 P.C.

Gilt-Edged Market Firm

ERRATIC MOVEMENT IN SILVER

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 24.

MONEY.

Money continued firm with call loans in demand at about 3 1/2 per cent throughout the period under review. It is reported that in Calcutta there was a slight relaxation in rates, which may tend to induce sympathetic easiness in the local inter-bank rates. The present relative tightness in the money market here is largely accounted for by withdrawal of funds for financing large stocks of bullion—gold and silver in the current settlement of accounts. Fresh funds accruing from the three months Treasury bill maturities aggregated Rs. 151.50 lacs, whereas renewals were Rs. 1 crore at the rate of Rs. 1-11-7 per cent. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—one month 3 per cent 2 to 3 2 3/4 per cent 6 months 2 1/2 per cent.

GILTEDGED MARKET.

Steady conditions prevailed in the gilt-edged market this week following advices from London where gilt-edged ruled firm with 3 1/2 per cent India Sterling stocks were quoted at £98 1/4. This is caused mainly by the strength of the Pound Sterling in terms of gold currencies. Another contributory factor was the report that interested buying of a considerable amount of medium-term loans was carried out in Calcutta. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper advanced from Rs. 94 to Rs. 95-6. There was sympathetic rise in all other scrips. The tone of the market appears fairly steady. 3 per cent 1941 bonds closed steady at Rs. 100-14 and 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan gained from Rs. 102-2 to Rs. 102-9. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan improved full one per cent over the week to Rs. 107-9. 1943 loan rose to Rs. 106-9. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan improved from Rs. 111-10 to Rs. 112-4. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan closed at Rs. 108-8, 1940-43 loan at Rs. 109-11 and 1945-55 tax-free loan at Rs. 117-10. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 is quoted at Rs. 108-6. 6 1/2 per cent Bom. Dev. Loan was steady at Rs. 101-14 and 6 1/2 per cent. Tr. Bonds at Rs. 101-9.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling Exchange was firm at the opening, but later following easier money in Calcutta, the tone of the local market was a shade quieter. The rates were practically unchanged with sellers of ready T.T. at 1/6-7/64 and buyers at 1/6-9/64, occasional business being placed at the middle rate. Forward position were also steady though business was scarce. The quotations were.

The main feature of the foreign exchange market in London was the persistent appreciation of the pound sterling in terms of the dollar and gold currencies. Fluctuations were erratically wide. The factor which influenced these movements was the revival of inflationary sentiment in the U.S.A. on the passing by the Congress of the Patman War Veterans Bonus Bill, providing for the issue of dol. 2,000 million fresh currency by the United States Senate and the Veto thereon of the President. The gold currencies also ruled weaker. The London New York cross rate opened at dol 4.90 1/8 and rose as high as dol 4.93 11/16 but closed at dol. 4.92 5/8. The London-Paris cross rate rose from 74.04 to 74.81 closing at 74.72. The Belga and the Italian Lira finished at 29.11 and 59.81 to the £.

GOLD.

Gold was weak at the opening following the strength of the pound sterling, and ready gold declined to as low as Rs. 34-14. On Wednesday, however gold prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 35-3-6 for ready owing to bear covering as well as firmness of gold currencies. On renewal of inflationary talk in the U.S.A. the rates declined again to Rs. 34-15 and closed at Rs. 35-9. A fair amount of purchase was reported on account of banks, which was to cover forward sales and not for export, the quotations in the local market ruling above export parity throughout the week. The stocks on hand aggregated about 6 to 7 lacs tolas and the daily offtake was unchanged at about 3,000 tolas. Arrivals from upcountry are smaller, averaging some 10 to 15 thousand tolas a day. The price of sovereigns was quieter this week closing at Rs. 22-8-6 for ready and Rs. 22-9-0 for forward. In London the quotation for gold after declining to 141sh. 5d. improved to 141sh. 11 1/2d. but again eased off to 141sh. 1 1/2d. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. "Ranchi" amounted to Rs. 5.89 lacs. of which Rs. 5.54 lacs are sovereigns. In the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 35-3-6 and Rs. 34-14-0 for ready, and 20th and 25th May settlement and Rs. 35-5-9 and Rs. 34-15-9 for 17th June settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Fluctuations in the silver market were again erratic this week, though the undertone remained steady. During the early part advices from Shanghai were weak and the prices in the local market for ready silver declined from Rs. 83-2 to Rs. 80-3 per 100 tolas. The immediate influence in this connection was the announcement of Mr. Morgenthoau regarding the ban on entry of foreign silver coins into the U.S.A. which was construed as prohibiting importation of silver bullion obtained by melting foreign silver coins. Towards the close, however on firmer advices from Shanghai and the London market, the rate for ready spurted up to Rs. 82-4 and slightly receding to Rs. 81-8 closed at Rs. 81-11. Stocks on hand continue heavy at some 23,000 bars, while the daily offtake shows no better than 8 to 10 bars. In Shanghai the dollar after falling from 1/8 1/2 to 1/7 7/8d. on Tuesday recovered to 1/8 1/4 and closed there at. The highest and lowest rates in London were 35d and 33 3/4d. for ready and 35-3/16d and 33 15/16d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were 83-2 and Rs. 80-3 for ready, Rs. 83-4 and Rs. 80-4 for 23rd May settlement and Rs. 83-10 and Rs. 80-12 for 21st June settlement.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange displayed on the whole a steady tone with small day to day fluctuations in rices. There was considerable activity in the cement group, prices appreciating from 30 to 40 points in case of higher-priced issues. At the higher levels, however there was some profit-taking which caused recession in prices. The market closed steady. The cotton mill shares were fairly steady. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—862/8 860 863/12; Century Rs. 280 278/14 277/8; Central India Rs. 325 322/8; New Great Rs. 156/4 152/8 153/12; Kohinoor Rs. 202/8 200 201/4; Simplex Rs. 83/2 79/6 and Swadeshi Rs. 203/12 199/6 200.

In the miscellaneous section steel were dull. Tata Ordys. moved between Rs. 145 and Rs. 148 and Tata Defds between Rs. 698/12 and Rs. 715. Tata 2nd Pref. shares were steady at Rs 171/8 and Tata Hydros at Rs. 180-10. Tata Power shares advanced from Rs 1590 to Rs. 1622/8 and Andhra Valleys from Rs. 1685 to Rs. 1736/4. Alcock shares after receding to Rs. 167/8 closed at Rs. 171/4. Bombay Burmahs opened at the low level of Rs. 315 but improved to Rs. 341/4. Bom. Trams were steady at Rs. 158/2 and Bombay Steams at Rs. 292/8. Scindia steams closed at Rs. 11/1. Cement shares attracted much attention, Bundis improving to Rs. 47 and Shahabads to Rs. 526/4. Indian Cement shares were rather steady closing at Rs. 453/12 and Katni Ordys at Rs. 426/4. New India Ass. shares rose to Rs. 43, and Belapurs from Rs. 311/4 to Rs. 324/6. Industrial Investment shares are quoted at Rs. 7/8 premium. Among railway shares Ahmd. Prantij is quoted at Rs. 855 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 765. Imperial Bank shares were firmer. Fully paids advancing from Rs. 1550 to Rs. 1593/12 and Contributories from Rs. 387/8 to Rs. 391/4. Bank of India shares were steady at Rs. 119/8, while Central Banks gained from Rs. 35/12 to Rs. 37/12.

LINSEED & RAPESEED CROPS

The Department of Agriculture, Bombay, has issued the following Final Memorandum on the Linseed and Rapeseed Crops of the Bombay Presidency and Indian States, excluding Sind, for the Season 1934-35:—

(1) On an average of the five years ending 1932-33 the area under the Linseed and Rapeseed crops in the territory to which this forecast relates has represented some 4.0 and 0.5 per cent. respectively of the total area under the crops in the whole of India.

(2) The figures for the year under report, i.e. for 1934-35 shown in this forecast relate to the Linseed and Rapeseed crops sown about October-November 1934.

(Estimates up to 1st May 1935

AREA.

The latest reports show total areas under the two crops as stated below:—

	Bombay Presidency Proper.	
	Linseed. Acres.	Rapeseed Acres.
British Districts	115,000	9,000
Indian States	7,000	8,000
Total	122,000	17,000

The area under Linseed is 5.7 and 5.8 per cent. respectively below the final revised area of the last year and the average actual area during the preceding ten years, while the area under Rapeseed is 47.2 and 36.7 respectively below the final revised area of the last year and the average actual area during the preceding ten years.

LINSEED

This crop is principally grown in the Deccan and the Karnatak. In both these Divisions, the area under the crop decreased owing to deficiency of the late rains. In the Deccan, the crop showed satisfactory progress in the early stage, but the frost that occurred by the middle of January prejudicially affected its further development in many parts of the Division. In the Karnatak the crop suffered after sowing due to deficient soil moisture and although it showed some improvement subsequently under the rains received at the end of October and in the first week of November, the yield of the crop may be much below the normal in most places. The crop has now been harvested everywhere.

In view of the seasonal factors described above, the estimated outturn of the crop in the Deccan may range between 75 per cent. of the normal and almost a full normal in the North except in the Nasik District where owing to the adverse effects of the frost the crop may come up to only about 65 per cent. of the normal. In the South of the Division the outturn of the crop may vary from 65 to 80 per cent. of the normal. In the Karnatak, the crop may yield about 60 per cent of the normal in Belgaum and Bijapur districts, but only 45 per cent. of the normal in the Dharwar District.

RAPESEED.

The cultivation of this crop is mainly confined to North Gujarat and the Western India States Agency where the area under the crop was considerably curtailed owing to the absence or deficiency of rain at the time of sowing. The crop also suffered to a varying extent owing to the severe frost by the middle of January with the result that the outturn of the crop may range only between 45 and 70 per cent. of the normal.

OUTTURN.

The estimated outturn of the two oil-seeds work out as stated below:—

	Bombay Presidency Proper.	
	Linseed. Tons.	Rapeseed Tons.
British Districts	11,000	1,000
Indian States	1,000	1,500
Total	12,000	2,500

The outturn of Linseed is 9.9 and 3.0 per cent. respectively below the estimated outturn of the final revised area of the last year and the average estimated outturn of the actual area during the preceding ten years. In the case of Rapeseed, the outturn is 56.1 and 50.5 per cent. respectively below the estimated outturn of the final revised area of the last year and the average estimated outturn of the actual area during the preceding ten years.

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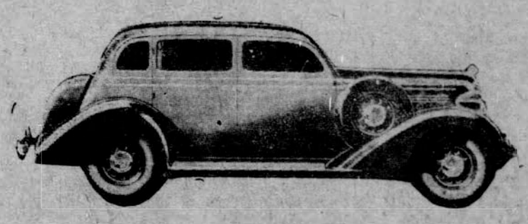

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SHARE BAZAR CLOSED

Bombay, May 24.

The Share Bazar remained entirely closed to-day on account of the death of Mr. Hargovind Muljl, a prominent member of the Exchange.

SMALL ENQUIRY FOR YARN

Moderate Business In Japanese

Bombay, May 22.

There is hardly any change to report in our market during the past week with prices practically unchanged. The cotton prices have remained very steady and there has been fairly good demand for ready cotton. Inspite of the firm undertone of the Raw Material the yarn market has not shown any material improvement during the week as the demand from almost all consuming districts has yet been very restricted and the turnover during the week has been very small. Reports from Calcutta as well as Rangoon are not at all encouraging and enquiries from these markets have been very small as the offers are much below the level at which the dealers can afford to sell and no business of any importance has taken place. The Southern Markets have once again become very quiet. Enquiries from other important markets are also very meagre and the most of the offers are far low to admit any business in bulk. It is quite apparent that the present high level of prices of yarns does not suit at all the weavers and unless cloth prices do not show any material improvement, there is no possibility of satisfactory demand from the consumers at present. While the Mills have been quoting higher rates, dealers find it practically impossible to make their purchases at about this level as they are not able to realise any remunerative prices of their stocks. Looking to all the above circumstances, we do not expect any material change either in demand or in prices of yarns during the next few days.

ENGLISH YARNS.

There have been some inquiries in this class of yarns as a result of further improvement in prices of Japanese and Shanghai yarns. Spot prices remain unchanged while forward quotations are near about the level at which some forward business might be possible. No fresh business of any importance has been reported but if the quotations are found more favourable, this class of yarns is very likely to find a better market in near future.

JAPANESE YARNS.

There is nothing fresh to report in this class of yarns. The demand continues to remain very moderate in all kinds of yarns and the undertone has remained quiet during the week. The stocks are not at all heavy and prices have remained more or less unchanged in case of 2|42s Shanghai Grey Yarn, there has been some improvement on account of stocks being very limited. Prices of Mercerised yarns have remained at about last week's level with minor fluctuations during the week. The undertone at the close has, however, remained very quiet. Sampin and Exchange do not show any material change.

ART SILK YARNS

Official prices of Italrayon yarns during the week have remained unchanged. Prices of Japanese yarns have been maintained at about the same level as last week's. Inspite of further heavy arrivals of fresh consignments, there has been practically no demand for the Japanese qualities but as the dealers are losing heavily they are not at all inclined to reduce their prices. In the circumstances, the consumers are getting more and more interested in Italian qualities which are available at very nearly the same rates as Japanese yarns and the demand has been fairly satisfactory.

INDIAN YARNS

No fresh sales of any importance have been reported by our Mills during the week under review. On account of firm undertone in prices of Raw Material they have been quoting higher rates and dealers find it impossible to work out any business in bulk at the present limits. Unless there is any material improvement in the demand from the consuming districts and the dealers are able to realise any better prices, no business of any importance is likely to be effected. The future outlook is rather uncertain.

NEW YORK COTTON

BOMBAY, May 24.

On Thursday the New York Cotton futures market was easier in the absence of any important buying and also by foreign selling and favourable weather.

"The Senate will sustain Roosevelt's veto of the inflationary bonus bill," such was still the nucleus of informed Wall Street opinion but markets closed before the Senatorial veto. The feature of the Cotton market was foreign selling and with demand slow, the undertone later became heavy. There was some local selling and weather reports were favourable.

The market entirely depends upon the attitude of the U. S. Senate regarding veto of the Bonus Bill. The general opinion is mixed but there is more desire to buy on declines.

The market opened at a decline of 5 points with October 11.75. There was increased selling pressure and prices further declined by 10 points and October was quoted at 11.65. This was the lowest level for the day. In the afternoon the market was steady and finally closed at 3 a net decline of 10 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 12.35 'C' per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 7 to 8 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 10 points at 12.40 C. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (10 a.m.)	11.75—05
N. Y. October Lowest (11-16 a.m.)	11.65—15
Liverpool October Highest (10-1 a.m.)	6.25+01
Liverpool October Lowest (3-15 p.m.)	6.19—05

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Crop news favourable. If Senate uphold President veto, think will have bearish effect.

New York.—Market easier on considerable realising. Some hedging. Far East, Liverpool and Continent, South and commission houses selling. Market awaiting developments Washington. Continue to feel bullish. Small business doing in cloths and yarns.

New York.—Think Senate sustaining President's veto Bonus Bill have very little bearish will market influence and would be temporary.

New York.—Goods market sales above production. Little pressure. We think the market is now a purchase on each decline.

New York.—Moderate foreign and local selling absorbed by trade. Feeling is less confident.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, May. 23

July 1935	11.94—10
October 1935	11.68—12
December 1935	11.71—13
January 1936	11.76—12
March 1936	11.79—12
Middling Spot	12.35—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, May 23.

May 1935	11.85—10
July 1935	11.91—07
October 1935	11.68—08
Middling Spot	12.40—10

NEW YORK.
New York, May 23.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
July 1935	11.96
October 1935	11.71
December 1935	11.76
New York, Noon Call—	
July 1935	11.94
October 1935	11.69

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York May. 23.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	4,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	13,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, May 23

	10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day Price
May 1935		6.64+03
June 1935		6.54
July 1935	6.50	6.48—01
August 1935		6.36—02
September 1935		6.33—02
October 1935	6.24	6.20—04
November 1935		6.20—04
December 1935		6.16—04
January 1936		6.16—04
February 1936		6.16—04
March 1936		6.16—04
April 1936		6.15—04
May 1936		6.14—05
Middling Spot		7.01+03

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, May 23.

Wheat Rozario Santa fe, parcels May sellers 23/9

Wheat Barletta Russo, parcels May sellers 23/9.

South Australian parcels May sellers 27/3

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.
London, May 23.

Java Sugar Market unchanged.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

BOMBAY, May 24.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened unchanged with October 6.24. Considering general uncertainties, traders mistrusted firmness of New York. Later on there was hedge-selling of distant positions against outside growth and trade calling of near positions. Prices fluctuated within a range of 6 points and finally closed at a decline of one to four points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 3 points at 7.01d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian Cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 3 points. At the close May was quoted 6.03, July 6.01 and October 5.99.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was also easy on increased selling. Sakels futures declined 5 points with Spot Cotton 6 points down at 8.39. Uppers futures closed 2 points lower and Spot Cotton prices lost 5 points at 7.96 C. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was quiet. Sakels futures closed unchanged 5 points down and Ashmouni futures declined 4 to 5 points.

HEAVY LIQUIDATION.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern State:—Owing to lack of confidence in the Administration's policies, coupled with favourable weather foreign liquidation forced down the prices.

Yesterday's Senate decision over the Bonus Bill is keenly awaited and should the President's veto be upheld by them, the chances of re-introduction of it in the Congress seem to be remote in view of the proximity of adjournment of Congress. Throwing out of this inflationary Bill may perhaps cause a temporary disappointment and a set-back in commodities and silver with a resultant slight appreciation of dollar and gold. Responsible Senators are reported to be afraid that flouting of the President veto and strong opposition of Bankers and Commerce, will perhaps, precipitate a domestic crisis and land them in uncontrollable chaos. A rift in the British Cabinet is reported but no serious consequences are apprehended. Furthermore, continued heavy discounts in three months forward francs remains a source of anxiety as to the future of the Continental Gold bloc.

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, May. 23

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—

May 1935	8.10
July 1935	8.07
October 1935	8.07
November 1935	8.07
January 1936	8.07
March 1936	8.06
May 1936	8.06
F. G. F. Spot	8.39

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 23

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.88
Fine (Good Staple)	6.03
Superfine (Good Staple)	6.18
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 Staple)	5.97
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	6.12
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.27
BENGAL.—	
Good	3.88
Fully Good	3.98
Fine	4.08
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	3.98
Fine	4.08
Superfine	4.18

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, May 23

Bank Bills 3 months market rate unchanged.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate unchaged,

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate unchanged,

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate unchanged.

Interest Day to Day Loan unchanged.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan, unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, May 23

T. T. London on.—	
Berlin	12.23-1/2
Amsterdam	7.28-1/4
Brussels	29.11
Madrid	36.06
Milan	59.81
Berne	15.23-1/2
Paris	74.72
Prague	118.37
T. T. London on New York Closing rate	4.92-3/8

LINSEED OIL
London May 23

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. June paid 21/1-1/2

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. July/August sellers 21/4-1/2,

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 22nd May	19,312
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934	2,102,824
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,004,750
Increase	98,074

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 24.

The local silver market was easy with increased selling pressure. There was a marked absence of any buying and prices after opening at Rs. 82/6 declined to Rs. 82/1. The gold market was quiet with limited businesss.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	81 0 0
Vaishakh	81 0 0
Jeth	81 10 0
Ashad	82 4 0
Ready gold	34 15 6
Jeth	35 1 9
Ashad	35 2 9

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, May 23.

May	76.35—30
July	76.70—60
September	77.40—30

NEW YORK SILVER

New York spot silver prices were reduced to-day by 1/4 cents to 76 cents

LONDON SILVER.
London, May 23.

Market quietly steady.
Spot 34 3/16
Forward 34 7/16
Gold Bars Fine per oz £7/1/1-1/2

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL
Bombay, May 24

London Market—
Standard Copper Cash (buyers) £34-2-6
Standard Copper Cash (sellers) £34-3-9
Standard Copper 3 months £34-10-0
Electrolytic copper £37-15-0
New York Market—
Blue Eagle 9.75 cents
Non-Blue Eagle 8 1/8 cents
Bombay Market—
Y M sheets 4'x4'x21/Rs. 33-4 28/112/ Rs. 32-4
Copper sheets 4'x4'x21/112/Rs. 37-12
Copper Asho Rs. 39-8-0
Y M Ashe Rs. 34 (nominal)
Tone: Firm

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York:—Liverpool July 134 at Cross Rate 4.92 5/8

Bombay—Liverpool:—Broach J&/A. 235—Liverpool July 6.47 Rs. 46 3/4 at Rs Exchange 1/6

Bombay—Liverpool:—Broach A/M. 1936 219/12—Liverpool May 1936 6.13 Rs. 47 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—Broach J/A. 235—New York July 11.94 Rs. 34 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.92 5/8

Bombay—New York:—Broach A/M. 1936 219/12—New York March 11.79 Rs. 46 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.92 5/8.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 23.

Broach A/M. Op. 254; Highest 254; Lowest 252 1/4; Closing 252 1/4

Broach J/A. Op. 239; Highest 239; Lowest 237; Closing 237.

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 222 3/4; Highest 222 3/4; Lowest 221 1/4; Closing 221 3/4

Oomra May Op. 218 1/4; Highest 218 1/4; Lowest 216 3/4; Closing 216 3/4

Oomra July Op. 216 3/4; Highest 217; Lowest 215 3/4; Closing 215 3/4

Oomra D/J. Op. 199; Highest 199; Lowest 197; Closing 198 1/4.

Bengal May Op. 148 1/4; Highest 148 1/4; Lowest 146 1/2; Closing 146 1/2

Bengal July Op. 145; Highest 145 1/2; Lowest 143 1/2; Closing 143 1/2

Bengal D/J. Op. 138 3/4; Highest 139; Lowest 137; Closing 137.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/A. 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 9 1/2

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 34

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-6-35) Rs. 7 1/2

SEEDS.
London, May 23.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F ton May sellers £9/10/0.

Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton May/June sellers £11/13/9.

Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton May/June sellers £12/3/9.

Rapeseed. Toria (Hull/Cont. C.I.F ton. May/June sellers £13/3/9

Castorseed. Bombay Hull Cont C.I.F. ton. May/June sellers £12/1/3.

RUBBER
London, May. 23

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. 6 sellers

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London. May 23

	£
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	70
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	89
Indian Stock. 3 1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	98
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent. 1950/55	113-1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent.	89
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	108-1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	106-1/2
Funding Loan. 4 per cent. 1960/90	118-1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	116-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	123-1/2
National Bank of India	43-1/2
P & O. Banking Corporation.	10-1/4

LONDON METALS.
London. May 23.

	£
Copper Brazlers	47-1/4
Yellow Metal	39-5/8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	15-1/4
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots. Liverpool F O. B.	231

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 24.

Following a decline of 12 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 235/4 for Broach J/A. delivery and declined to Rs. 234/4 on long liquidation. Later on there was scattered buying which improved prices to Rs. 234/12. The market was easy with a limited business.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 3 points. The local market was quiet but steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	251 4 0
Broach J/A	235 0 0
New Broach A/M	220 4 0
Oomra May	214 4 0
Oomra July	213 12 0
Oomra D/J	196 8 0
Bengal May	143 0 0
Bengal July	142 0 0
Bengal D/J	136 0 0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, May 24

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	156	151	147	144	
Panjab	156	151	147	144	
Rajputana	157	152	148	145	
Oomra No. 3	223	220	217	213	...
C P No. 1	240	237	234	230	...
C P No. 2	228	225	222	218	...
Broach No. 2	258	254	250	245	
Punjab-Ame	288	284	280	275	
Surat	328	324	320	315	
Rajpipla	328	324	320	315	
Navsari	333	329	325	320	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS
Bombay, May 24

Bengal Superfine	162
Bengal Fine	154
Bengal F G	146
Sindh-Punjab Fine	154
Sindh-Punjab F G	146
Wardha-Hingt	238
Nagpur/Savuer	240
Pundhurna	225
Yeotmal	224
Arvi	223
Ellichpur	222
Berar	217/219
Khamgaon	219/221
Mulkapur	217/215
Khandesh	212/215
Jalna/Sailu	212/215
Burwah Sanavad	215/218
Broach Fine	252/254
Punjab/American	285
Punjab/American mix	265
Cambodia	320
Compta Good	280
Kampala	363
Busoga	361
Jinja	351

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES
Bombay, May 24

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	508	244,026
Central India	178	100,520
Barsi and Nagar	528	100,852
Hyderabad Gaorani	360	43,387
Berar	1,522	382,534
Central Provinces	133	90,535
Total Oomras	3,229	961,854
Dholera	2,800	162,319
N W Provinces	210	31,762
Rajjputana	117	30,092
Sind-Punjab	2,370	296,213
Broach	...	129,703
Coompta and Dharwar	413	72,807
Westerns-Northerns	558	49,368
Cocoanada	...	114
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	193	57,382
Persian	...	2,450
American	128	36,500
Egyptian and African	5,071	282,540
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	15,089	2,117,913

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY
1st Sept to 16th May

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	2,334	313,343
Japan and China	9,111	890,469
Coast Ports	1,009	23,066
Up-country by Rail	...	188,715
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	38,742
Total	12,454	1,454,335

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 24th day of May 1935.

Broach Fully Good Quality.

	Vaidas.
(B.T.) April-May 1934-35	July-Aug 1935
10-30 Rs. 249/8	240/8
12-30 Rs. 250	241
2-30 Rs. 250	241
4-30 Rs. 250	241
April-May July-Aug	July-Aug
Highest 250/4 241/4	241/4
Lowest 249/4 240/4	

SPOT RATES

Superfine 258
Fine 254
Fully Good 250
Good 245

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 23-5-35	4243000	7306000
Receipts yesterday 23-5-35	4000	2000
Exports to date 23-5-35	4275000	6827000
Stock at Ports 17-5-35	1822000	2895000
Stock at Interior Towns 17-5-35	343000	1384000
Stock at Liverpool 17-5-35	705000	1031000
Visible Supply 17-5-35	4496000	6411000
Quantity in sight 17-5-35	7676000	11500000
Quantity out of sight 17-5-35	8498000	11642000

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, May 24.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-14-1

S. S. Subedar Rs. 4-8.

Shipment April Rs. 4-8-6.

Shipment May Rs. 4-5-3.

Shipment June Rs. 4-4-3.

Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-4-6.

Shipment Oct-Dec. Rs. 4-4-9.

Saraya Rs. 14-2-6.

Harinagar Rs. 14-1.

Java Spot Fs.00.

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT

Paddy And Rice

Paddy. Rangoon. The Market continues very steady at last week's quotations:—Boat and Rail Rs. 104 to Rs. 106, Meedoung Rs. 108 to Rs. 110.

For the week ending 18th May 1934 rates were Rs. 60 for Boat and Rail, Rs. 62 Meedoung.

In Akyab. The season is now closed.

In Bassein. There is no change in rates. Quotation Rs. 107 to Rs. 108.

For the week ending 18th May 1934, rate was Rs. 62.

In Moulmein. The season is practically over and quotations are unchanged at Rs. 112 Koukgyee, Rs. 105 Shangalay, Rs. 97 Yahine.

For the week ending 18th May 1934, rates were Rs. 95/100 Koukgyee, Rs. 60/70 Shangalay according to quality and Rs. 55/60 Yahine.

Rice. The market was closed on the 16th instant for the Full Moon of Kason.

There is nothing of any interest to report, the market continues in a comatose condition, rates fluctuating by perhaps one rupee. Except for purchases of Nagatsein S. Q. by Japan shippers no interest is shown and speculators appear to have the line that it is best to do nothing.

Indian markets continue disappointing and Europe shippers are doing nothing, whilst Cuba shippers have been in the market for small lots.

The export figure from Rangoon this week is well maintained, however, at 73,700 tons and it can now be said that half the crop available for export has been shipped.

Shipments to India this year total 458,263 tons against 736,012 tons last year, and whereas Southern India has taken approximately the same quantity of Boiled Rice as last year. Calcutta and Chittagong have taken only 31,704 or less than one third.

Big Millers sold: Dawobyan Rs. 267/8, Rangoon Yethalay Rs. 275 for May and Small Millers sold for May; Big Mills Specials Rs. 242/8 to Rs. 245 Small Mills Quality Rs. 256 Ngnatsein S. Q. Rs. 262/8 and Meedoung Bazaar Rs. 265 to Rs. 267/8.

Quotation in a steady market:—

May Rs. 245 for Big Mills Specials from Big Millers.

May Rs. 256 for Small Mills Special from Small Specials from Small Millers.

May Rs. 252/8 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators,

June Rs. 252 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators

July Rs. 253

Aug-Oct. Rs. 259 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators.

For the week ending 18th May 1934, rates were:—

May Rs. 149 for Big Mills Specials from Big Millers.

May Rs. 155 for Small Mills Specials Small Millers.

May Rs. 151 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators.

June Rs. 154 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators

July Rs. 158 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators.

September Rs. 164 for Small Mills Specials from Speculators.

Boiled Rice. The market has been quieter.

No. 1 Long Boiled (Sun dried) Rs. 277/8.

No. 1 Milchar (Sun dried) Rs. 277/8.

Rangoon Milchar (Steam dried) Rs. 260 to Rs. 270.

For the week ending 18th May 1934, rates were:—

No. 1 Long boiled (Sun dried) Rs. 205

No. 1 Milcher (Sun dried) Rs. 195

Rangoon Milchar (Steam dried) Rs 180 to Rs. 187/8

Brokens. Market very steady. Good enquiry for low grade brokens from Southern India Ports.

A Extra Rs. 250, 1 Rs. 240, 2 Rs. 225, 3 Rs. 215, 4 195

B 1 Rs. 225, 2 Rs. 215, 3 Rs. 205, 4 Rs. 185

C 1 Rs. 205, 2 Rs. 200, 3 Rs. 190, 4 Rs. 165.

Nos. 1 Rs 215, 2 Rs. 210, 3 Rs. 200, 4 Rs. 175.

Sughandi same prices as Ngatsein Meedoung Rs. 5 less.

For the week ending 18th May 1934, rates were:

A Extra Rs. 150, 1 Rs. 140, 2 Rs. 125, 3 Rs. 110, 4 Rs. 90

B 1 Rs. 125, 2 Rs. 117/8, 3 Rs. 105, 4 Rs. 80

C 1 Rs. 110, 2 Rs. 100, 3 Rs.80, 4 Rs. 60

Nos. 1 Rs. 120, 2 Rs. 107/8, 3 Rs. 90, 4 Rs. 70.

Sughandi Rs. 150, 1 Rs. 140, 2 Rs. 120 Meedoung Rs. 140, 1 Rs. 130, 2 Rs. 120

Rice Bran. Steady. White Rs. 60, Boiled Rs. 40.

For the week ending 18th May 1934, rates were Rs. 35 to Rs. 37/8 for White and Rs. 15 Boiled.—A. P:

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

East:—Mostly cloudy probably showers. Florida generally fair.

Central:—Partly cloudy. Possibly showers in the North.

West:—Partly cloudy.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 23

May 0.89 5/8 plus 3/8c
July 0.90 1/4 plus 1/2c
September 0.91 1/8 plus 1/2c

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, May 24.

	cwts.
Wheat	17,234
Linseed	9,721
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	171
Gingellyseed	471
Poppyseed	121
Groundnuts	10,667
Castorseeds	8,468
Rice	8,938
Myrabollams	1,036
Cottonseed	6,515
Gram	2,898
Joowar	1,349
Barley	116
Bajree	2,034
	tons.
Coal	3,253

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 24.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 May July
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Aug-Oct.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Nov-Jan.
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 July

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 272
Banks selling T T 270
Banks buying T T 267 1/4

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 561
Banks buying D D 571

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 5/8

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54 5/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/4 nominal.
Banks buying T T 77 3/4 nominal

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 165 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 113 3/4

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 90 1/2

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90 1/4

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.92 1/8 23rd inst.
Shanghai/London 1/8 1/4 24th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 24th inst.
Java/London 7.25 24th inst.
London/Paris 74.72 23rd inst.
London/Belgium 29.11 23rd inst.
London/Switzerland 15.23 1/2 23rd inst
London/Italy 59.81 23rd inst.
London/Berlin 12.23 1/2 23rd inst
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 23rd inst.
London/New York 4.92 3/8 23rd inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.28 1/4 23rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-1-11 1/2 22nd inst. £7-1-1 1/2 23rd inst.
Silver London Ready 34 11/16 22nd inst. 34 3/16 23rd inst.
Silver London Forward 34 15/16 22nd inst. 34 7/16 23rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 76 15/16 22nd inst. 76 1/4 23rd inst.
London Discounts 3 mos 9/16 p.c. 22nd inst. 9/16 p.c. 23rd inst.
London Discounts 6 mos. 5/8 p.c. 22nd inst 5/8 p.c. 23rd inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos. 2 1/2 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone: Firm

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 23.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	4
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P.	18
Electric Bond Common	7
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	48
Columbia Gas	6 1/2
American Tel. and Tel.	120
Western Union Telg.	30 1/4
Radio Corp.	6
Chesapeake and Ohio	43
New York Central	16 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	11
Erie R. R.	8
Pennsylvania R. R.	21
Union Pacific R. R.	95
Great North Pfd.	14
National Distillers	28
Hiram Walker	26
Amr. Tobacco B.	86
Canadian Pacific	11
Bethelehem Steel	27
United States Steel	34 1/4
American Smelting	46
Int. Nickel of Canada	29
Anaconda Copper Mining	17 3/4
Kennecott Copper	21
Cerro de Pasco Copper	58
International Harvester	44
Ford Motors of Canada A	27
General Motor	32
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	26
St. Oil of N. J.	50
Mid. Con. Petroleum	14
Atlantic Refining	27
Socony	15 1/4
Plymouth Oil	10
American Radiator	15
Chase Bank	21 1/4
National City Bank	20 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	350
Celanese Corp. of Amr.	24
General Foods	35
National Dairy	15
Du Pont de Nemours	100
U. S. Rubber	14

Total business 1 1/2 million.

Market a shade higher and firm. President's veto on Patman Bill sustained U. S. Steel Works operating 40 per cent. Brokers loans 39 million dollars up. Plymouth Oil has declared no dividend for 2nd quarter.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, May 23

July 2.53 plus 05
September 2.61 plus 05
December 2.69 plus 05
January 2.52 plus 04

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 23

May 61 7/8d
July 63 3/8—1/4d
October 65 5/8—1/4d
December 66 3/4—3/8d.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION
Bombay, May 24

Rates upto 5 p.m.

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 33/13; Lowest Rs. 33/12; Closing Rs. 34/1.

Castorseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 35/13; Highest Rs. 36/1; Lowest Rs. 35/11/6; Closing Rs. 35/15/6

Groundnut seeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 43/10; Highest Rs. 43/11; Closing Rs. 43/10

Groundnut seeds August delivery: Opening Rs. 44/14; Highest Rs. 45/4; Closing Rs. 45/1/6

Cottonseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 24/14; Highest Rs. 24/15; Closing Rs. 24/12

Cottonseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 25/12; Highest Rs. 25/13; Lowest Rs. 25/9; Closing Rs. 25/10

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UP BY 1 POINT

New High Level In Cross Rates

GOLD FIRM BUT SILVER QUIET

Grains Easy But Metals And Jute Steady

BOMBAY, May 24

On Friday, cross rates moved further upward touching new high levels.

BETTER TENDENCY IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton presented a better tendency after yesterday's quiescence. There was goodd support and fair business was transacted.

GOLD FIRM BUT SILVER QUIET

London gold was firm but silver was quiet.

GRAINS EASY BUT METALS STEADY

Grains ruled easy but metals were steady. Rubber and Jute ruled quietly steady.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES WEAKER

The London Stock Exchange was quiet with very small transactions. Giltedged securities were weaker on rumours of partial lifting of new issue ban.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

New York, May 24

Previous closing	11.68
To-day's opening	11.67
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	11.69
Difference	+.01

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(OCTOBER 1935)

Liverpool, May 24

Previous closing	6.20
To-day's opening	6.17
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	6.21
Difference	+.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August	Rs. 235

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, May 24

After a period of quiescence the New York cotton market to-day tried to stage a somewhat better show. Though business was restricted the undertone remained fairly active and operators tried to make good yesterday's loss to a certain extent.

The session opened trading in October at 11.67 i.e. 1 point lower than the previous closing. Later however Liverpool cables were not so encouraging and prices sagged to 11.65 but this fall was shortlived and prices gradually rose on better support and touched yesterday's closing level. After hovering around this level for some time prices spurted upto 11.71. Here the market remained stationary and fair business was transacted.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.69 with a rise of 1 point.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 24

The following were the opening ranges.

July	(12.01/12.01) 11.95/11.94
October	(11.75/11.75) 11.67/11.67
December	(11.79/11.78) 11.71/11.70

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 24

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American May	(6.61) 6.61
American July	(6.48) 6.46
Egyptian May	(8.09) 8.10
Egyptian July	(8.06) 8.08

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 24

Silver opened steady at Rs. 81/10, 81/10 and 82/6 and later declined owing to absence of buyers and liquidation caused by the end of the settlement. The decline was of about 14 annas. Prices however advanced on better London advices but closed lower at Rs. 81-2, 81-2 and 81-12 quiet but steady.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/0/6, 35/0/6 and 35/2/6 and advanced to Rs 35/2, 35/2 and 35/4 on reports that President Roosevelt's veto was carried in the senate but declined on weaker exchanges and closed at Rs. 34/14/6, 34/14/6 and 35/0/6.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 24

Broach July/August moved between Rs. 235 and Rs. 236 at night. The rate at 10-15 p.m. was Rs. 235-12 with New York futures about 2 points up.

RAID ON CONGRESSMAN'S SHOP

Police Seize Large Quantities Of Kerosine

RATNAGIRI, (By Mail).

A posse of Ratnagiri police constables, headed by Mr. Pingale, Inspector of Police, raided yesterday the shop of Mr. Jaganatha Mehta, a prominent merchant and Congressman. The police seized about 1,920 gallons of kerosene oil in tins and large [illegible]

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

London, May 24

Previous closing	4.92 5/8
To-day's opening	4.93 1/4
To-day's closing	4.95 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 24

Previous closing	4.92 5/8
To-day's opening	4.92 1/4
To-day's closing	4.94 5/8
Difference	+.02 1/4

FRANC RATE

London, May 24

Previous closing	74.72
To-day's opening	74.71
To-day's closing	75.12
Difference	+.40

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 24

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.92-1/4. Movements were upward and gradually the rate rose to 4.93-3/8.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.94 5/8.

Franc opened at 74.71 and touched 74.91 the rise reveals that despite yesterday's increase in the French bank rate the dominating factor continues to be the apprehension regarding the pending financial struggles with their possible political repercussions.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 75.12.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 24

The market closed steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	34 3/16d.	34 1/8d.
Spot	34 7 16d.	34 3/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 24

Gold per ounce (£7-1-1 1/2) £7-1-6

DISCOUNTS

London, May 24

3 months (5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, May 24

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.66) 5.65 1/2
New York on Bombay	(37.12) 37.28
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93) 0.93
London on Shanghai	(1-8 7/32) 1-8 1/4
London on Milan	(60.00) 60.06
London on Kobe	(1-2 3/32) 1-2 3/32

FIVE MEN ARRESTED IN AMBUSH

ALLAHABAD, May 24.

The smart capture was effected in the early hours of this morning, of five men alleged to have been in ambush with a view to way-laying and killing a cycle dealer on his way to the Railway Station and snatching away Rs. 1,500 which he carried for the purchase of cycles from Calcutta.

The police got scent of the gang and sent their man to mix up with them and captured them fully armed as they are said to have been prepared for murder. Some of the gang are Nepalese, one being a Fire Brigade man of Allahabad.—United Press.

Before the northern summer ends in September, Campbell Black, co-pilot with C.W.A. Scott of the Comet twin-engined monoplane which won the England-Australia speed and handicap races last October, will undertake a series of long distance flights that may establish new records over some of the world's chief present and future air routes.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 24

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with July at 63-1/4, October 65-3/4 and December 66-3/8. The market was featureless owing to lack of speculative support.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 24

Chicago wheat market opened quiet with May at 0.89-1/2. Prices declined on foreign selling and liquidation as a result of lower foreign reports.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 24

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

METALS.

Tin (£231 3/4 buyers £232 1/4 sellers. Firm) £231 1/2 buyers £231 3/4 sellers Barely steady.

Lead (£14 7/16 buyers. No sellers. Firm) £14 9/16 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£37 5/8 to £37 3/4) £37 3/4 to £38 1/4

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4

Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4

Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-11 1/4) 1-11 1/4

JUTE.

Copper May/June (£20 3/8 sellers) £20 1/4 paid and value.

Dunlop June (£22 1/2 sellers) £23

Lightning July (£20 1/2 sellers) £21

RUBBER.

Spot (6 1/16) 6 paid and buyer

Forward (6 5/16) 6 5/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay May-June (£12 3/16 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers

Linseed Calcutta May/June (£11 11/16 sellers) £11 11/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata (£9 1/2 sellers) £9 1/2 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal July (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 1/4 sellers

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 24

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 6 9
Linseed September	7 1 0

The tone was steady

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association):

Bombay, May 24

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9 a.m.	7 0 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 0 6
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7 0 9
Rates at 5-30	7 1 0
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	7 1 3
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	7 1 3
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	7 1 6

WOOL SALES

Liverpool, May 24

Despite good selection the competition was less keen.

Greasy inferior to superior lower (0-5) 0-5 1/2

Greasy inferior to superior higher (1-3 1/2) 1-4 1/2

Scoured inferior to superior lower (0-9) 0-10

Scoured inferior to superior higher (1-11) 2-1 1/2

GRIEVANCES AGAINST WADHWAN TRAMWAY CO

Inquiry Committee Appointed Sequel To Public Agitation

(From Our Correspondent).

WADHWAN, (By Mail).

The general discontent prevailing amongst the travelling public against the management of the Tramway Co., has culminated in a series of complaints to the President of the Council of Administration who with all his usual reconciliatory policy has failed in his attempts to bring both parties together.

In fact the failure of the Tramway Co., to follow the advice tendered by Rao Sahib Harilalbhai is regretted by the public, as the latter irrespective of his high position did so simply to avoid greater tension between the Tramway Co. and the public.

As matters stand, the Wadhwan Youth League has seriously taken up the question as to how the terms of monopoly are obeyed, and hence it has become a big problem that demands serious consideration.

The announcement of 20th instant that the President has appointed a Committee to guide the Tramway Co. in its operations, is hailed with great joy.

A decrease in road casualties is shown by the Ministry of Transport figures issued on Thursday For the week ended May 18th, there were 112 killed and 3,962 injured compared with 132 killed and 4,966 injured in during the week ending May 11.

Sharp Rise In Cables And Wireless Shares

HEAVY SELLING IN DOLLARS AND FRANCS

Downward Trend Renewed Despite Official Support

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 24

On the Stock Exchange, a feature in to-day's session which was otherwise quiet was a sharp rise in cable and wireless shares on the announcement of the company's offer to preference shareholders to purchase for the cancellation of 1/3 of their holdings at par, dividend arrears on the redeemed portion being cancelled. Preferreds soared to 97 1/2, A ordinary to 24 1/2, and B ordinary to 6 1/4.

In foreign exchanges the dollar and the franc were again storm centre on heavy selling calling British Control into the field which held franc at 74.93, the downward trend being renewed immediately after the withdrawal of the official support closing at 75.12.

The discount on forward francs widened to 115 centimes one month and 225 three months.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 24

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 3/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, May 16, £99

Friday, May 17, £98 1/2

Monday, May 20, £98

Tuesday, May 21, £98

Wednesday, May 22, £98 1/2

Thursday, May 23, £98

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 24

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were quiet. There was only small business owing to the preliminary arrangements for the settlement restricting business. Giltedgeds were weaker on the talk of partial lifting of the new issue ban. Industrials and oil shares were firm and fairly active.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£89 3/8) £88

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108 5/8) £107 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£114 1/4) £114 1/4

4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 1/8) £117 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loans (£106 5/8) £105 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 3/8) £116 1/8

INDUSTRIALS.

British Homestores 7 per cent Preference cumulative (27-6) 27-6

Marks and Spencer Splits share (4 7/8) 4 3/8

Hydro Electric (dol 3 7/8) dol 3 7/8

Musical Industries (27-9) 27-3

Princhin Johnson (42-7 1/2) 42-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (8-6) 8-6

Woolsworth New Ford (111-4 1/2) 110-10 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£86) £86

Dunlop Rubber (42-10 1/2) 42-10 1/2

University Ordinary (29-9) 29-9

Ford Motors (32-7 1/2) 32-7 1/2

Cables and Wireless (6 1/4) 6 1/4

British American Tobacco (123-1 1/2) 123-9

Camera A (£8) £8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (138-1 1/2) 138-1 1/2

P and O S N Company Defd. (17-4 1/2) 17-4 1/2

Distillers (93-6) 93-0

Bred and Dyers (7-3) 7-3

British Celanese (11-0) 11-6

J and P Coates Ordinary (65-6) 65-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (54-6) 55-9

Fine Cotton Spinners (5-6) 5-6

Western Limited Ordinary (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2

Inter Nickels (29 1/4) 29 1/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Govt. Securities Quiet

CALCUTTA, May 24

In sympathy with easier hessians jutes ruled easier and moderate business was put through. Coals were easier on profit taking. Teas were dull and the miscellaneous section was featureless. Government securities were quiet. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities: Three and half per cent Government Paper 94/12; four per cent loap 1960/70 107/12

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1583; Imperial conty 390 small lots; Reserve Bank 119/8. Cottons: Kesoram ordy 3/10.

Coals: Amalgamated 24/4; Bengal 282/8; Burra Dhemo 3/12; Equitable 40 small lot; Hurriladih 18/12; Mundulpoor 6/1; New Manbhoom 65/8; Pench Valley 58 small lot.

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 17/10; Anglo India 499; Auckland 235 small lot; Barnagore 169; Clive 30/6; Fort Gloster 580; Fort William 334/8; Gouripore 717; Howrah 56/8; Hukumchand ordy 13/14; India 373; Kamarhatty 564; Kamarhatty pref 130/8; Kenknarrah 502/8; Megna 36/12; National 25/6; Nuddea 63; Standard 332 ex div; Waverley ord 2/14.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 7; Bareilly Elec 14; Dacca Electric 19; Indian Iron and Steel 7/14; B I Corpn ordy 3/16 small lot; Calcutta Trams ordy 21; Indian Cables 5; India Paper pulp 174; Titaghur Paper defd 9/8; Sugars: Champaran 19/4; Raza 145 small lot; Naga Hills 17/8; Rutema 10/6.—A.P.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 24

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£89 1/2) £88 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £98

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£117) £117

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£111 1/2) £111 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-6) 18-3

Donaro Tea (42-6) 42-6

Empire of India and Ceylon (33-1 1/2) 32-6

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£114 1/2) £114

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-0) 23-0

Gula Kelampong (23-9) 23-9

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-3) 31-3

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-3) 56-3

Burma Corporation (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2

Rio Tintos (£18 7/8) £18 7/8

East Rand Proprietory (51-6) 52-0

Rand Mines (160-0) 161-3

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (46-3) 48-9

Anglo Dutch (59-4 1/2) 64-4 1/2

Burma Oil (78-1 1/2) 80-0

Mexican Eagle (5-4 1/2) 5-4 1/2

Shell Transport (72-6) 72-6

Royal Dutch (26-3/8) 25-7/8

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£49 1/4) £48 3/4

L M Ford (£17 7/8) £17 7/8

L N E R Defd (£5 7/8) £5 7/8

Southern Dutch (£23 1/2) £23 1/2

London Paris 5 per cent (£135 1/2) £136

London Board G Stock (£100 1/4) £100 1/4

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (272-6) 273-9

Goddar New (215-0) 215-0

Moddar New (80-0) 80-0

Sub Nigel (272-6) 272-6

Union Corporation (160-0) 160-0

Spring Mines Split Share (46-10 1/2) 45-7 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 24

General Motors (dol 32) dol 32

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 17 3/4) dol 17 5/8

U S Steel Common (dol 34 7/8) dol 34 3/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 88 1/4) dol

EVEREST PARTY FOR TIBET

DARJEELING, May 24

The Everest Reconnaissance Party excepting Mr. Shipton, who leaves to-morrow, proceeded to Kalimpong to-day by car 'en route' to Tibet. Porters and mules will meet the party at Kalimpong, after which all will proceed to Gangtok from where they will walk to Tibet.—A.P.

RAWATVALA STATE TO BE RENAMED BILKA STATE

The fragmentation of Bilka city, which had hitherto been shared by more talukdars than one in common with the similarly sub-divided Jetpur city, has been abolished as the result of exchange of territories among the talukdars concerned.

Durbar Shree Rawatvala Saheb has in consequence become sole master of Bilka, and his territory shall henceforward be named after the capital city and is to be called Bilka State instead of Rawatvala State as heretofore.—A.P.

The Railway Standing Finance Committee meets at Bangalore on July 4 and 5 to consider rolling stock programme.

Decline In Bombay's Foreign Trade

Sequel To Smaller Shipments Of Gold And Indian Produce

The total value of the foreign trade of Bombay—imports and exports—for the month of April 1935 was Rs. 9.8 crores, showing a decrease of Rs. 4.08 crores, or 31 per cent as compared with the figures for April 1934 and of Rs. 2.58 crores, or 22 per cent as compared with the figures for April 1933. The decrease of 4.08 is entirely due to smaller shipments of gold and of Indian produce. Imports of merchandise and silver, exports of silver and re-exports of foreign merchandise however increased.

Imports of merchandise amounted to Rs. 4.89 crores, showing an improvement of Rs. 35.9 lakhs, or nearly 8 per cent and of Rs. 70.97 lakhs, or 17 per cent over figures for April 1934 and April 1933 respectively. The improvement of Rs. 35.9 lakhs is brought about by larger arrivals of cotton raw (+6181 tons and plus Rs. 57.27 lakhs). Kerosene oil (+ over 3 3/4 million gallons and + Rs. 14.03 lakhs) sugar (+3236 tons and +4.15 lakhs), cotton twist and yarn (+nearly 1/14 million lbs. and Rs. 2.9 lakhs) and motor cars etc. (+ Rs. 2.17 lakhs) inspite of the noticeable decline in the imports of machinery and mill work (—Rs. 10.93 lakhs), silk raw and manufactures (—Rs. 8.91 lakhs), alizarine and aniline dyes (—Rs. 6.09 lakhs) metal and ores (—Rs. 5.64 lakhs), cotton piecegoods-coloured (—over 1 1/4 million yards and —Rs. 5.49 lakhs) and Grey (—nearly 1¼ million yards and —Rs. 3.21 lakhs) and hardware etc., and precious stones and pear's unset (—Rs. 2.11 lakhs each). Imports of gold amounted to Rs. 2.15 lakhs as against 4.45 lakhs and 3.97 lakhs and those of silver to Rs. 12.32 lakhs against Rs. 1.51 lakhs and Rs. 1.07 lakhs respectively.

IMPORT DUTY COLLECTIONS

The total collections of import duty amounted to Rs. 1,24,58,484 (of which Rs. 12,57,859 represented duty on articles of luxury) as against Rs. 1,09,99,945 in April 1934 and Rs. 1,43,13,683 in March 1935.

Exports of Indian products amounted to Rs. 2.5 crores, showing a fall of Rs. 69.94 lakhs or nearly 22 per cent from the figures for April 1934 and of Rs. 25.15 lakhs or 9 per cent from those for April 1933. The fall of Rs. 69.94 lakhs is chiefly due to smaller shipments of cotton raw (—4199 tons and —Rs. 36.49 lakhs), seeds (24,786 tons and —Rs. 28.02 lakhs), grain pulse and flour (—3109 tons and —Rs. 3.07 lakhs) and myrabalans (—3.07 lakhs). Shipments of cotton manufacturers on the other hand increased by Rs. 2.9 lakhs. Exports of gold amounted to Rs. 1.03 crores as against Rs. 5.24 crores and Rs. 4.54 crores and those of silver to Rs. 33.89 lakhs against Rs. 1,490 and Rs. 5.942 only respectively.

Re-exports of foreign merchandise amounted to Rs. 18,54 lakhs as against Rs. 14.62 lakhs in April 1934 and Rs. 14.28 lakhs in April 1933.—A.P.

Mr. Chaturbhai N. Patel, M.L.C., was elected Vice-President of the Kaira District Local Board by 16 votes against 11 votes at a special meeting of the newly-constituted board held on Thursday in the Patel Hall, under the presidentship of Darbar Gopaldas A. Desai, president of the Kaira District Local Board.

BEFORE PROCEEDING TO CONTINENT!

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When Gandhiji Offered "Respectful Co-operation"

Glimpses Into Official Report Of Bihar And Orissa For 1933-34

RANCHI (By Mail.)

"During the first nine months there is little of interest to record; during the last three, the earthquake completely dominated the scene and every other question sank into insignificance in the face of the gigantic problems of relief and reconstruction."

In these words "Bihar and Orissa in 1933-34," the official annual report, reviews the general events in the province during the period.

"As soon as the magnitude of the calamity," adds "the Report" was apparent, there was a truce from politics and activities designed to embarrass the Government and a general disposition to co-operate in relieving the distress in the stricken areas. Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Provincial Congress leader, who had just been released from jail, was appointed President of the Bihar Central Relief Committee and on the 22nd January he wrote to the local Government offering to assist and co-operate with other organisations, official and non-official, working for relief. This offer was welcomed by Government in the same spirit and was the prelude to a considerable improvement in political feeling in the province. Throughout the relief operations leading men of all shades of opinion worked harmoniously with the Government and each other. Within the province there was little disposition to make political capital out of the enormous difficulties with which the local Government was faced. Outside the province the same good sense and helpful attitude was not always displayed, but unfounded allegations against the local Government met with no response among the public of the province.

GANDHIJI IN BIHAR.

Gandhiji meanwhile was pursuing the anti-untouchability campaign in Madras. He amazed intellectual opinion in India by a pronouncement that the earthquake was a visitation on Bihar for the sin of untouchability. Apparently after some hesitation he decided to cancel his tours in Bengal and Orissa and came to Bihar in the middle of March. While in the province, Gandhiji avoided political and controversial subjects and devoted his attention to work connected with the earthquake and the Harijans. He presided over a meeting of the All-India Board appointed to deal with the Bihar Central Relief Fund, at which a number of resolutions were passed including one in which "respectful co-operation" was offered to Government in the work of relief.—A. P.

POONA SEVA SADAN SOCIETY

The third conference of the workers, helpers and sympathisers of the Seva Sadan Society was held at Poona on the 18th inst. H. H. the Rani Saheb of Sangli, President of the Society, is seen in the centre of the row seated on chairs. Mr G. K. Deodhar, General Secretary of the Society, is sixth from left of the same row.

HEADMASTERS AT LAW

Sequel To Alleged Assault On Boys Of Rival Schools

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, May 24.

Before the First Class Magistrate of Bhiwandi two criminal complaints have been filed, one by the authorities of the Government Central Urdu School against the Head Master, two members of the Committee and 11 students of the Anglo-Urdu High School at Bhiwandi on charges of trespass, assault or wrongful restraint, and the other by the authorities of the Anglo-Urdu High School against the Headmaster and the peon of the Government Central Urdu School on charges of insult and intimidation.

It appears that on March 12 last, some students of the Anglo-Urdu High School went to the compound of the Government School and proposed to arrange a game of "Hu-tu-tu" between the boys of the two schools. On the following day the former complained to their headmaster that the peon of the Government school abused them. Thereupon the headmaster is alleged to have gone with two members of the Committee and about 40 students to the Government School and assaulted the peon.

REORGANISATION OF I. M. S.

Proposal To Take "Reserve" On Civil Side

SIMLA, May 23.

The question of the reorganisation of the I.M.S. will be shortly decided.

It will be recalled that Mr. Ogilvie was appointed on special duty in the Army Department to prepare a scheme. The Ogilvie scheme has now undergone examination and the proposed reorganisation may result in the reduction of the number of the I.M.S. who are at present employed on the civil side but not materially. The principle already enunciated by the Secretary of State enjoins the employment of European medical officials to serve European Civil Servants.

It is held in official quarters that the economic way of meeting this obligation is to continue to employ on the civil side—thereby relieving the army expenditure of the unnecessary charge—the I.M.S. (Reserve), which however, is necessary for maintaining the war reserve.—A.P.

JAP QUEST FOR FOREIGN MARKETS

Mr. Fakaue On Possibilities Of Pushing Trade Of Motor Tyres

BOMBAY, May 24.

One of the notable personalities that left India by the "Conte Rosso" which left Bombay on Saturday, was Mr. T. Fakaue, one of the Directors of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha of Moji (Japan), one of the largest business firms in the world.

Mr. Fukaue is just now engaged with the mission of finding a new market for Japan's rubber manufactures like motor tyres and canvas shoes, and will be visiting a number of countries like Persia, Iraq, Egypt and several other European countries.

Mr. Fukaue arrived in Bombay on the 10th of May, and during his stay here, he summoned the representatives of his firm at Karachi, Calcutta, Madras and other centres and discussed with them the possibilities of pushing the trade of Japanese motor tyres and canvas shoes into Indian market.

Mr. Fukaue left for Port Said yesterday and from there he will proceed to Egypt, Iraq and other countries.—United Press.

MARKET BILL SENSATION

Members Stage Walk-Out In Sangli Assembly As Protest

SANGLI, (By Mail).

In the Sangli state assembly this afternoon a rather sensational walk out was staged by the Merchants' representative and the City representative who one after the other left the House saying that as their amendments to the Market Bill, which was then in its second hearing, were not being accepted, there was no point to their staying there.—A. P.

MILITARY TRAINING FOR HINDUS

Sir G. B. Pradhan To Be President Of Education Society

SITE CHOSEN FOR ACADEMY AT NASIK

NAGPUR, May 24.

It is understood that the final site chosen for the Hindu Military Academy is Nasik, because of its central position, salubrious climate and religious importance.

Dr. Moonji who has just returned from his tour of Baroda has informed the Associated Press that the work of organising the Central Hindu Military Education Society and its Military School is progressing satisfactorily and donations are being received.

Sir Govindrao Pradhan, an ex-Minister of the Bombay Government has consented to be the president of the Society.

Arrangements are now in progress for imparting military training to the boys. In this connection, Dr. Moonji is in communication with His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, who, it is learnt, has assured Dr. Moonji of every possible assistance he can render in the matter. His Excellency has accepted Dr. Moonji's request and promised to train one of the teachers of the Military School as a Drill Sergeant and Master of Physical Training by attaching him to a training battalion in the Army.—A.P.

POONA ELECTION DISPUTE

Witness On Adverse Effect Of Remarks In Pamphlet

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, May 22.

At the resumed hearing of the election petition of Mr. Husseinbhoy Laljee against Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer, before Patkar Commission yesterday, after Mr. Velinkar had finished his opening speech on the allegations of malpractices in the election, Mr. Besil Allan Debois, D. S. P. of East Khandesh District tendered evidence. He deposed of Mr. Husseinbhoy's having complained to him of some pamphlet issued from a Bhusawal press.

Messrs. V. S. Kulkarni and G. A. Bhagwat, two press proprietors one from Faizpur and other from Bhusawal were then examined. Abdul Razak, Secretary, Railway Men's Union at Bhusawal, was the next witness. He deposed that Ahmed Shet, i.e. respondent No. 1 had told him before election time that Husseinbhoy had deposed in a statement before Bombay High Court that he did not believe in Quoran.

At to-day's hearing of the case the cross-examination of Razak was completed. Mr. Abdul Latif Shaik Hussein, who was the next witness, deposed that the pamphlet issued saying Husseinbhoy did not believe in Quoran had an adverse effect on the election prospects of Husseinbhoy.

Dacoit Leader Arrested

MOGA, May 22.

A large number of desperate dacoits and murderers escaped from the Faridkot State Jail last year taking away with them muskets and munitions belonging to the State. Most of them were rounded up from time to time. Exactly after full one year from the date of their escape, one of the few who were at large and the ring-leader of the gang was chased by the Moga police and arrested yesterday. There was a reward offered for his arrest. The name of the dacoit who has been arrested is Inder Singh.—United Press.

CUTTACK, May 20.

The Rajkumar of Kanika, on the eve of his departure for Europe, having resigned the office of chairman of the Cuttack District Board, the Raja of Madhupur has been elected to succeed him. The Rajkumar will be away from India for about six months.

MAHATMA'S VISIT TO BORSAD DIST.

Final Programme Fixed

The final programme of Mahatma Gandhi's visit to Borsad District is as under:—

SATURDAY (25th May): (1) Public meeting at 8 a.m. at Dedarda. (2) Public meeting at 5 p.m. at Anklav.

SUNDAY (26th May): (1) Public meeting at 8 a.m. at Bochasan. (2) Halt at Dabhashi for 5 minutes, via Pandoli. (3) Public meeting at 5 p.m. at Pandoli.

C. P. MUSLIMS' MEMORANDUM TO VICEROY

Representation On Judiciary And Executive Urged

(From A Correspondent.)

BURHANPUR (C.P.), May 22.

A memorandum has recently been addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy by some of the leading Mussalmans of Burhanpur, C.P. regarding the appointment of Home Member and a Judge of the High Court in C.P.

In the course of the memorandum it is stated that the claims of the Mussalmans of C.P. have so far been neglected by the Government in matters of such important appointments.

The memorandum recalls the fact that for the past 15 years, practically no Mussalman has been appointed to serve on the Executive Council, and that Mussalmans in C.P. have been totally excluded from the Judiciary for many years fast

The memorandum therefore urges on the Government that a Mussalman should be appointed as Home Member when the next vacancy arises; and that the post of a Judge of the High Court which is shortly coming into existence in place of the present Court of the Judicial Commissioner, should be filled by a Mussalman.

NAGPUR PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE

NAGPUR, May, 23.

The Central Provinces Marathi Provincial Congress Committee will in future be known as the "Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee."

That was the decision arrived at by the Working Committee of the Congress at their meeting held at Jubbulpore on April 25 last, when they accepted the suggestion to make this alteration in name.—A. P.

"MANGALORE CONFERENCE REPRESENTATIVE"

Deshpande's Reflections Unfortunate, Says Karnataka Editor

MADRAS, May 22.

Mr. Hanumantharao Moharay, Editor of "Samyukta Karnataka" and a prominent Congressman, who is now in Madras, has issued the following statement in regard to the political Conference recently held at Mangalore:—

"The resolution passed at the Conference are, no doubt, strongly worded and a little ahead of the times. But it would be unfair to question the representative character of the Conference, simply because a few prominent individuals did not attend owing to private and personal reasons. The differences of opinion in the country are also reflected in the Conference. No one need be afraid of such differences.

MANY CONGRESSMEN THINK SO.

"Mr. Gangadhar Rao Deshpande's reflections on the Conference are unfortunate, and they are more inopportune than the resolutions of the Conference, if at all the latter are inopportune. Without any fear of contradiction, I can say this view is shared by many Congress workers in Karnataka."—United Press.

A Bangalore message says it is reported that the dead bodies of a woman and two girls tied together were found floating in the Cauvery near the Seringapatam bathing ghat.

ACTING UP TO MAHATMA'S ADVICE

Rural Uplift Conference To Be Held At Banda Bahadur Garh

JULLUNDUR, May 22.

Brisk preparations are being made in connection with a rural uplift conference to be held at Banda Bahadur Garh, under the auspices of the Doaba Central Federation, with a view to discuss measures for the amelioration of social, economic and hygienic condition of the rural masses, on the lines suggested by Mahatma Gandhi.

Leaders from all parts of the country are being invited. The exact dates of the conference will be announced later.—United Press.

BRITISH EXPERTS FOR INCOME-TAX INQUIRY

NAGPUR, May, 23.

The Delhi correspondent of the "Hitawada," Nagpur, understands that two British Experts from the Inland Board of Revenue, of which Sir James Grigg was the former President will shortly be appointed to enquire into the income-tax system in this country.

It is further stated that Khan Bahadur Wacha, Commissioner of Income Tax, Bombay, will assist these experts.—United Press.

A. I. YOUNGMEN'S JAIN CONFERENCE

NADIAD, (By Mail).

Seth Kasturbhai Amarchand of Cambay has been elected president of the forthcoming third session of the All-India Youngmen's Jain Society Sammelan to be held in Bombay on June 1-3 to take stock of the present requirements of the community and to concert measures for protecting against its religious conventions.—A. P.

SOCIALIST PROGRAMME

Issues Raised In Sampurnanand's Circular Must Be Clarified, Says Jairamdas

KARACHI, (By Mail).

Interviewed on the subject of the likelihood or otherwise of Congress accepting office in the reformed constitution, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram said:

"It is too early for the Congress to determine its policy with regard to the acceptance or non-acceptance of office under the new constitution. There will be plenty of time at and after the next session of the Congress to lay down Congress policy and organise the electorate for any decision the Congress may arrive at at the annual session in February or March, 1936.

"The experience of the last Assembly elections shows that the Congress could organise the electorate in less than two months. I feel that not much longer period will be necessary to organise them for any action the Congress may consider it desirable in the light of circumstances which may then exist.

CONGRESS AND SOCIALISTS.

Referring to the question of Congress and the Socialists, Mr. Jairamdas stated, "The circular issued by Sjt Sampurnanand on behalf of the Congress Socialist party raises issues which are yet to be settled in the interests of harmonious work in the country, by the more progressive forces, unless clarification of the issues shows that the Congress Socialist Party is really moving towards a goal different from that of the Congress and its methods of work and programme are fundamentally different from those of the Congress."—A.P.

PROPAGANDA FOR INDIA ABROAD

Pt. Malaviya To Undertake Sea Voyage As Soon As Health Permits

BENARES, (By Mail)

Despite weak health Pandit Malaviya spends major portion of the day in attending University affairs. The thought of the Country and the University is vexing him. He is always meditating about them. He has not uptil now given up the idea of proceeding abroad to do something for the country. In spite of serious oppositions from family members, friends and relatives, he still persists to undertake the sea voyage as soon as health permits him. Though very weak, yet he appears cheerful.—United Press.

MALAVIYA BETTER

BENARES, May 24.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has improved in condition but he has not yet got back his normal health and active habits. Consequently, in accordance with medical advice his intended visit to England has been put aside for the present.—

Ottama's Programme.

Rev. Ottama, President, Hindu Mahasabha, has arrived at Benares after attending the Buddhist celebrations at Khusinagar, Gorakhpur. After a short stay at Benares he intends to proceed to Gaya and visit Patna and also tour Bihar with the object of preaching social reforms.—A. P.

COST OF INDORE AERODROME

INDORE, May 24.

In the light of Commander Watt's report regarding the Bijasani Area Aerodrome which is proposed to be constructed by the Holkar Government, the first stage alone would now cost Rs. 2,20,000, as against the original estimate of Rs. 1,80,000.

The report is receiving the careful consideration of the Holkar Government, and it is expected that the work of getting the aerodrome ready will be put in hand soon.—United Press.

The Rajshahi District Board has decided to present an address of welcome to His Excellency Sir John Anderson, Governor of Bengal, on the occasion of his first official visit to Rajshahi.

SURAT SOCIETY'S STORE ROOM RAIDED

Manager Arrested

AHMEDABAD, May 24.

A Surat message states that the police, raiding the store room of the Co-operative Cotton Ginning Pressing Society in connection with a theft, discovered in place of the stolen property and seized 77 live cartridges. The Manager, Mr. Rambhai Nathabhai was thereupon arrested.—A. P.

SENAPATI BAPAT'S COUSIN SUCCUMBS

Sequel To Scuffle In Armed Dacoity In Nagar Village

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, May 23.

News comes from Ahmednagar of a horrible dacoity committed in a Ganesh temple near the taluq place of Parner in Nagar district.

It appears that dacoits who are reported to have been armed, attacked the place on the night of the 20th instant. The managers of the temple are some near relatives of Senapati (Mr. P. M.) Bapat who is now serving his sentence in the Ratnagiri jail in connection with the Civil Disobedience movement. The dacoits were offered a stout opposition by some of the members of the manager's family.

BAPAT'S COUSIN SUCCUMBS

In a scuffle that ensued one of the members of the manager's family, a cousin of Senapati Bapat was badly injured. He was later removed to Ahmednagar civil hospital where he succumbed to the injuries.

The dacoits made good their escape with some booty.

IMPROVEMENT IN SASTRI'S HEALTH

BOMBAY, May 24.

Letters received by the friends in Bombay of Mr. Srinivas Sastry from Tiruppur indicate that there is decided improvement in the condition of Mr. Sastri since his return homeward from Poona and he hopes that he will soon be restored to his normal health.—United Press.

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